BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

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The Bombay Chronicle

B. S. A.
Perfect in every part Cycle.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XI NO. 299 BOMBAY FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1923. TWO ANNAS.

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing manuscripts correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 9 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily Edition.

	Local.	Mofussil
Yearly	Rs. 30	Rs. 35
Half-Yearly ...	,, 16	,, 18
Quarterly	,, 8	,, 9
Monthly	,, 3	,, 3-8

Single Copy Two Annas.

Sunday Edition.

..... Rs. 5 Rs. 6

STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

OPENING SHORTLY
THE DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING CO.
BRANCH AT SHAIK MEMON STREET
Opp. Jumma Musjid.
Head office: Hamam Street, Fort.
Branches Thakordwar and Opp. Jumma Musjid.

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN:—
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi via Malabar.
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3. Calcutta and Karachi via coast ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta according to demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:
Messrs. NARUTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. and O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamer.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
22nd Dec.	KASHMIR		8,963
29th ,,	DONGOLA	MONGOLIA	16,385
5th Jan.	MANTUA §		10,902
12th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND x		7,430
19th ,,	PLASSY		7,922
26th ,,	DONGOLA	NARKUNDA *	16,227
2nd Feb.	DELTA		8,097
9th ,,	MACEDONIA x		7,089
16th ,,	MALWA §		10,041
23rd ,,	DONGOLA	MOLDAVIA *	16,377
1st March	MANTUA		10,902
8th ,,	MOREA x		10,911
15th ,,	CALEDONIA		7,822
22nd ,,	DONGOLA ‡	MOOLTAN ‡	20,700
29th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
5th April	NALDERA x		15,903
9th ,,	DEVANHA	Extra Steamer	8,402
12th ,,	MALWA		10,941
19th ,,	DONGOLA	MALOJA *	20,700
26th ,,	MACEDONIA		11,089
3rd May	PLASSY	CHINA x	7,952
10th ,,	MANTUA		10,902
17th ,,	DONGOLA	MONGOLIA *	16,389
24th ,,	CALEDONIA		7,822
31st ,,	PLASSY	NARKUNDA*	16,227

* Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
§ Terminates voyage at Marseilles.
‡ Does not convey passengers from India.
x Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth

Date about	Steamer	Tons
28th Dec. ..	MATIANA	8,968
11th Jan. ..	DUMALA	8,441
25th ,, ..	MASHOBRA	8,324
8th Feb. ..	DALGOMA *	6,800
22nd ,, ..	MORVADA	8,192
7th March ..	MANDALA	8,246
21st ,, ..	DUMANA	8,600
4th April ..	MANELA	8,768
18th ,, ..	MATIANA	8,968
2nd May ..	DUMALA	8,441
16th ,, ..	MASHOBRA	8,324

* Cargo vessel only will not convey passengers.

P. & O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI

28th Dec.	MOREA	10,911
18th Jan.	SOUDAN*	6,696
25th ,,	NALDERA	15,903
22nd Feb.	CHINA	7,952
18th March	SOUDAN*	6,696
24th April	SICILIA*	6,813

* Proceeds as far as Shanghai only.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
TO AFRICA KARACHI PERSIAN GULF.
TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND RANGOON.

Date about	Steamers.	Destination.
21st Dec.	Varela ..	Buarch via K'chi
22nd ,,	Chakla ..	Karachi via K'war
24th ,,	Vita ..	Karachi via K'war
26th ,,	Karoa ..	East & S. Africa.
27th ,,	Barjora ..	Buarch via K'chi & P Gulf Ports
29th ,,	Colaba ..	Colombo Madras & Calcutta.
30th ,,	Gairsoppa ..	Tuticorin, Colombo and Rangoon.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co.,
Nicol Road, Ferz, Bombay
P.O. Box 122

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS MARINE LIMITED
AND
B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
15, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. P. O. Box 123.
Telephone No. 1230

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
REGULAR SERVICE to JAPAN via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, and SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander	Tons	Arrival	Departures.
Hakodate Maru	T. Okubora	5303	28 Nov	21 Dec.
Wakasa Maru	K. Horiker a	6083	16 Dec.	2 Jan.
Baron Cawdor	T. Ballilo	5864	19 Dec.	30th Dec.
Lima Maru	J. Koshikawa	7250	28 Dec.	17 Jan.
Penang Maru	H. Habaki	5214	3 Jan	17 Jan.

REVISED PASSAGE FARES

For	1st Class	2nd Class	European Steerage	3rd Class with food	3rd Class without food
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Singapore	330	210	158	105	84
Hongkong	480	270	208	135	108
Shanghai	540	320	240	160	128
Kobe	610	380	285	190	152

For revised passage tariff apply to:—
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay,
Telephone No. 279. Telegrams "YUSEN"

INSURANCE.

THE ASIAN COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE CO.
INDIAN CONCERN WITH INDIAN CAPITAL.
ATTRACTIVE PLANS.
TABLE A-1 A SPECIALITY.
Speedy settlement of claims.
AGENTS WANTED.
For particulars apply to:—
THE SECRETARIES.
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Ballard Estate. Fort, Bombay.

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE Co., D..
Total Assets exceed Rs. 2,10,00,000
Annual Income exceeds Rs. 30,00,000
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Low Premiums. Liberal Conditions
World-wid Policies.
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NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.
BANKERS.
NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL-MAATSCHAPPY.
Incorporated in Holland.
ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1824
Fully paid up Capital F80,000,000 £8,666,666
Reserve Funds F42,429,181 £3,535,765
HEAD OFFICE AT AMSTERDAM
(Holland).
Agencies at ROTTERDAM and THE HAGUE
HEAD AGENCY AT BATAVIA.
BRANCHES.
DUTCH EAST INDIES:

Semarang	Djember	Pekalongan
Sourabaya	Djocja	Pontianak
Medan	Kota Radja	Solo
Bandjermasin	Macassar	Tegal
Bandoeng	Padang	Tjilatjap
Cheribon	Palembang	Weltevreden

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.—Singapore, Penang.
BRITISH INDIA.—Calcutta, Bombay, Rangoon.
JAPAN:—Kobe.
CHINA:—Shanghai, Hongkong.
LONDON BANKERS.—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Ltd.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance up to Rs. 1,00,000—If the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10 no interest will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT DRAFTS issued on the above Agencies, the Principal Continental places, South Africa America and Australia.
Every description of Banking, Exchange and Bullion business transacted.
BOMBAY OFFICE—82, ESPLANADE ROAD.
L. J. S. VAN LEEUWEN,
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THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Incorporated in India, 1907.
MARTIN & CO.
Managing Agents.
Insure under an Endowment Policy
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums.—The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs, if death occurs earlier.

NO VEXATIOUS CONDITIONS A SIMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT.

For all particulars and forms apply to—
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HEAD OFFICE: 5/7, Clive St. CALCUTTA.
OR C. N. MADHAVA ROW, BRANCH SECRETARY, EXAMINER PRESS BUILDING MEDOWS STREET FORT BOMBAY
M. S. HOOSAIN, Secretary, Hyderabad, Deccan.

AMICHAND GOVANJI
THE OLDEST AND MOST POPULAR CONFECTIONER'S DEPOT IN INDIA.
ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY AGO.
Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 676
This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificates:—
Vegetarian Federal Union,
36, Farringdon Street, E. C.
We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his confectionery.
(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.
LADWAS (sweet balls) of various description and sizes.
SUTTERFENNY (a fluid of threadlike round cake) sweetened and fragrant.
HALWAS of different descriptions such as (a) Mahim Halva or (Viv). (b) Saffron Halva with almonds. (c) Gunny Halva. (d) Rose-scented Halva. (e Venila Halva (f) Muskati Halva. (g) Ice Cream Halva. (h) Orange Halva.
All orders executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.
No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot, bearing our signboard and bearing a printed label on the wrappers ... well.
No V. P. P. will receive our attention.
The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

150
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PAGE BOOK
'KAMA SHASTRA,'
a guide to health, wealth and prosperity is supplied
GRATIS AND POST FREE
on application to:—
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy.
P. O. JAMNAGAR,
Dist. (Kathiawar.)

Dr. D. Writer & Co.
Have always in stock sugar-coated "Tikli" Brand tablets of Quinine Bisulph. Purgative vegetable Laxative and plain Tikli as Soda-Mint-Aspirin, Anti-malarial Soda water and Lemonade.
Can be had from respectable Chemists and the Manufacturer
Dr D. Writer & Co
Corner Grant Road, BOMBAY, No. 7.
A.

INSURANCE.

Young Man!
The first years of your life must make provision for the last. Our Endowment Policy which also protects your dependents—is simple, systematic and practical.
Write us about it just now:—
THE MANUFACTURERS LIFE INSURANCE Co.,
Offices:—49-51, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay.
M. KANJI & Co.
General Agents.

The Bengal Insurance And Real Property Co., Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE:—12, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.
BOMBAY OFFICE:—46, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
C. I. OFFICE:—17, Sikh Mohalla, INDORE, C. I.
A PROGRESSIVE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The only Company to provide houses for its Policy-holders under its Housing Scheme.
ALL UP-TO-DATE LIFE INSURANCE PLANS.
GUARANTEED BONUS.
AUTOMATIC NON-FORFEITURE.
PERSONAL DISABILITY ADVANTAGES.
LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUES.
Investment Bonds a specialty
WANTED.—AGENTS for every district head-quarter in Bombay Presidency or C. I. and Rajputana. Good terms offered to really capable men.
APPLY TO RESPECTIVE BRANCH OFFICES.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT CO. LTD.
ESTABLISHED:—1910.
Dividend declared 1921 .. .. 20%
Dividend declared 1922 .. .. 30%
Dividend declared previous years—15—20%
The Safest office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1/ or /8/ per month. Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to the SECRETARY, 19 Grey Street, CALCUTTA.

FOR PRINCES AND RICH MEN ONLY.
ROYAL YAKUTI.
This Yakuti or life-giving nectar has been prepared from the best, choicest and richest vegetable drugs. This valuable medicine is used in large quantities not only by our Rajas, Maharajahs, Nawabs, and many of the nobility, aristocracy and gentry in this country, but it is greatly patronized by people in all countries of Europe, America, Asia and Africa. It is needless to expatiate upon the magical qualities of this our invaluable medicine. We recommend it especially to those persons who desire to tone the nervous system, to strengthen the body, refresh the memory and to guard against debility. Suffice it to say that the use of this medicine is recommended to those who have any faith in the Ayurvedic medicines. It works like a charm and the effect is lasting. It replaces lost power and rejuvenates the emaciated and it is enough to say that musk is not that which a perfumer admires. It is that which diffuses fragrance of its own accord. Price per tin, containing 40 pills Rupees Ten only. Dr. KALIDAS MOTIRAM, Rajkot (Kathiawar), India.

J. V. Navlakhi & Co.
KANTA BUILDING,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.
Stationery, Drawing and Painting Materials:
Engineering and Surveying Instruments, etc.
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS.
Price List on Application.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

FIRST 20 WORDS—ONE RUPEE.
Every additional word—One Anna.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "apply Box No. ..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number .....Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A NURSERY GOVERNESS for a boy 4½ years old. Salubrious climate. Apply with references and photograph to Box No. 9936, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R9263

WANTED—A GRADUATE in GEOLOGY, M.Sc. preferred on Rs. 150 T. A. according to State rules. Apply to DEWAN, Malhar State, C. I.
A 18416

WANTED—MOTOR-DRIVER, who can drive all cars and who has mechanical knowledge. Apply sharp with testimonials personally to MEGHJI VALABHDAS, Vallabh Bag, Ghatkoper.
A R9291

WANTED—A WEAVING MASTER for a known Mill in Bombay. Only experts need apply with copies of testimonials stating salary to Box No. 9934 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 18415

WANTED—CHIEF AGENTS, AGENTS and CANVASSERS for an Insurance Company, on pay, commission or both according to guarantee of business. Apply to SECRETARIES, ALL INDIA UNITED INSURANCE CO. LTD., 72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
A 18237

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—OFFICE ROOMS at Narsinha Mansions, Cruise Road. Apply or see personally MANAGER, Bombay Swadeshi Stores.
C R9273

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in the "Sunday Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, and scientific interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for at usual rates.

All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
Sunday Chronicle.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

MRS. E. WINDUS VALUABLE FURNITURE, etc., of 2 dining 2 drawing and 6 bed rooms will be sold by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 23rd and MONDAY, the 24th December each day at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Thoburn House, Apollo Bunder, opposite the Taj Mahal Hotel by BENNETT & CO. See Auction advertisement.
T R9281

PROFESSION

PILES and FISTULA—Guaranteed radical cure. No operation. No pain and no troubles. All disorders stopped in a very short time. Trial solicited. NILESHWAR SHIVARAO, Specialist in Piles and Fistula, No. 4, Raote Building, Girgaon, Bombay. Attendance 7 to 9-30 a.m. Evening 7 to 8 p.m.
R9092

HOTELS.

MONTE CARLO
HOTEL WINDSOR
FIRST CLASS ENGLISH HOTEL
CENTRAL HEATING.
Hot and Cold Running Water in every Room.
GAILLARD & FAU.

HOTEL LOTTI
AN ARISTOCRATIC HOTEL
PARIS—Rue de Castiglione
PARIS
Adresse Telegraphique: OTELOTI

GRAND HOTEL DE NOAILLE & METROPOLE
MARSEILLE (FRANCE).
The most popular and High class Hotel of Marseilles.

ST. MORITZ.
SWITZERLAND. THE BELVEDERE.
HIGH-CLASS English Family Hotel in finest absolutely free, and sunniest situation. Inclusive terms from 12 to 24.

CALCUTTA HOTEL.
MIRZAPUR SQUARE, NORTH CALCUTTA.
IDEAL HOTEL for Indian Ladies and Gentlemen. Charges: Rs. 6, Rs. 4 and Rs. 2-8 per diem.
Telegram: "CALHOTEL."

ALLAHABAD.
CENTRAL HOTEL—Allahabad.
DOUBLE STORIED FIRST CLASS HOTEL under European Supervision, near Railway, Bright, Airy Rooms, every comfort, excellent cuisine, Electric lights and fans. Reasonable charges.
'Phone 222.

MUSSOORIE.
SAVOY HOTEL—Mussoorie.
Will open for the season 1924, from April 1st.
The most popular Hotel in the Hills.
Great Reduction in Tariff to meet the Exigencies of the Times.
CARLTON HOTEL—LUCKNOW.
(Open throughout the year.)
India's Premier and Most Up-to-date Hotel.
(Under same management.)

SPORTS.

THE NAUTILUS RACE TIPS by Capt. NEMO, professional tipster's for SATURDAY, Third Extra Meeting. 3 Winners and 3 Places only. Cent per cent. guaranteed. Apply sharp from 10-30 a.m. to 1 p.m. SATURDAY. Address 11, Rope Walk Street, next to Temple Bar, Fort.
S R9293

EDUCATIONAL.

B. COM. Degree Course of London and Cambridge Senior Exams. Arrangements for preparing for both these Courses are complete and enrolments are to close on or before 10th January. Examinations to be held in Bombay and Colombo. A limited number will be selected. Apply to DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Great Western Bldg., Apollo Street.
M R9290

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

STAMPS.—11 CHINA EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, King George, complete and unused, scarce, Rs. 7/8. IMPERIAL STAMP CO. LTD., ALLAHABAD
L 18447

MYSTERIES OF THE MOGUL COURT.—856 Pages in 8 Parts, Rs. 8 only. List Free. Apply to:—VALE OFFICE, Pondicherry.
L R9250

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE GWALIOR
SUN BRAND
PORTLAND CEMENT.

"Surpasses all the requirements of the British Standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention.

THE GWALIOR CEMENT CO., LTD.,
Navsari Buildings, Fort, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 1986.

SOMETHING MORE FOR MILL OWNERS.

9. STANDARD Healds are the Standard
10. And have been for twenty years.
11. Made at our own STANDARD works
12. World's best equipped heald works
13. Result smooth Healds for easy weaving
14. Healds are only one item of Textile ties
15. A new word meaning Textile Stores
16. Trade Mark T T T which means Taxtilities

JONES TEXTILATIES EXPORT CO., LD.,
(Late Weaving Supplies Ltd.)
Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Agents. The Sizing Materials Co.
T

HEN EGG'S HALWA—Royal Tonic food for Winter Season. A positive necessity to all. Excellent in taste and flavour. 1st class Rs. 15, 2nd class Rs. 10 per seer. Expenses extra. Price strictly in advance. NOMANI & CO., No. 27, Shah Supan Street, Darbhanga.
T 18311

PURE HENNA—We are cultivators of largest fields of Henna and supplying leaves and powders, at very moderate rates. Orders for large or small quantity solicited. THE ORIENTAL AND OCCIDENTAL CO., Fatehpuri, Delhi.
T R9283

THE IDEAL BEVERAGE FOR THE INDIAN CLIMATE—The well known Pure Munich Beer "Mathaserbrau"—at 13 per case of 2 doz. quarts or Rs. 24 per case of 4 doz. quarts F. O. R. Bombay from, GENERAL UTILITY PRODUCTS, Wine and Spirit Merchants, Imperial Chambers, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
T R8839

SPECIAL OFFER—3 suits for £2. You should not miss the opportunity of obtaining 3 suits lengths of 3 yards each of Woollen Serge in Navy, Brown, or Black, for £2 plus 5/- for postage. The cloth is guaranteed to be serviceable, strong, and of smart appearance. Money returned if not satisfied. Sent on receipt of 5/- Deposit. Balance of £2 per V.P.P. Write direct to Z ROSENTAL, Woollen Manufacturer, 42, Drewton Street, Bradford, England.
T R9282

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS:—Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and subsequent insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance, and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns, or in the classified short advertisement column.

NOTICE.

TO LET.—OFFICE ACCOMMODATION, comprising top floor of the Dunlop Rubber Co.'s new building in Naoroji Furdonji Road, Apollo Bunder. Passenger lift. Apply for particulars by letter to the DUNLOP RUBBER CO. LTD., 22A Ormiston Road, Apollo Bunder.
18449

READY WASTE FOR SALE.

COTTON and YARN WASTE of the JAM MFG. CO. LTD., is to be sold ready, the tenders of which will be accepted at the Co's Office No. 4, Dalal Street, Fort, till Friday, the 28th instant accompanied with deposit of Rs. 500.
R9264

NOTICE.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (India) LTD., Ballard Road, Bombay, invite tenders for the purchase of old scrapped 4-gallon drums and 2-gallon cans during the year 1924. Full particulars on application. Tenders must be submitted on or before January 1st 1924.

For the Asiatic Petroleum Co., (India) Ltd.
R. T. H. MACKENZIE,
Bombay Manager.
Bombay, 10th December, 1923. C18437

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 24th 25th and 26th instant, those days being Public Holidays (X'mas) under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

R. A. DON,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 15th December, 1923. C18400

REMOVAL NOTICE.

THE VACUUM OIL COMPANY begs to announce the removal of its Bombay Office to new premises on the 1st January, 1924, from which date the address will be

VACUUM OIL COMPANY,
Nicol Road Ballard Estate,
C18444 Bombay (Post Box No. 198).

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (India) Ltd., announce that they will be moving their office to their own building on the 29th December, 1923. Their address from that date will be:—

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (India) Ltd.,
St. Helen's Court,
40, Ballard Estate,
Post Box No. 193, Bombay.
18430

THE SWADESHI MATCH MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 29th December, 1923, at 2-0 p.m. (S. T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, Mohammedi House, 34-38, Jijibhai Dadabhai Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report.
(2) To elect a Director in place of Mr. Mahomedbhai Abdealiy who retires by rotation but being eligible offers himself for re-election under Art. 96 of the Articles of Association.
(3) To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.
(4) To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the Chairman.

By order of the Board of Directors,
M. MUSABHOY & SON,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 21st December, 1923.
C18443

NOTICE.

THE GOKULDAS CULLIANJI AHMEDNAGER COTTON PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FOURTH DIVIDEND of Rupees Fourteen per share will be paid on and after the 21st December, 1923, between 12-30 to 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 74-76, Bora Bazar Street, Fort, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on 20th December, 1923.

By Order of the Board,
VALLABHDAS DAYAL & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 20th December, 1923.
C18452

NOTICE.

THE INDIAN COMPANY'S ACT 1913.
IN THE MATTER OF THE SHIVRAJ SANGIT MANDLI, LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company held on the 15th December, 1923, SATURDAY, at Peerbhoy Mansions, Sandhurst Road, Bombay, the following extraordinary resolution was passed.

THE EXTRAORDINARY RESOLUTION.

As it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Shareholders that as the Company has not been working so long it cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business and that it is advisable to wind up the same, it is unanimously resolved that it should go into VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION.

It is further resolved that Mr. Venilal Trimbaklal Oza be appointed Liquidator for the purposes of winding up the Company and to distribute its assets if any.

J. K. KIRTIKAR,
Director.
Bombay, dated 20th December, 1923.
R9287

NOTICE.

THE INDIAN COMPANY'S ACT. 1913.
IN THE MATTER OF THE SHIVRAJ SANGIT MANDLI, LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of the creditors of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, the 7th January, 1924, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the afternoon, at Peerbhoy Mansions, Sandhurst Road, Bombay, at which time and place all creditors of the said Company are invited to attend.

Bombay, dated 20th December, 1923.
VENILAL T. OZA,
Liquidator.
9286

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE SUGAR MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the members, brokers and all those interested that the new constitution of the above Association has been passed in the General Meeting on 9-12-23, and according to provisions therein, the following form the Managing Committee for this year, being duly elected at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 16th and 19th instant (the latter being the adjourned meeting). Those intending to be Members will please send their application to the U/S.

1. Mr. Husein Suleman Cassum Mitha.—President.
2. Mr. Uttamlal Trikamlal.
3. Mr. Dharnidhar Sadashiv.
4. Mr. Ratanji Virpal.
5. Mr. Mahmad Karim.
6. Mr. Umar Ilias.
7. Mr. Vadilal Maganlal.
8. Mr. Husenbhai Jivanji.
9. Mr. Chunilal Manekchand.
10. Mr. Jethalal Shivram.
11. Ramchand Hargovind.

AMBALAL P. PARIKH,
Secretary.
C18453

THE RAJKUMAR MILLS, LIMITED, INDORE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company (Rajkumar Mills premises Indore) on MONDAY, the 31st December, 1923 at 2 p.m. to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st October 1923.
2. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the Current year and fix their remuneration
4. To transact any other business that may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th December, 1923 to 31st December, 1923 (both days inclusive).

By order of the Board,
Sir SARUPCHAND HUKAMCHAND & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Indore, the 26th November, 1923.
18445

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 4076 of 1923.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint presented and filed 2nd day of October, 1923.

Summons to answer Plaint under Section 27, O. V, rr. 1, 5, 7 and 8, and O. VIII, r. 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Messrs. DULERAI & CO., a firm, carrying on business at Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

KALSOOBHAI RANCHOD, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendant.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant, whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—

The Plaintiffs pray judgment against the Defendant for the sum of Rs. 10,149-14-9 with interest thereon at 9 per cent. per annum from the 21st day of October, 1922, till judgment and costs of the suit and interest on judgment at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum till payment.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 15th day of January, 1924, at quarter past eleven o'clock Standard Time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiffs and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 6th day of October, 1923.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.

The 6th day of October, 1923.
Messrs. BHAISHANKER, KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
C18442

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(ORDER 5, RULES 1 AND 5.)
Present—B. GOBIND SARUP MATHUR SAHEB.

IN THE COURT OF SMALL CAUSH COURT JUDGE, DISTRICT SAHARANPUR.
Suit No. 105 of 1923.

Sheikh Muzafar Husain, etc. ..... Plaintiff.
versus
Sardar Bishan Singh ..... Defendant.

To
Sardar Bishan Singh through Seth Ramdatta Mal and Sarabdyal, General Merchant and Commission Agent, Bai and Kada Basin Munsif's Court, Basin, District Thana, Ilaqa Bombay.

WHEREAS Plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for 262/3/3, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the day of 11th January, 1924, at 10 o'clock in the morning, to answer the claim; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence, and all the documents upon which, you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day beforementioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this day of 14th December, 1923.

B. O.,
M. N. CHAKRAVARTI,
Munsarim.
for Judge, S. C. Court.

NOTICE.

1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have a summons from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the production of any document that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court and on depositing the necessary expenses.

2. If you admit the claim, you should pay the money into Court together with costs of the suit to avoid execution of the decree, which may be against your person or property or both.

C18456

AUCTION SALE.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
Apollo Street.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST OF THE MORTGAGOR IN THE VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT TARDEO ROAD, WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Solicitors, for the Mortgagees, Messrs. Tullockchand Hakimji & Co., and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Pitamber Vallabhdas and under the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees by an Indenture of Mortgage dated 23rd December, 1920, made between the Mortgagor of the one part and the Mortgagees of the other part, Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., will sell by Public Auction on the premises TO-DAY FRIDAY, the 21st day of December 1923, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) the right, title and interest of the Mortgagor, Pitamber Vallabhdas in the undermentioned property.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement 1,690 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 357, New No. 13871 Old Survey No. 145-146 and New Survey No. 3/7623 together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward Nos. 21 and 3730 and Street No. 89 and all which premises are situate at and on the West side of Tardeo Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Lladhar Haridas and on or towards the West by the Tardeo Road aforesaid on or towards the North by the property of Mithibai Jamshedji Parekh and on or towards the South by the property of Adamji Peerbhoy.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Vachha & Co., Solicitors for the Mortgagees at their office Yusuf Building, Church Gate Street or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 21st December, 1923.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 521.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P. M. (S.T.) at 4 CARNEGY ROAD, MARINE LINES.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable and artistic household furniture by Robert, Deoji Kanji and other well-known makers, full iron framed cottage piano carpets, crockery, rich glassplated ware, etc. etc.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction to-day FRIDAY, the 21st December, 1923, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the abovementioned place, very valuable artistic furniture by Robert, Deoji Kanji and other well-known makers, sliding dining table, mirror back full size side board, dumb-waiters, dinner wagons, silver show cases, chairs, drawing room suite, Chesterfield sofas and chairs, full iron framed cottage Piono, rich carpets, English drawing room Cabinet gramophone with records, screens, glass and crockery and plated ware, bedsteads, dressing tables with mirror, almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, perambulator, roll top writing table, book cases, cane furniture, ice box, aluminium utensils, etc. etc.,

The property of Lieut.-Col. A. M. Wilson, R. A. S. C.

Furniture is on view.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 21st December, 1923.

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AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.
120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF EGYPTIAN WEFTCOPS AND MUTTON TALLOW, ETC..

On SATURDAY, the 22nd instant at 3.30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will sell by public auction at their rooms the quantity of grey and coloured piece goods etc.,

1 case about 194 lbs. 50s. Egyptian Weftcops.
About 7 cwt. mutton tallow.

At 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

1 Secondhand rubber-tyred Brougham (English).
1 Secondhand rubber tyred Victoria.
1 Secondhand rubber tyred Landaulette.
1 Strong built secondhand Tonga.
1 Arab horse.
A Bay English gelding—15 hands, 10 years old, a good Teak and Trapper Novice.
1 Kathiawady horse in saddle and harness.
1 Humber Motor Car 4 cylinders 10—12 H. P. 5 seater in good running order.

By order of Superintendent of Stables, Government House.
2 Gents' saddles and 4 bridles.

AUCTION SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE.

Under instructions from the Yokohama Specie Bank, Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on FRIDAY, the 21st Inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by public auction at Standard Building, Hornby Road, Fort next to the Yokohama Bank office furniture, belonging to Yuasa Cotton Trading Company, Ltd. and others Such as large and small writing tables, small and large cupboards, English file cabinets, iron safe glass door book cases, large and small teak wood shelves, wooden sample boxes for cotton, wall clocks, copying press, cycle, Remington Typewriter, cheque writing machine benches, Japanese calculating machine, chairs, revolving chairs, partition screen, etc. etc. Catalogues are published and the property on view.

Under instructions from G. P. Smith, Esqr. Attorney for Mrs. E. Windus and by virtue of power of sale dated the 14th October, 1923 granted to him Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SUNDAY, the 23rd and MONDAY, the 24th December, 1923, each day at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Thoburn House, Apollo Bunder opposite to the Taj Mahal Hotel very valuable and handsome made to order household furniture. rich glass, crockery and platedware, sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror sideboard and dumb waiters rich carpets table ornaments, fancy cabinets, chesterfield sofas and chairs, suite of sofas writing table, glass door book and silver show cases, one sweet tone cottage piano one gramaphone with records, perambulator single bedsteads mirror almyrahs cloth and gown presses dressing and wash hand tables dressing chest of drawers, electric lamps and fans, hat stands, ice box, meat safe, cane furniture, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF RED MULLS AND CHINTZ.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Receiver appointed in suit No. 2244 of 1919 (Padamsey vs. Gordhandas) Messrs. BENNETT & CO will to-morrow SATURDAY, the 22nd instant sell by public auction at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms.

3 Bales each 120 pieces Red Mulls 34 inches 20 yards.
5 Bales each 120 pieces Red Mulls 38 inches 20 yards.
1 Bale 120 pieces Red Mulls 41-42 inches 20 yards.
2 Bales each 100 pieces Chintz 25 yards.
1 Bale 100 pieces Red Mulls 41-42 inches 20 yards.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 21st December, 1923.

MISTRY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
8/10, Dean Lane, Fort.
Telephone 5152.

Under instructions from R. D. Harrison, Esq., Auditor B.B. & C.I. Railway, MISTRY AND CO., will sell by public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 23rd instant, at 6, Walkeshwar Road, next to Taher Mahal, Chowpatty Sea Face, made-to-order high class household dining, drawing and bed room furniture by well-known makers, such as sliding dining table, dining room chairs, side boards, dinner wagons, one complete set of Canteen cutlery in case, drawing room cabinets, Chesterfield suites, book stands, file cabinets, silver show cases, one Godrej safe on stand ornaments, hat stands, teapoys one Cabinet Gramophone, with Records, complete set of Bed room furniture, Chinaware, Brassware, Rich Electro-plated wares, one Verus Motor Cycle in perfect working order.

Sale to commence at 2-30 p.m.

Catalogue will be printed, and the property is on view.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

MEHTA & CO.
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND G.I.P. RAILWAY.
Telephone No. 1283.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO RICE MILLS. AUCTION SALE OF BHIWANDI RICE MILL'S MACHINERY AT BHIWANDI (DISTRICT THANA.)

On SATURDAY, the 29th December, 1923, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA AND CO. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at the Bhiwandi Rice Mills at Bhiwandi (District Thana, Bombay) by order of the owner the following machinery of the said factory in one or more convenient lots, such as Funnel, Vice, Six Rice Pounding Machines, 3 Elevators, 3 Sieves, 3 Brush Machineries, 2 English Wooden Polishers, 2 English Stone Polishers, Grinding Mill, Flour Mill, Paddy Dragging Machine, 58 Pullies, 51 Podishal, Second motion shafting, also several shafting pieces.

Note:—All the above machinery is English and little used and is eminently suitable for Bihar, Orissa and Rangoon Rice Factories.

Detailed list and conditions of sale can be had on application to Mehta and Co., 119 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 21st December, 1923.

AUCTION SALE.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
No. 72, Medows Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 4927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)
UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO KINGS AND PRINCES.

AUCTION SALE of valuable Chandanhar (Necklace) and Diamond Star.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY FRIDAY, the 21st December, 1923, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their office at No. 72 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, by order of Messrs. Kapoorchand Bhagwatji & Co. the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Mharana Shri Ranjitsingji Bahadur of Rarwani State and his Agents, Messrs. Prabhulal Motichand Parekh & Co. the Mortgagors.

1 Chandanhar (Necklace) set with diamonds.
1 Diamond Star.

The above articles will be on view two days before the date of sale.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale

GANDHI AND CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 21st December, 1923.

AMUSEMENTS.

Excelsior Theatre
DAILY AT 6-30 AND 10 p. m.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In his latest 4 Reel Comedy
"THE PILGRIM."

Empire Theatre
To-day at 6-30. 8-15 & 10 p. m.
POLA NEGRI
In "The Last Payment."

Empress Theatre
To-day at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
"MISTRESS OF THE WORLD."
FOURTH CHAPTER.

Under the Patronage of the Gaikwar of Baroda.

Gandharv Natak Mandali
GRANT ROAD
NEW ELPHINSTONE THEATRE
Saturday 22nd Dec. 1923 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.
ASHA NIRASHA
Special for X' Mas Holiday
Sunday 23rd Dec. 1923 at 2-30 p.m. noon (S. T.)
DRAUPADI
Monday 24th Dec. 1923 2-30p.m. noon(S.T.)
EKACHPYALA
Tuesday 25th Dec. 1923 at 2-30 p.m. noon (S. T.)
MANAPMAN
Wednesday 26th Dec. 1923 at 2-30 p. m. noon (S. T.)
SAUBHADRA
Manager
GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI.

IMPERIAL
Commences
To-night and during this week
First Instalment
(Six parts) of
A Super Indian Serial
"PATNI PRATAP"
"PATNI PRATAP"
"PATNI PRATAP"
produced by
MADAN THEATRES LIMITED
featuring
Miss Patience Cooper
in the duel role of twin sisters: The action never fails for an instant, and the story holds its interest from start to finish:
Daily 4 Shows:—
5-15, 7, 8-45, & 10-30 P. M
Sat. & Sunday Extra Shows 3-30
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW.

ASTROLOGER OF ASTROLOGERS.

Gained world wide fame in ASTROLOGY Simply furnish your time and date of birth or writing letter. Special five years life reading with character sketch, Map of heavens, longevity finance, business prospects, wife and children etc. Rs. 4-8-0 Special one year's life reading with the above details Rs. 2/- Answers for any three questions with miraculous accuracy Rs. 1-4-0 Satisfaction guaranteed. Trial will convince. Apply to:—THE BHARAT ASTROLOGICAL ASREMAM, Kasimkota, Vizag Dist. S. India.

AMUSEMENTS.

NOVELTY CINEMA
LAST PARTS FROM TO-DAY!
"TWO LITTLE URCHINS"
A Comedy in the Programme.
TO-DAY 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)
IMPORTANT NEWS!

For the convenience of our patrons going out of Bombay during the Xmas Holidays, the FINAL INSTALMENT of this serial will be screened ONLY FOR FOUR DAYS from

TO-DAY-FRIDAY 21st to MONDAY 24th
Both days inclusive.
THE WHOLE SERIAL

will be reshown as under:—

TUESDAY 25th—Episodes 1-2 and 3.
WEDNESDAY 26th—Episodes 4-5 and 6.
THURSDAY 27th—Episodes 7-8 and 9.
FRIDAY 28th—Episodes 10-11 and 12.

Purchasers of THREE Tickets of the Second and Higher Classes AT THE SAME TIME for the First Three Instalments will be ADMITTED FREE for the Fourth Instalment on Friday 28th Inst.

NOVELTY CINEMA
(GRANT ROAD, TRAM TERMINUS.)

WEST-END CINEMA
TO-NIGHT—FOR THE LAST TIME!
A CHARMING UNIVERSAL DRAMA:
"FOOLS & RICHES"
(5 Reels)

See this glittering spectacle of high society in its reckless, wasteful moments. Speed! Thrills!! Suspense!!! Gorgeous settings! Beautiful girls! And Herbert Rawlinson as the happiest, snappiest, peppiest, devil-may-care hero you ever saw. A picture you'll enjoy from start to finish.

Parents, is your son a spender? Miss, does your sweetheart waste money? Brother, is your friend thriftless? Man, are you careless with money?

WITH
HERBERT RAWLINSON
and a magnificent supporting cast including
KATHERINE PERRY, TULLY MARSHALL, DORIS PAWN & NICK DE-RUIZ.

The Programme includes the International News and a 2-Reel Comedy featuring the dear mischievous boy
BUDDY MESSENGER.
To-Night: 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)
WEST-END CINEMA
(NEW CHURNEY ROAD).

TO-NIGHT
ROYAL BAHADUR CIRCUS.
GRAND OPENING NIGHT
Under the auspices of
THE ZOROASTRIAN PHYSICAL CULTURE AND HEALTH LEAGUE
and under the Special Patronage of
THE HON'BLE MR. COWASJI JEHANGIR C. I. E., O. B. E.
on
Friday 21st Dec. 1923
9-15 p. m.
at
Govalia Tank Road.
40 STAR ARTISTES
with well trained
LIONS, TIGERS, HORSES, GOATS, etc.
will perform a GRAND PROGRAMME

TICKETS.

Box for four	.. ..	Rs. 15/-
Box Seat	.. ..	Rs. 4/-
Reserves seat	.. ..	Rs. 3/-
I Class	.. ..	Rs. 2/-
II Class	.. ..	Rs. 1/2/-
III Class	.. ..	As. 12/-
IV Class	.. ..	As. 9/-

R. N. SHATE, *Proprietor.* P. CHANDRAM, *Gen. Manager.*

CINEMA MAJESTIC
GIRGAUM
Presents
TO-NIGHT and THIS WEEK.
Hindustan Cinema Film Co.'s
Latest Production
A QUARREL-GAME OF NARAD
OR
RAMA MARUTI YUDDHA.
One of the most interesting episodes from Ramayan. See how Hanooman prepared to fight the Lord—and how the Lord deprived him of all his power.
Time—Rates—As Usual.

ALEXANDRA CINEMA
Bellasis Road, Byculla
Presents
THE FINAL INSTALMENTS
of
OREGON TRAIL
Universal's Latest Chapterplay
With
ART ACCORD
A Selected Comic in the programme.
Time—Rates—As Usual.

"MESMERISM & HYPNOTISM"

Complete course, Price Rs. 1/8 only, Foreign 2sh. 6d. Published in simple English. Mr. Rati Kanta Bhoumick, Headmaster writes from Senhati, Khulna District. "I have become a successful Hypnotist with the help of your book. The methods are far easier and simpler than any other courses with marked difference. Apply to:—The EASTERN HYPNOTIC HOME, Vizagapatam.

WAIKAR & CO., LTD.,
BANKERS.
HEAD OFFICE, HUBLI.

CURRENT and SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent and 5 per cent respectively per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for long or short periods on most favourable terms.

LOANS, etc., granted.

For rules and particulars apply to the MANAGING DIRECTOR.

CAUSE LIST.

(Friday, December 21.)

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE SHAH.

In the Division Court No. 53.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

2026-23—Little and Co, The Bank of Morvi Ltd, Aboobaker Jusab, Ardeshir H D and Co.
519-20—Dabholker and J, Narayen Sakharam Seth Gagan and others, Radhabai widow, Mirza and M.

FOR DISMISSAL AGAINST DEFT 1 ONLY.

4296-23—Mohile P and G Karsondas Ramji, Bai Gulab widow and another, Mulji T and Co.

FOR DECREE ABSOLUTE.

4781-22—Tyabji D and Co, Lalji Dungersy and another, Bhamani Govind and another.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

SHORT CAUSES.

4103-23—Craigie B and C—The Union Societe Anonyme S Narayen and Co—Mansukhlal H M and Co.
5427-22—Mehta L and Co Ranchoddas Govindji Asher Jamnadas Khodidas—Unwalla P and P.

FOR TRIAL OF ISSUES.

5753-22—Matubhai J and M Bhikubhai Virchand Surajmal Harakchand Javeri—Manilal and K.

LONG CAUSES.

537-20—Matubhai J and M Ramanlal Jamnadas Ghanchi Narandas Ambaram—Jamsedji R and D.
454-21—Wadia G and Co Thackersy das Nandalal Premsukhdas Uderan and another—Patell and E.
1214-21—M B Chothia and Co, Torleef Ashland Ltd v D S Yande, Hiralal and Co.
110-17—Craigie B and C, Premchand Punjabhai v Kaikhasru Framji Marker, Malvi M R and Co.
2423-20—Vachha and Co, Mirzamal Jaidayal v Ratilal Khimji, Pandia and Co.
2632-20—Soonderdas and Co, Hansraj Fulchand v Kontha Parmanand and Sons, Unwalla P and P.
690-21—Malvi M R and Co, Atmaram Ramkisson v Durgaprasad Chandulal, Tyabji D and Co.
704-20—Dubash and Co, Toharmal Uttamchand v Bhawanidas Teckchand, Amin and D.
642-20—Amin and D, Bhawanidas Teckchand v Toharmal Uttamchand, Dubash and Co.
1323-21—Ardeshir H D and Co, Meherbai Merwanji Cooper v Jehangir Cawasji Mehta, Payne and Co.
5080-21—In Person, Kakaldas Umedchand v Mangaldas Ranchoddas, Purnanand C and J.
5082-21—In Person, Kakaldas Umedchand v Wadilal Chhaganlal, Purnanand C and J.
489-22—Rustomji and G, Nagji Motiji and Co v Bai Gangabai Motiram Dhurandhar and ors, Kharas and Co, Wadia G and Co.
307-21—Purnanand C and J, Jugjiwan Ujamay G D Tyalka and Co, Madhowji and Co.
4321-22—Payne and Co, Mulchand Hemraj v Vallabhdas Gordhandas, Chitnis K and M.
4407-22—Chitnis K and M, Vallabhdas Gerdhandas v Mulchand Hemraj, Payne and Co.
2795-20—Malvi M R and Co, B N Lang, Dhansey Fulchand, N C Dalal and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE PRATT.

In the Division Court No. 46.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

SHORT CAUSES (RENT SUITS).

3816-23—Merwanji K and Co, Bai Dhubai widow and anr v Mrs John Leonzini widow.

SHORT CAUSES.

2980-23—Mulla and M, Rustomji Dorabji v Krishnadas Shah and ors, Craigie B and C.
3276-23—Crawford B and Co, The Imperial Bank of Persia v The Motor and Allied Products Co Ltd (in liquidation) and ors, Payne and Co.
2556-23—Thakoredas and Co, Dhondu Narayen v C J Mehta and ors, Dubash and Co.
3976-22—Tyabji D and Co, Khushalchand Gopaldas v Lakhmichand Ramprasad and anr, Merwanji K and Co.
4241-22—Motichand and D, Dayaji Devichand Gulabchand Premraj, Rustomji and G.
2683-23—Daphtary F and D Rai Bahadur Kesrising Chandmal Savalbhai Nathubhai—Amin and D.
4402-22—Crawford B and Co, P P Trivedi and Co, The Eastern Engineering Stores Co, Amarchand and M
3276-23—N C Dalal and Co, Narotam Ranchodji, Trivedi Ratilal Prabhashanker, N D Bhatt.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

SHORT CAUSES (RENT SUITS).

4045-23—Merwanji K and Co, Jethabhai Padamsy v Mahadeo Sahano and ors.
4077-23—Tayabji D and Co, Jamnadas Kalianji Vyas v Madhusudan Motilal and ors.
4078-23—F P Pavri, Ratilal Manchubhai and ors v Samaldas Vanmelidas.
4090-23—Madhowji and Co, Sudar Suleman Cassam Haji Mitha v Habib Abdul Gani, Matubhai J and M.
4092-23—Amin and D, Ramji Motichand Shah v Ramji Purshotam and Co, Mulla and M.
4093-23—Payne and Co, The Crown Spg and Mfg Co Ltd v Sandia Lalata and ors.
4158-23—Tyabji D and Co, Bundeally Bhojabhai and ors v E D Ezekiel, M B Chothia and Co.
4188-23—Captain and V, Shambhuprasad Khodidas v Govindji Gopalji.
4189-23—Purnanand C and J, Wamanrao Amadrao Joshi v The Venus Electric Co and ors, Patell and E.
4190-23—Payne and Co, Pestonji Fakirji Sidhwa and anr v Merwan Boman Irani and ors, Lala and Co.
4191-23—Jehangir and S, Pirojshaw Ruttonji Dubash and ors v Pochaji H B Jeejibhoy, Kharas and Co.
4192-23—Daphtary F and D, Seth Mafatlal Gopaldas v Manilal Mohanlal Parekh Amin and D.
4203-23—Ferreira and V, A V Perreira v J L M D'Souza and ors.
4250-23—Amarchand and M, Hatimbhai Gulam Hussein and anr v Esufali Gulam Hussein and anr.
4251-23—Pithara and Co, Bhalchandra Ramchandra Acharya and another v Shamrao Mahadeo Khale, Thathe and Co.
4264-23—Dallas and Co, Haji Alimahomed Haji Cassam v Irani Rashid Khodabux.
4295-23—Mirza and M. Mahomed Jusab Haji Abdul Satar v Syed Muzafare.
1690-23—Chitnis K and M, Valli Husein and Co, Phiroz M Dastur and Co, Dastur and Co.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE FAWCETT.

In the Division Court No. 49.

FOR CONSENT DECREE AGAINST DEFTS. 1 AND 3 ONLY.

4405-23—Vachha and Co, Mahomed Essak Hasam and others, Fakir Mahomed Imambux and others, Rele and Co, Payne and Co.

UNDEFENDED LONG CAUSE.

1093-21—M B Chothia and Co, Chaganlal Amersey, Govind Narayen.

LONG CAUSES.

5747-22—Unwalla P and P, Haji Ebrahim Haji Jamal and anr v Manecksaw Hormusji Gandhi, Merwanji K and Co.
236-21—Tyabji D and Co, Bayabai and anr v Kazi Noormahomed Kazi Abdul Karim Porbandari, Sconderdas and Co.
3730-20—Manchershaw and N, Tatya Raoji v Motichand Jechand and ors, Motichand and D, Kharas and Co.
929-22—Judah and S, The Bombay Tanneries Ltd (in liquidation) v Ambashanker Ishwarlal Vakil, Manubhai and Co.
2778-21—Amin and D, Bai Shirinbai Dhanjishaw Dhondy and anr v Bai Meherbai widow and anr, Wadia G and Co.
2367-23—Amin and D, Pranlal P Makanji v K M Chaubal and anr, N C Dalal and Co.
2820-21—Little and Co, Trustees of the Port of Bombay v The Arab Steamers Ltd, Craigie B and C.
1875-23—N C Dalal and Co., K M Chaubal, Kanayalal Rao Dave, Amin and D.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MULLA.

In the Division Court No. 37.

FOR JUDGMENT ON MOTION.

In Re: Specific Relief Act and Re: Income Tax Act, Daphtary F and D, Bapubhai G Desai Applicant.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

COMMERCIAL CAUSES.

1941-23—Mehta L and Co, Jugjiwandas Chaganlal Patel, Tribhomandas Narseydas and Co, Edgelam G W and Co.
2355-23—Malvi M R and Co, Dhanji Deosey and Co, Bhaca Doongersey, Craigie B and C.
4329-23—Malvi M R and Co, Khoja Muthabhai Nathu, Popatlal Amarchand, Kanga and Co.

SHORT CAUSES.

2881-23—G B Pandya, Irigim Crotier v Lallubhai Dayabhai, Chitnis K and M.
3379-23—Ramanlal and H, Mansukhlal Oghadbhai v Jogilal Shivlal, S N Nanavati.
3021-23—Amarchand and M, Vithal Govind Medhi v Dharamdas Nagardas, Shroff and L.
2038-23—Little and Co, The Bank of Morvi Ltd v Captain E W Courtney and anr, Chubb and Co.
1905-23—Pandia and Co, Abdul Latiff Usman v Mahomed Hassam Oyubji, Merwanji K and Co.
2962-23—Daphtary F and D, Jethabhai Gulabchand and Co v Joharmal Sarupchand, N C Dalal and Co.
3282-23—Malvi M R and Co, Vallabhdas Govindji v A M Haji Yusuf Said, Raghavaya N and Co.
3523-23—Khandwalla and Chh, Hargovinddas Harjiwandas v Karsandas Vallabhdas, In Person.
2516-23—Crawford B and Co, The Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay v B N Gang and ors, Purnanand C and J.
3716-23—Chubb and Co, R C Lewis v Franks S Lund, Crawford B and Co.
2985-23—Ramanlal and H, Dossabhai Hirachand v A A Khan, Dabholker and Co.
3686-23—Mantri and Co, Alihusein Badrudin Siyamala, Rahimatali Abedin Khambaty, Mohib and P.
3718-23—Khandwalla and Chh, Karson Dayaram Yeshwant Vithoba Mantri, Jamsedji R and D.
1938-23—Purnanand C and J, Keshamji Premji, Ghellabhai Coorji, Amarchand and M.
2117-23—Patell and E, Premsukhdas Uderam and another Sadasukh Raghunath, N C Dalal and Co.
4289-23—Payne and Co, The Eastern Chemical Co, Ltd. F S Din, Mansukhlal H M and Co.
4533-23—Ardeshir H D and Co, Nagindas Goculdas and Co, Mungalal Bankeylal and Co, Motichand and D.
4262-23—Ardeshir H D and Co, Taraporewalla and Bharucha, Mungalal Bankeylal and Co, Motichand and D.

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COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, Dec. 20.

B. C. RATE—
Bank's selling T T 1/4 15/16
Bank's selling D D 1/4 31/32

LONDON—
Bank's selling T.T 1/5
Bank's selling D D 1/5 1/32
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/5 9/32
Bank's buying T T 1/5 1/16
Bank's buying D D 1/5 3/32

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 572
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 622
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 612.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 152½
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 146½

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 167

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 241

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 166½

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 326

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Del. 4.36-7/8
London—Paris Frcs. 84.00
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.10
London—Brussels Frcs. 95.70
London—Rome Liras 101.00
London—Berlin Marks Nil.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Steady market.

	London, Dec. 19
Telegraph Transfers	£ 1/8 1/32 Steady
Bar Gold	,, 4-14-4 Quiet.
Bar Silver Spot	,, 33.3/8 Dull

LOCAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

	Bombay Dec. 20. Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/5
Bank Demand	1/5 1/32
Doc. Acceptance 3m/s	1/5 3/8
Fcs. Demand	565
American Dollars	326
Hongkong Dollars	167
Shanghai	241
Japan	152
Singapore	166 1/2

Market—Steady.

	London, Dec. 19.
Rentes 3 per cent.	53 1/4
Bar Silver Spot	33 3/8
,, ,, 2 months hence	32 11/16

Closing Tone of Silver—China sold India Bought and sold—Dull.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 4 per cent since 5th July 1923.
Interest day to-day loans:—1 3/4.
Interest 7 day market loans:—2 3/8.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

	London, Dec. 19.
Exchange on London in Paris	83.86
,, ,, ,, Germany	—
,, ,, ,, Italy	100.91
Stockholm	16.10
Christiania	29.25
Amsterdam	11.46
Switzerland	25.08
Belgium, (yesterday's)	94.45
Athens ,,	2.80.00
	London Dec, 19.
Demand Bills	4.36.50

DISCOUNTS.

	London, Dec. 19.
DISCOUNT Bank Bills 3 m/st	3 3/8
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	3 1/2
,, Fine Trade Bills 3 ,,	4 1/2
,, ,, ,, ,, 6 ,,	4 3/4
5 per cent. Rentes	24 1/8

WAR LOANS, ETC.

	London, Dec. 19
Funding Loan 4% 1960/90	£ 86 1/2—1/8
Victory Bonds 4%	£ 90 3/4 +1/2
War Loan 5% 1929/47	£ 99 5/16—1/8
Consols 2 1/2%	£ 65—1/2
Rupee Paper 3 1/2%	,, 42 1/2unchanged
Indian Stock 3 1/2% (Sterling Loan)	,, 65 1/4—1/4
Govt. Securities 3%	,, 55 1/2—1/4
	London, Dec. 19.
Conversion Loan	£ 75 3/4
5 1/2 per cent. Indian Loan	,, 100 Ex Dvd
7 ,, ,, ,,	,, 114 —

BULLION.

BOMBAY, Dec. 20.

Sovereign ready Rs. 15/12/3
,, forward Rs. 15/12/6
Bar gold ready, Rs. 25/2/9
Bar gold forward, Rs. 25/2/3
Bar gold 2nd settlement, Rs. 25/2/3
Bar silver ready, Rs. 79/11
Bar silver 1st settlement, Rs. 79/11
Bar silver 2nd settlement, Rs. 79/12

LONDON, Dec. 19.

Bar gold ready, S. 94-4
Silver ready, d. 33-6
Silver forward, d. 32-11
TONE OF SILVER—
Quiet—India bought, China sold.

GOLD.

Bombay, Dec. 20.

Ready:—25—3—0

Vaida.	Opening	Highest	Lowest.	At 6 p.m.
Magsar	25—3—3	—	25—2—3	25—2—3
Posh	25—3—3	—	25—2—3	25—2—3

Teji Mandi.
Magsar 0—1—0
Posh 0—5—0
Tone.—Market Quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, Dec. 20.

Ready:—79—13—0

Vaida	Opening	Highest	Lowest.	At 6 p. m.
Magsar	79—12—0	79—13—0		79—31—0
Posh	79—13—0	79—15—0		79—15—0

Teji Mandi.
Magsar 0—6—0
Posh 1—8—0
Tone—Market Quiet.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BOMBAY, Dec. 20.

3½ Government Paper Rs. 63/6
4 per cent Conversion Loan Rs. 83/-
per cent War Loan Rs. 90/10
per cent Loan due 1933 Rs. 96/2
5 per cent Tax Free Loan Rs. 95/4
5½ per cent Bonds due 1925 Rs. 102/4
5½ per cent Bonds due 1928 Rs. 102/8
6 per cent Bonds due 1927 Rs. 100/12
6 per cent Bonds due 1930 Rs. 102/-
6 per cent Bonds due 1932 103/2
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935 Rs. 106/8
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 74/8
6 per cent Port Trust due 1930 Rs. 101/-
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 74/-
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 101/-
per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 74.

SHARES.

BOMBAY, Dec. 20.

The following are the closing rates:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1380, India 80, Central Bank 25/8, and Eastern Bank 71.

COTTON MILLS.

Ah, Advance 450, Apollo 26/4, Bombay Cotton 630, Bombay Dyeing 912/8, Bradbury 545, Century 437/8, Cent-India 533/12, Coorla 152/8, Crescent 223/12, David 625, Dawn 640, Edw. Sassoon 230, E.D. Sassoon 3/1, Fazulbhoy 840, Gokak 115, Ind-Bleaching 192/8, Ind-Malwa 507/8, Kastoorchand 215, Khatao 280, Kohinoor 1430, Luxmi Cotton 5330, Madhavrao Scd 66/4, Madhowji 270, M. Petit 3100, Meyer Sassoon 175, Morarji 4,000, New Great 535, New City 315, Pabani 375, Pearls 603/12, Phoenix 512/8, Shapurji 225, Simplex 367/8, Standard 1500, Swan 840, Swadeshi 531/4, Tata Mill 495, and Vishnu Cotton 2000.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 290, B. Burma 275, B. Burma N.I. 65, Bt-Burma Pet 5/4, Bombay Tramway 90/10, Bombay Steam 85, Bundi Cement 10/8, Katni Ord. 85, Katni-Defd 203/12, Shivrajpur 37/8, Tata Iron Ord 29/8, Tata Iron Defd 108/12, Tata Hydro 730, and Scindia Steam 6/12.

	Bombay, Dec. 20.
Chartered Bank	£ 19 5/8
Hongkong	,, 125
National	,, 42 1/2
Eastern Bank	,, 5 3 8
P. & O. Banking Corp.	,, 12 1/4

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 19.

Jutes with a strong speculative support accorded to Howrahs improved sharply from the opening quotations. Coals seemed to be gathering strength. In Teas better feeling was manifested. Following were the closing quotations:

Bank.—Imperial Bank (fully paid) 1400.
Railway.—Sara Serjguje Railway 78 s. o. l.
Cottons.—Dunbar 185, Kesoram 5/8, Mohini Mills 4/12s.l.

Jutes.—Alliance 485, Anglo-India 360, Barnagore 126/8, Birla 7/5, Belvedere 491/8, Budge Budge 417/8s.l., Caledonian 495, Cheviot 251. Clive 29/2, Clive pref. 8s.l., Craig 6, Dalhousie 310, Fot William 244, Howrah 38/6, Hooghly 56/12, Hukumchand ord. 7/12, Kanknarrah 392 s.l. Kelvin 645 s.l. Lansdowne 241/8, Lawrence 442, Naihati 352, National 281/8 s.l., New Central 498, Northbrooke 42/4, Orient 185, Presidency 6, Reliance 45 s.l. Standard 340, do. pref. 93, Union 412.

Coals.—Baraboni 11/12 x.d., Burrakur 33/12, Equitable 23/50, Gopalichuck 13/14, Raneegungee 51 xd., Talcher 8.

Tea Companies.—Atal 17/8sl., Duflaghur 12/12, East India 14/8, Hasimara 61/8, Jutlibary 14/12.

Exchange Bank telegraphic transfer one shilling five pence and demand one shilling five and one thirty-second pence.

FREIGHT.

	London, Dec. 19.
Freight of Coal Cardiff to Bombay	13/

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, Jan-Feb.	12 1/2
Plantation First Latex crepe Dec.	14 1/8

Tone—Steady but inactive.

JAVA SUGAR.

	London, Dec. 19
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta December Sellers	32/6
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta July Sellers	24/9
Do July/Sept Sellers	24/
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay July Sellers	25/1
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi July Sellers	25/1
Cuban Sugar M Sellers	24/9

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow 46/9
Finest Australian Mutton Tallow 48/9
Firm and dearer with good demand. Next auctions will be held on January 2nd 1924.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 20.

The third All-India Cotton forecast has been given, for the year 1923 to 1524, as 21,845,000 acres, with an estimated crop of 4,913,000 bales.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

LINSEED LA PLATA ARGENTINE £17½ January/March.

Sellers meeting buyers more readily.

COTTON SEED, EGYPTIAN BLACK £13 3/8 for January shipment to Hull.

COTTON SEED BOMBAY £10 1/8 middle January.
Tone—Quet.

RAPESEED TORIA £19 December/January Buyers.

RAPESEED FEROZEPORE £19 December/January. Buyers.

CASTORSEED BOMBAY £24 3/4 shipment from 1st to 15th January to Hull.

	London, Dec. 19.
Karachi Barley Dec, Jan.	12 1/4

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

20th Dec. 1923.

To-day Reuter reported 1 point lower to 9 points higher in New York futures. The market advanced at the opening on general buying but later eased on some long liquidation. Liverpool has been reported 32 to 48 points up. The advance was due to some foreign buying.

Although a small advance was reported in New York futures the Mawari Bazar opened this morning easier at Rs. 640/- i.e. Rs. 2½ lower than yesterday's closing rate for F.G. Broach April/May. At the commencement of the session offices and a Japan House were sellers and the market gradually declined to Rs. 634/-. At about this level offices, a prominent Japan House and a well-known Indore operator were buyers which raised the prices to Rs. 642/- and the market finally closed at Rs. 642/-. At Cotton Green the Bazar opened at Rs. 645/- declined to Rs. 639/- on selling by Cutcha Candy brokers, and closed firm at Rs. 643½ on buying by a prominent Indore operator.

Fine Oomra Decr./Jan- opened at Rs. 607/- and gave way to Rs. 604/- on offices and general selling. In sympathy with the advance in Broach and on buying by Commission House and shroffs the values improver to Rs. 612/- at which rate the Bazar closed whilst Oomra March opened at Rs. 597/- and going down by a couple of rupees closed steady at Rs. 604/-. F.G. Bengal Dec./-Jan. was quoted Rs. 532/- whilst March Rs. 531/-.

Our market for ready cotton was quiet but steady yesterday with little doing. About 3,000 Bs. are repored to have been sold.

COTTON BAZAR CLOSING QUOTATIONS (5-30 P. M.)

	Bombay, Dec. 20.
Fully Good Broach	April May 643 1/2
Fully Good Bengal	Dec. Jan. 524
,,	March 529
Fine Oomra	Dec. Jan. 615
Fine Oomra	March 605

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 20.

Description, Super-Fine	Fine	F. Good	Good
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	575	565	550
M. G. Oomra No. 3	670	655	645	630
M. G. Central Provinces No. 1	700	685	675	660
M. G. Central Provinces No. 2	685	670	660	645

E. I. C. ASSN. QUOTATIONS.

	Bombay, Dec. 20.
Fully Good Broach	April/May 642
Fully Good Bengal	Dec./Jan 532
Fully Good Bengal	March 531
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan. 612
Fine Oomra	March. 603

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT.

Dec. 20.

New York market 19th December 1923.

Previous close	Delivery	Price at 11 a.m.	Closing Prices	Since Previous close.
35.05	Dec.		35.17	+22
34.26	Jan.	34.35 +39	34.35	+09
34.73	Mar.		34.80	+07
34.91	May	35.98 +34	34.90	—01
34.12	July		34.20	+08
28.35	Oct.		28.47	+12

Telegraphic market advices: March highest 35.08, lowest 34.67, range .41 points. Market declined on long liquidation and local traders selling.

Liverpool market 19th December, 1923.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	at 11 a.m.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close
19.40	Jan. 1924	19.51 +11	19.46 +06	19.88	+48
19.44	Mar.	19.55 +11	19.52 + 8	19.85	+41
19.37	May			19.74	+37
18.98	July			19.30	+32
15.90	Oct.	16.05 +15		16.19	+29
22.15	Jan. 1924	Egyptian		22.38	+23
20.70	Nov.	,,		20.95	+25

Telegraphic market advices: (1) New York cables (18th December): Look for higher market ultimately. Advise buying on all good breaks. Southern reports to-day very good spot demand, almost nothing offering.

(2) Some long liquidation in a much quieter market.

(3) American cross rate 4-30 p.m. 437 3/8. March highest 19.88, lowest 19.40, range .48 points.

(4) Some long liquidation followed by foreign buying, much less offering. Distinctly better feeling.

	Liverpool, Dec, 19. Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	5000
,, ,, Sales of East Indian	500
Mid. Americans spot	19.47
Tone,—Dull.	
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	22 65
New York, 11 a.m. Mar.	35.03 +10
(As known in Liverpool at closing time.) May	35.22 +11
,, July.	34.48 +15
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct.	34.72
,, ,, ,, ,, Jan.	34.90

	Liverpool, Dec. 19. To-day's prices.
Cotton Del. M. U. G. O. C. Liverpool. Jan.	19.88 +48
Mar.	19.85 +41
May	19.74 +37
July	19.30 +32

CLOSING PRICES.

Months.	Liverpool, Dec. 19. Today's Prices.
December	19.87 +52
January	19.88 +48
February	19.84 +45
March	19.85 +41
April	19.77 +38
May	19.74 +37
June	19.61 +31
July	19.30 +32
August	18.40 +28
September	17 94 +29
October	16.19 +29
November	15.84 +29
December	15.69 +29

Tone:—Firm.

EGYPTIAN COTTON—CLOSING PRICES.

Months.	Liverpool, Dec, 19, To-day's Prices.
December	22.33 +23
January	22.38 +23
February	22.50 +25
March	22.60 +25
April	22.68 +25
May	22.75 +25
June	22.75 +25
July	22.75 +25
August	22.55 +25
September	22.35 +25
October	21.40 +25
November	20.95 +25
December	—

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

	Liverpool, Dec, 19.
M. G. Bengal Good,	13.15
,, ,, Fully Good	13.55
,, ,, Fine	13.95
No. 1 Oomra, Good	14.35
,, ,, ,, Fully Good	14.85
,, ,, ,, Fine	15.35
M. G. Broach, Good	16.45
,, ,, Fully Good	16.85
,, ,, Fine	17.25
M. G. Scinde, Good	13.05
,, ,, Fully Good	13.45
,, ,, Fine	13.85

AMERICAN MARKETS.

	New York, Dec. 19.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	28,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	—
,, ,, Continent	6,000
Futures at New York Jan.	24.35 +.9
,, Mar.	34.80 +.7
,, May.	34.90 +.1
,, ,, July	34.26 +.8
Spot Cotton at New York	35.70 +20
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	34.75—25
Futures ,, ,, Mar.	34.71 +.8
,, ,, ,, May	34.03 +.8
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	10 13/16
Silver Foreign mined	64 3/4

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

	New York, Dec 19. To-day's prices.
Futures at New York, Jan.	34.35 +9
Mar.	34.80 +7
May	34.90—1
July	34.20 +8

WHEAT.

	London, Dec, 19.
ROZARIO SANTA FE—62 1/2 lbs. J/F Sellers	41/6
BARLETTA RUSSO—62 1/2 lbs. J/F sellers	41/
AUSTRALIAN D/J	44 3/4
KARACHI BARLEY J/M	31 3/8
WHEAT Choice White Karachi, per 492 lbs. C.I.F.	—
Dari Indian White shipment J/M to Liverpool	8/3
Wheat Congo Northern Manitoba No 1	4/4
Wheat afloat to U.K., passage	—
Tone—	

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Dec. 20

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association:—

Ready.	Bazar. Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail. Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	6 0 0	6 10 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	4 0 0	6 8 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	42 0 0	8 13 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	10 8 0	11 0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	10 8 0	11 0 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	11 8 0	12 0 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	13 13 0	14 5 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	13 9 0	14 1 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	82 0 0	16 0 0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	76 0 0	15 0 0
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	72 0 0	14 0 0
Teelseed, Black	68 0 0	13 12 0
Poppyseed, White	12 14 0	13 10 0
Groundnuts	72 0 0	
Mowraseed	9 4 0	9 8 0
Barley	30 0 0	
Castorseed	74 0 0	
Cotton Seeds Ready Delivery	40 0 0	5 12 0
Forward.	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat, April/May	7 4 9	
Linseed, April/May	12 14 9	
Groundnuts D. J.	70 0 0	
Teelseed Gajar 85-15 D/J	15 14 0	

METALS.

	London, Dec. 19.
English best Selected Copper	£ 66
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£ 62
Copper Brazers	,, 83 —
Yellow Metal	7 3/4
Hard Spelter Noml.	29
Corrugated sheets	£ 18 11/16
	London, Dec. 19
TIN BLOCK	233 5/4

METAL—LOCAL MARKET.

BRASS.

	Bombay, per md.	Dec. 20 Rs. a. p.
Brass, English	3/4	65 8 0
Brass	1/	64 8 0
Brass	1 1/4	64 8 0
Brass	1 1/2	64 8 0
Brass	1 3/4	64 8 0
Brass	2/	64 8 0

COPPER.

	Bombay, per md.	Dec. 20. Rs. a. p.
Copper, English	3/4	71 0 0
Copper	1/	71 0 0
Copper	1 1/4	71 0 0
Copper	1 1/2	71 0 0
Copper, American	1 1/2	71 8 0
Copper	1 3/4	74 8 0
Copper	2/	74 8 0
Japanese Copper Bars		61 0 0
Panch Teka Joint		27 0 0
Copper, English Bars		61 0 0
Brass Bars		40 0 0
Pat Klai		66 8 0
Lead, Country		20 8 0
German Brass M 3/4		63 0 0
German Brass 1, 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 1 3/4 to 2		62 4 0
English Copper 1 3/4 to 2		73 0 0
American Copper 3/4 to 1, 1 1/4		71 8 0

LINSEED.

	London, Dec 19
LINSEED Calcutta Pure Basis Bags Congo Apl./May Sellers	£ 19 3/8s
Tone,—nominally Inchanged nabsence of busines	
RAW LINSEED OIL Naked spot net	
,, Dec. Value	£ 41/3
,, Jan./Apl. Value	,, 38 5/8

LOCAL MILL CLOTHS—QUOTATIONS.

(ISSUED BY THE HINDUSTANI NATIVE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.)

	Bombay, Dec. 19. Rs. a. p.
Khadi:—	
Textile	1 3 0
E. D. Sassoon	1 3 0
Elphinstone	1 3 0
Longcloth (Full weight) 34/40 inches:—	
Standard per lb.	1 8 0
Century per lb	1 7 0
Hindustan per lb.	1 8 6
Fazalbhai per lb.	1 8 0
Textile per lb.	1 8 0
Phœnix per lb.	1 7 6
Pearl per lb.	1 7 6
Manekji (Gaw Mukh) per lb.	1 6 6
Elphinstone (Balti) per lb.	1 8 0
Jacob (Four Minar) per lb.	1 7 0
Longcloth (Light weight) No. 5202/5203:—	
Rachael per lb.	1 8 6
Pearl per lb.	1 8 0
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1 8 0
Longcloth:— x Quality.	
Rachael per lb.	1 8 6
Fazulbhai per lb	1 8 6
Swan Finlay per lb.	1 8 6
Longcloth Satin Calender, 34/40.	
Textile (hand)	1 7 0
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 7 0
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1 6 0
Bombay Cotton	1 5 6
Fahelwam	1 5 6
Hanbt Brand	1 5 0
Sains:—	
Pabaney per lb.	1 6 0
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 7 0
Grey Drill, Century:—	
Dhooties 7, 8, and 9 Yards:—	
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1 10 6
Jacob E. D. per lb.	1 9 6
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1 10 0
Dhooties 10 yards:—	
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1 8 0
Textiles (Bicycle) per lb.	1 8 0
Check 5 lb. Grey Drill:—	
Standard per piece	7 8 0
Phœnix per piece	7 8 0
Swan Finley per piece	7 6 1
Hindustan per piece	7 12 0
Check 5 1/2 lb. Grey Drills:—	
Pearl per piece	7 8 0
Bleached Check:—	
Kasturchand per piece	8 0 0
Bombay United per piece	8 0 0
Black Check 5 lb:—	
Textile per piece	10 0 0
E. D. Rachael per piece	8 12 0
Gabrun No. 5124:—	
Pearl	13 0 0
Hindustan	13 0 0

RECEIPTS.

Bombay Dec. 20.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on Dec. 19, 1923,

Cotton	25726 Bales
Wheat	18425 Ows.
Linseed	1606 ,,
Rape, etc	462 ,,
Gingellyseed	3721 ,,
Poppyseed	222 ,,
Groundnuts	3768 ,,
Castorseed	2081 ,,
Rice	77428 ,,
Myrabollams	9389 ,,
Cottonseed	178-9 ,,
Mowraseed	Nil ,,
Gram	2305 ,,
Jawar	1576 ,,
Masur	Nil ,,
Barley	1025 ,,
Bajri	2302 ,,
Coal	1610 Tons

DAMAGE TO SIND COTTON CROP.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

HYDERABAD, (Sind.) Dec. 19.

As a result of intense cold and frost, standing cotton crop to the extent of nearly one crore of rupees has been damaged.

INDIAN COTTON FORECAST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 20.

Third all India cotton forecast, for 1923-1924:—
Acres:—21,845,000.
Expected outturn:—4913,000 bales.

CO-OPERATION IN COLABA.

Mr. G. K. Devadhar, M.A., Vice-President, of the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute paid a visit to Alibag on the 12th, 13th and 14th instant with a view to rousing more enthusiasm and interest in co-operative work in the district of Colaba. He was accompanied by Dr. Velinkar Mr. C. S. Deole, Mr. K. N. Dafar and Mr. R. L. Gharat, all interested in the spread of co-operation in this district. On his way to Alibag Mr. Devadhar stopped at Avas where he inspected the working of four co-operative societies and addressed a meeting of local co-operators as well as the gentry. During his brief stay there he paid a visit to the Vaisya Boarding School at Sasavane. The party stopped at Sinim and inspected the work of the local society as well as another at Navagaon where also he addressed a meeting of co-operators supported by Messrs. Deole and Velinkar. At Alibag he spoke to some of the leading citizens at the residence of Rao Bahadur G. M. Kamat with a view to enlist their sympathy with the co-operative movement. After a good deal of discussion it was decided that a provisional committee be appointed to arrange the opening of the district branch of the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute for Colaba and with Mr. Deshpande the pleader as provisional secretary.

Next morning Mr. Devadhar and Dr. Velinkar went to Kankeshwar where he inspected the working of two co-operative Societies one of which was a grain co-operative Society or a Grain Bank. On his return to Alibag he had further talks with friends on the several co-operative undertakings. Before leaving for Bombay he met Mr. Abbot the collector of the district, and enlisted his sympathy with the movement. It is hoped that with the inauguration of this branch the Co-operative Societies which are already working will be in a position to get better supervision and guidance and more societies may come to be formed. During this brief tour which Mr. Devadhar had undertaken on behalf of the B. C. C. Institute, he visited 5 places and made himself familiar with the working and drawbacks of 8 co-operative societies.

THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Dec. 19.

The western disturbance has given local rain or snow in Kashmir, North-West Frontier Province and north-east Baluchistan.

The chief amounts are Sonamarg and Dras half inch and Chaman a quarter.

Weather has been dry elsewhere.

Forecast:—Increase in North West Frontier Province and extension into north Punjab.

SIMLA, Dec. 20.

The western disturbance has given local snow in Kashmir and is passing away eastwards.

A severe storm has formed in the Arabian Sea near ten degrees north, sixtyfive degrees east. It will probably move west or north west. Forecast: Dry weather.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 19th Dec. 1923.

Means of observations taken at 6 a. m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.,

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.911 Inches
Temperature of Air	79.4 degrees
Wet Bulb Thermometer	72.1 ,,
Dew Point	68.1 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	69% ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy equal to 10)	0.4 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	87.1 ,,
Minimum do. do.	73.3 ,,
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	E,W,NNW,NNE,
Movement of Wind from midnight to midnight	miles 122

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time	HIGH WATER. Depth on Still	LOW WATER. Day of Month	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time	LOW WATER. Depth on Still
	Dec.	h. m. ft. in.		Dec.	h. m. ft. in.	
W.	26	1 3	39 1	26	7 12	13 0
		12 51	24 6		18 41	16 8
Th.	10	9 4	35 3	20	2 34	21 6
		22 22	27 0		14 46	18 1
F.	21	— —	—	21	3 29	21 1
					15 23	17 6
Sat.	22	.. ..		22	.. ..	
S.	23	28 4		23	— —	
		22-23-26				
		24-11-0	26 3			
M.	24	0 0	24 5	24	6 3	19 3
		11 38	26 9		17 40	18 0
Tu.	25	0 32	29 1	25	6 38	19 1
		12 15	26 6		18 12	18 1

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

PROGRESS OF VARIOUS SCHEMES.

The Director of Information, Bombay writes: "The progress reports of the various schemes now being undertaken by the Development Department for the quarter ending the 30th of September show that although the period covered the three monsoon months, considerable headway was made in all directions.

There was little to report with regard to the sale of land as purchasers showed disinclination to inspect plots in inclement weather. The work of clearing the sites for the several suburban schemes showed steady progress, especially in the making of roads. In the Khar scheme over 91,000 square yards or 60 per cent. of one section has been disposed of, the receipts amounting to nearly 2½ lakhs. The area adjoining the site of the new Khar station, which will be opened very probably this cold weather, has been levelled and the chief road therein practically completed, and as this will be the business area of the scheme a brisk demand for plots is expected.

Only 18 plots remain unsold in Suburban Scheme No. 8, at Chapel Road, Bandra, and the roads are well on their way to completion.

Trombay North West-Chembur Sector.—This charming place which is laid out as a garden city area is eminently suited to the building of smell houses amid Sylvan and unspoiled surroundings. An illustrated booklet of the area is being prepared which, it is hoped, will induce prospective purchasers to inspect the site.

Department's Chawls—Naigaum, Worli and DeLisle Road.—There are now 31 blocks available for letting, 16 at Naigaum, 10 at Worli and 5 at DeLisle Road. On the 30th September of the 2,480 rooms available 2,303 were occupied and 177 vacent. At DeLisle Road out of the 400 rooms available only 2 were unoccupied; and only 22 were unoccupied out of the 1,258 at Naigaum. Sixteen blocks of chawls are to be built at Sewree near the Port Trust Railway Station to house cotton trade employees.

Back Bay.—No extension of the sea-wall at Marine Lines end was possible during the monsoon, but in the Colaba section the rubble mound was completed to 5,750 feet and the mass concrete wall built on the mound for a distance of 900 feet. Nearly 75,000 tons of stone were despatched from Khandivli Quarry from July to the end of September.

Progress was also made in the construction of the Central Salsette Railway."

ALLEGED ASSAULT BY A BARBER.

On Tuesday evening, a Mahomedan barber named Munnie Habibulla is alleged to have stabbed Abdul Rashid, Manager of the Victoria Hair Cutting Saloon, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. It appears Munnie was formerly employed in the saloon and had left it a few days ago. On Tuesday evening he went to the saloon and demanded his pay from Abdul Rashid, who asked him to wait till the proprietor returned to Bombay. Munnie came again after a short time and demanded his pay and Abdul Rashid gave the same reply. Munnie thereupon it is alleged took out a clasp knife and assaulted Abdul Rashid causing him severe wounds. Abdulla is detained in the G. T. Hospital and his assailant has been arrested by the police. The knife has been taken charge of by the police.

SHEEP SKIN SALE.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

Closed to-day sold 818000.
Madras Prime 6d. dearer.
Madras medium 4d. dearer.
Madras ordinary 2 to 3d. dearer.
Bombay good from par to 2d. dearer
Bombay ordinary 2 to 3d dearer.
Tone—Barely Steady.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

S. S. "Mantua" with English Mails, due at 6 a.m.
Final M.B.E.S. Exam. Results, University Hall, 1 p.m.
Meeting at Marwadi Vidyalaya. Address on "Situation in Borsad," 6 p.m.
All India Athletic Meeting: Cooperage, Marathon and other races: commence at 4-30 p.m.

SATURDAY, December 22.

Bombay Races: 3rd Extra Meeting.
S. S. "Kashmir" with the English mail leaves at 2 p.m.
All India Open Amateur Athletic Meeting: Racing commences at 3 p.m.

MONDAY, Dec. 24.

Xmas Eve: Banks closed.

TUESDAY, Dec. 25.

Christmas Day: Banks closed.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 26.

Boxing Day: Banks closed.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

Dec 21 (Fri) Sunrise 7h 7m; Sunset 6h 7m.
Dec. 22 (Sat.) Sunrise 7h. 7m. Sunset 6h. 6m.
Dec 23 (Sun.) Sunrise 7h. 8m. Sunset 6h. 7m.
Dec. 24 (Mon.) Sunrise 7h. 8m. Sunset 6h. 7m.
Dec. 25 (Tue.) Sunrise 7h. 9m. Sunset 6h. 8m.
Dec. 26 (Wed.) Sunrise 7h. 9m. Sunset 6h. 9m.
Dec. 27 (Thu.) Sunrise 7h. 10m. Sunset 6h. 9m.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

We have received three copies of wall calendar for 1924 from Vacuum Oil Company.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

The Imperial Bank of India Rate of Interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper is raised to 7 per cent.

SWARAJYA SABHA VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Volunteers of the above Corps are required to be present in Khadi uniform (New) this evening at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall in connection with the public meeting to be held under the auspices of the Bombay Prov. Congress Committee.

BYCULLA DIST CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

An urgent meeting of the Managing Committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the office, 3 Ripon Road, Byculla, Bombay.

"MEANS AND METHODS OF OUR UPLIFT"

A lecture on the above subject will be delivered, under the auspices of the Vadnagara Nagar Mandal at Mandal's place, in Panalal Terraces, Grant Road, to-day at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) All Nagars are invited.

PASSENGERS AND TRAFFIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

The adjourned meeting of the Executive Committee of this Association will meet to-day (Friday) at 12 noon (S.T.), at Mr. Fazal Ebrahim's office, at 138 Medows Street, Fort.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

The Rev. Father R. Zimmerman, S.J., will deliver a public lecture under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood on "The Two Master Minds: Shankaracharya and Thomas Aquinas" on Saturday, the 22nd instant at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) at "Arya Bhawan," Sandhurst Road.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The British India Co.'s s.s. "Mashobra," which left London on the 7th inst. arrived at Port Said at 6 p.m. on the 19th idem; and left there at 10-30 p.m. the same day.

The P. and O. mail steamer "Morea" with the Mails from London of 13th instant passed Suez at 4 a.m. on the 20th inst.

S S "Clan Cochoun" left Suez on the evening of the 15th

GANDHARVA MAHA VIDYALAYA.

In aid of the poor students of the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya there will be two unique Concerts in the Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya, Sandhurst Road on Saturday (22nd inst) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) and Sunday (23rd inst), at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Pandit Vishnu Digamber will sing in these concerts. As all classes in the Vidyalaya have been made free since January last the Vidyalaya has no other source from which it can meet the expenses of maintaining the poor students. So these two concerts are arranged, and it is hoped that the public will not miss this opportunity of listening to scientific music and helping the students. All the students of the Vidyalaya (Hindus and Parsis) will take part in these concerts. All the income of these concerts will be given to help the students.

SERIOUS FRACAS BETWEEN PARDESHIS.

A fracas took place on Wednesday at 6-30 p.m. at Kalbadevi between two factions of Purdeshis which resulted in serious injury to one Pardeshi and the arrest of another. It appears for some time past the relations between two sects of Purdeshis comprising a large number were strained and on Wednesday evening it came to a climax when they came from words to blows. A large crowd gathered to witness the free fight. Until the police came and intervened the crowd witnessed the scene as idle spectators. One Vishwanath having got the worst of the fight was removed to the G. T. Hospital by the police while another Purdesni named Jagdeoprasad who figured prominently in the fight was arrested and marched of to the Police Station

AHMADIYA ANJUMAN ISHAAT ISLAM.

A series of interesting lectures will be delivered in connection with the Anniversary of this Anjuman, during the last (Xmas) week of December.

The distinctive feature of this year's functions is a Conference of Religions. "Object of Religion" is the proposed subject for discussion. Representatives of various religious persuasions have already enlisted to put forth their exposition of the problem before the Conference.

The organizers extend their cordial welcome to all seekers after truth, without distinction of caste, colour or creed, to avail of this rare opportunity.

The function will last for four days—25th to 28th—starting each day at 10 a.m. at the Ahmadiyya Buildings Lahore, opposite Islamia College. Programme can be had from the Secretary Anmadiya Anjuman Ishaat I slam, Ahmadiyya Buildings Lahore.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES IN INDIA.

During the month of October, 1923, there were 42 companies registered with an aggregate authorised capital of Rs. 4.14 lakhs, as against 34 companies with an aggregate capital of Rs. 2.04 lakhs in the preceding month, and 32 companies and Rs. 2,95 lakhs in the corresponding month of the preceding year. Bombay accounts for 5 companies with an authorised capital of Rs. 3.15 lakhs, Bengal 13 companies and Rs. 26 lakhs, and the Punjab 4 companies and Rs. 23 lakhs. The largest flotation in October was the Indian Radio Telegraph Co. Bombay, with an authorised capital of Rs. 300 lakhs.

Twenty-four companies, limited by shares, with an authorised capital of Rs. 1,18 lakhs, having ceased work, went into liquidation or were finally dissolved during the month.

MECHANICAL ENGINEERS' ASSOCIATION AHMEDABAD AND GUJARAT.

The following resolution was passed at a meeting held of the above Association of nearly 70 leading Mill Engineers:—

"Resolved that in response to the notification of the Government calling for any objections or suggestions from the party interested in the Act this meeting of the members of Mechanical Engineers' Association of Ahmedabad and Gujarat strongly protest against this New Boiler Attendants' Act and empowers the President of this meeting in the special Committee to be appointed for the purpose to draft out a representation to the Director of Industries and also the member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay requesting them to urge the Government to postpone the consideration and the passing of the proposed Indian Boiler Act, for sufficient time at least six months i. e. upto July 1924; in order to afford proper opportunity to all interested in this Act both owners and Engineers of Boilers to study the all round effects of this Act and thus enable them to prepare their solid opinion on the Act for presenting the same to Government as required by the notification.

After the above resolution was declared unanimously passed a Committee of 17 members was appointed to study the New Act thoroughly and draw their conclusion substantiating them with Authoritative comparision with the past and current Acts and prepare them in the form of a representation to be forwarded to the Government.

MARATHI TRAINING CLASS IN CO-OPERATION.

For the better diffusion of Co-operative Education among the people, a Marathi Training Class in Co-operation will be held under the auspice of the Bombay branch of the Central Cooperative Institute from the 7th to the 17th January 1924, at the Damodar Mulji Hall, Poibawadi, Parel. The series of lectures will be on the lines of the those arranged for the English Training Class in Co-operation which has now become a popular annual cooperative class in Bombay. Prominent co-operative workers and speakers have kindly consented to deliver these lectures in Marathi. An examination will be held shortly after the class on a date to be notified later on, and the successful candidates will be awarded certificates and prizes. Secretaries and members of Co-operative Societies in Bombay are earnestly requested to take advantage of this lecture series. The public are also cordially invited to attend.

Those desiring to attend the class are requested to get their names registered at the office of the Central Co-operative Institute, Apollo Street, Bombay or its Bombay Divisional Branch at Javeri Building, Sandhurst Road West, or its Parel Sub Branch at the Bachubai Building, Poibawadi, Parel.

MYSORE'S TRIBUTE TO LATE MR. KASTURIRANGA IYENGAR.

The following resolutions were passed at a meeting of the Mysore State Congress Committee held on the 13th instant in the Congress Office, Bangalore:—1. The Executive Committee of the Mysore State Congress Committee puts on record its great feelings of sorrow at the sudden and unexpected demise of Sriman S. Kasturiranga Iyengar, Editor of the "Hindu", Madras, and feels that in his death India has lost a prince of Journalists, a stalwart patriot, a forward nationalist and a veteran Congress man. 2. This Committee brings back to its mind with gratitude the great help which the late Sriman Kasturiranga Iyengar rendered in the initial stages of the Congress activities in Mysore State by lending the weight of his personality in the work of collection of Tilak Swaraj Fund.

W. I. AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION.

It is satisfactory to note that since the Extraordinary General Meeting held in November, over 60 new members have been elected including 4 life members.

Undoubtedly motorists are taking more interest in the Association now and a special appeal is made to all members to help to put the Association on a stronger financial basis by encouraging their friends to join.

Hitherto motorists have hesitated to join because the Association had not in their opinion much to offer them, forgetting that if people would only join, then the Association will be able to do far more for its members.

Over 17,000 cars are now registered in the Bombay Presidency alone, and if the Association can receive the support of even 25 per cent of the motor owners in the Presidency, many of the following schemes might be put into force:—1. The Association might apply to be appointed as a Judicial body deciding motor cases. 2. Could conduct examination of chauffeurs to keep a register of good ones. 3. Could inaugurate touring information service with a view to making out itineraries for tours not only in the Presidency but in other parts of India as well as in other countries where the Association has affiliations. 4. Conduct official trials of new cars and new "gadgets." 5. Mobilise motor transport in the event of any emergency.

The above are simply a selection from a large number of schemes which the Committee has in view but which it finds difficult to put into operation at persent owing to shortage of funds.

There has been a large run on the W.I.A.A. Badge supplied by the Association at a nominal price of Rs. 15 as is shown by the fact that a further supply of Badges has had to be cabled for which should arrive about the end of this month.

As mentioned previously, branches have already been opened in Belgaum and Kolhapur. Owing to the able efforts of the Honorary Secretary, Kolhapur, this Branch alone has been responsible for bringing in a considerable number of new members.

Efforts are now being made to establish a Branch in Karachi and the Secretaries are anxious to hear from any Karachi motorist who would be willing to interest himself in organizing a Branch of this Associastion in Karachi.

SHIKAR AT MORVI.

PROTEST MEETING.

Under the auspices of the Morvi Seva Samaj a public meeting of the inhabitants of Cutch and Kathiawar residing in Bombay will be held this evening in the Morarji Gokuldas Hall at 5 p.m. (S.T.) under the presidentship of Mr. Burjorji F. Bharucha to consider the situation created in Morvi State by the Shikar programme arranged by the Thakore Saheb of Morvi for the entertainment of Col. W. M. P. Wood, other Princes and European guests during the Christmas. Sjts. Vallabhai Patel, Lakhanidas R. Tairsee, Mahadevbhai Desai Manilal Kothari and others will attend the meeting.

A BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.

The Royal Bahadur Circus hailing from Tellicherry in the Madras Presidency will give benefit performances at the Tankervielle, Gowalia Tank Road for the Zoroastrian Physical Culture and Health League. The Circus troupe consists of selected Indian as well as Japanese and Chinese acrobats. It is a typical Asiatic concern under Indian Management. It will give its opening night's performance to-day (Friday) when the Hon'ble Mr. Cowasji Jehangir (Junior) will preside. The members of the League will also take part and give some of their best performances.

BOYCOTT OF BRITISH GOODS.

NOTICE OF MOTION TO THANA MUNICIPALITY.

Mr. D. G. Mulherkar, an elected representative in the Thana Municipality has given notice of moving the following resolution at the meeting of the Thana Municipal General Board, which is to be held on Saturday, the 22nd instant:—

"That in view of the humiliating and unjust decision of the British Cabinet on the Kenya Question and that in view of the apathy of the Imperial Conference in not reversing the same the General Board is of opinion that in all future purchases all articles manufactured in the British Empire except India should be boycotted and such articles as could not be obtainable in India or in Foreign countries except the British Empire should alone be purchased from the British Empire.

THE STRIKE SPECTRE

EMPLOYEES' UNION FORMED.

SITUATION ON THURSDAY.

Although the situation of the lock-out at Matunga Workshops remained the same as before and promises no bright outlook until after Christmas, the spectre of mill-strike that frightened the Bombay public for the last five days, seems to be vanishing gradually, thanks to the prompt action of certain labour leaders.

A mass meeting of the mill-operatives of Bombay, most of whom belonged to the Jacob Sassoon Mill, was held on Thursday morning at the Workmen's Institute, Parel, when Mr. Jhabvala addressed the gathering and exhorted them to maintain peace at any cost. He said whatever their grievances be, they should represent them in a constitutional manner through their accredited spokesmen and with that end he advised them to organise a mill-operatives' Union.

The following resolutions were then passed unanimously:—

RESOLUTIONS.

That this meeting of the employees of the Jacob Sassoon Mill forms an Employees' Union.

That the following gentlemen do approach the employers to decide the question of the present lock-out of the Weaving Shed:—Messrs. Joseph Baptista, N. M. Joshi, F. J. Ginwalla, S. H. Jhabvala and others.

While this meeting was being addressed by Mr. Jhabvala, Mr. P. A. Kelly, Commissioner of Police, Bombay, visited the Jacob Sassoon Mill and was having consultation with the mill authorities there in regard to the lock-out declared by them. After some colloboration which lasted about half an hour the following notice was posted at the mill's gate:—

NOTICE AT JACOB SASSOON MILLS.

This mill will open to-morrow (December 21st) for work in all departments, except the Weaving Shed. All operatives (Jobbers and Weavers) will be paid their wages for December on Saturday (December 22nd).

(Sd.) FRED STONES,
Superintendent.

Bombay, December 20.

This news came with lightning like rapidity at the Workmen's Institute where the operatives were discussing the situation and received the fresh development with feelings of joy.

The Bradbury Mill management on the other hand have posted the following notice on Thursday:—

NOTICE AT BRADBURY MILLS.

As the weavers do not like to work at the rates given to them last time and have struck work, the Agents have now decided to stop the Weaving Department for four days from 20th to 23rd December and to pay off the strikers, including the head jobbers and line jobbers their due wages on Saturday (the 22nd December), and to start work with fresh hands with new rates from Monday (the 24th idem).

MATHURADAS AND PREMIER MILLS.

The Mathuradas and Premier Mills situation remained unchanged on Thursday, but only a handful of men have struck work from these mills

B. COM. LONDON & CAMBRIDGE SENIOR EXAMS.

Students of Commerce will be interested to know that after a long correspondence Prof. Davar of Davar's College of Commerce has succeeded in arranging to get permission for Indian candidates to appear both for the Cambridge School Certificate Examination to be held in Bombay in December 1924 and for the B. Com. Degree Examination in Colombo. By a special resolution of the Senate of the University of London, on the suggestion of Prof. Davar, the Senate has recognised the following Oriental languages one of which can be selected by the Cambridge School Certificate Examination students for their certificate to qualify themselves to be enrolled as under graduates of the London University. The approved languages are:—Persian, Guierati, Tamil, Urdu, Sanscrit, Sinhalese.

The College is prepared to enrol students holding either Matriculation or School Final or equivalent for a course of four years, the first of which will be devoted to the study for the Cambridge School Certificate Examination. The graduates will be enrolled for a three years' Course as they need not pass the Cambridge School Cert. Exam. As the term must begin on the 7th of January, the last date of enrolment fixed is 10th January 1924.

BOMBAY PROV. CONGRESS COMMITTEE

ELECTION OF A MEMBER TO THE ALL INDIA CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following circular notice:—

Mr. V. A. Desai having resigned his membership from the Byculla Dist. Congress Committee, has *ipso facto* vacated his seat on the B. P. C. C. as also his delegation to the All-India Congress Committee. As only one Mahomedan gentle man has been up to now elected to represent the B. P. C. C. on the All-India Congress Committee, nominations to that body are called for principally from Mahomedan members in order that the Lucknow Pact be fulfilled. Nominations should reach this office before 6 p.m. (S.T.) of the 21st instant. Poll will be taken at the offices of the B. P. C. C. on the 22nd instant, between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. (S.T.). Voting papers can be had at the polling place during the same hours.

A Veterinary dispensary at Kapadwanj was opened by Mr. H. K. Kirpalani Ag. Collector of Kaira on the 11th instant.

Mr. Jamnadas Chhaganlal Desai of Kapadwanj having contributed a sum of Rs. 8,000 towards the buildin expenses of the dispensary, the District Local Board, Kaira, decided to open in the name of the donor a dispensary which was a long-felt want in the Taluka.

COMPANY MEETINGS.

TATA PUBLICITY CORPORATION.

HEAVY LOSSES—NO DIVIDENDS.

The Third Annual general Meeting of the Shareholders of the Tata Publicity Corporation Ltd., was held at Nawsari Building, Bombay, on Thursday the 20th instant, Mr. R. D. Tata presiding.

The report the Directors stated:—

The Profit and Loss Account for the year shows a net loss of Rs. 2,64,77-4-3, which is mainly due to the trade depression and consequent diminution of advertising and job business, severe reduction in printing prices, decrease of printing and publicity work and litigation with Mr. Campbell Howes. They have made retrenchments in every direction possible, and have handed over the publication of "Industrial India" to a well-known Firm of Printers and Publishers. They had also made over the management of their Process Studio to the Proprietors of the Lakshmi Art Printing Works on a profit-sharing basis and have restricted their attention to the work of Job and Newspaper Printing and they hope to be able to show a moderate profit in these departments in their next Report.

They are at present considering the question of reduction of capital owing to the losses entailed during the last three years and they will place before you at an extraordinary meeting the proposals for such reduction.

In moving the adoption of the Directors' report the Chairman said the Directors and Agents regretted as much as the Shareholders the losses made by the Company and it was very unfortunate that the losses had been very heavy but that they were reducing all their commitments and had now only two departments (1) Job Printing Press and (2) the "Praja Mitra" press. They were handing over the 'Praja Mitra" press as it was working at a loss to some management whose chief man owned several papers which are working profitably, and who promised that perhaps within six months or a year he would make the "Praja Mitra" show profits. To do this they would have to reconstruct their Company and reduce their capital and for that purpose they were intending to call a special Extraordinary Meeting.

Mr. J. D. Gandhy seconded the adoption of the report.

Mrs. Daisy Claridge in opposing the adoption pointed out by figures that the paid up capital of the Company aggregating Rs. 14,44,856/- as at 30th June 1923, was wholly lost, i.e., the substratum of the company was altogether gone. It was up to the Directors to say how long and for whose benefit the Tata Publicity was to be run. The speaker then drew attention to a very curious thing viz: that the Balance Sheet has been signed by the Agents and the Directors subject to their remark "Errors and Ommission excepted which was usually found in grocers' and other shop keepers' Bills."

Mrs. Daisy Claridge accordingly moved that the report be not adopted and that a Committee (to be named hereafter) be appointed to look into the affairs of the company and that in the meantime the meeting be adjourned. Mrs. Claridge tried to find out a seconder to the above motion but was unable to find one among the less than a dozen shareholders and directors present at the meeting and therefore the amendment dropped.

The Chairman pointed out to Mrs. Claridge that if the Corporation was taken into liquidation nobody would be benefitted more than the Agents as they had advanced large sums to the Company and had advanced more to keep it going. If, however, Mrs. Claridge's object was only to examine the books of the Company she was welcome to do so.

Mrs. Claridge declined the offer and pressed for an adjournment of the meeting.

The motion of the adoption of the report was carried only Mrs. Claridge voting against.

After electng the retiring Directors and appointing Auditors the meeting came to an end.

JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.,

The Annual General Meeting of the Jupiter General Insurance Co., Ltd., was held on the 20th instant at the Company's registered office, Ewart House, Tamarind Lane, to adopt the accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1923, Mr. N. N. Wadia, C. I. E. presided.

The Director's reported stated:—

The premiums in the Fire Department after deduction of all re-insurances amounted to Rs. 32,62,429-9-7 and the Losses (claims paid and outstanding) to Rs. 16,40,43-0-3. The expenditure on management together with the Commission and Managing Agents' commission amounted to Rs. 13,71,888-5-1. After transfer from Profit and Loss Account of Rs. 129,834.11-9 a Fire Fund of Rs. 13,04,971-0-0 equal to 40 per cent of premiums in respect of unexpired Insurances has been maintained. Loss ratio was at 50.28 per cent. and the expenses and commission came to 40.33 per cent which compares favourably with the leading British Companies.

The net premiums in the Marine Department after deduction of all re-insurances, returns and discounts amounted to Rs. 1,26,931-9-1. The sums paid in connection with claims admitted and the amount reserved for claims intimated but awaiting particulars make a total of Rs. 57,990, 10-8. The expenses of Management together with commission and Managing Agents' Commission amounted to Rs. 40,175,4-5 showing a balance of Rs. 47,719-6-1 which has been placed to the Marine Fund.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

The General Income derived from investments etc., and transfer fees and the Managing Agents'' Commission for 1922 amount to Rs. 2,16,022-1-5. After charging the account with the Directors' Fees, Auditors' Fees and after transferring Rs. 1,97,834-11-9 to the Fire Revenue Account there is a balance of Rs. 4,529,7-3 which the Directors recommend be carried forward to next years' account.

The Chairman in moving the adoption of the report said that the Company was getting on very well and their ratio of expenses compared very favourably with foreign Companies of long standing.

Mr. Shantidas Askuran seconded and it was carried unanimously.

After a hearty vote of thanks to the Chairman, the Managing Agents and the staff the meeting came to a close.

THE GOKULDAS CULLIANJEE AHMEDNAGAR COTTON PRESS CO., LIMITED.

The Thirty-first Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of The Gokuldas Callianjee Ahmednagar Cotton Press Co. Ltd., was held on Thursday 20th December 1923 at 3 p.m. (B.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company at 74-76, Bora Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Mr. Moolje Shanjee presiding.

The Directors in the course of their report for the year ending 30th June 1923 stated that a net profit of Rs. 52269-12-0 has been made during the year. On the balance of Rs. 689-4-4 brought over from last year's Account being added the amount available for disposal is Rs. 52,959-0-4 which the Directors recommended to dispose of as under:—

To write off to Machinery depreciation	Rs. 6000	0	0
To write off to Building depreciation	Rs. 1000	0	0
To write off to Dead stock and Furniture depreciation	Rs. 100	0	0
To carry to Reserve Fund	Rs. 7500	0	0
To carry to Fire Insurance Fund	Rs. 7500	0	0
To carry to Leasehold Fund	Rs. 5000	0	0
To carry to Bad Debt Reserve	Rs. 5000	0	0
To pay a Dividend free of Income Tax for the year ending 30th June 1923 at Rs. 14 per share of Rs. 100 each	Rs. 10500	0	0
To pay Bonus to Company's Staff	Rs. 700	0	0
To carry forward to next year's Account	Rs. 9659	0	4
Total	Rs. 52959	0	4

The Directors' Report was adopted together with recommendations made in it.

The retiring Director Mr. Gordhandas Gokuldas was re-elected as Director.

Mr. S. A. Sharanghdhar was appointed an Auditor for the ensuing year.

The Meeting terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

ATHLETICS IN BOMBAY.

ALL-INDIA OPENAMATEUR MEETI NG.

All arrangements for this meeting are now complete. There are about 100 competitors and more than 250 entries, so that a splendid two days sport is anticipated.

This evening's sports will start off with the Marathon Race, for which only 7 competitors have entered, at least four of these are expected to put up some good times.

There are 22 events down for competition on the Saturday including the heats and finals of the various races. There are 18 entries for the 100 yards Scratch Race which will be run in 3 heats. The 100 yards handicap has attracted 13 entries and some good racing should be seen.

The half-mile which will be the 2nd event on Saturday has a field of seven runners.

The hurdles should produce some keen competition. Two previous holders of the B.B. & C.I. Challenge Bowl are competing, and both ought to qualify for the finals on Friday. Other competitors Lieut. Stewart of the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers and Sergt. Power of the B. C. P. should make this race interesting. The first 3 in each heat on Friday will qualify for the finals.

There is a field of 16 for the 220 yards race. Lynn, Ford, and P. Powell are the local cracks who figure in this event while Townsley, Cleverly and Battinson of the Royal West Kents and Williams and Norris of the K. S. L. I. are all good outside entries.

For the Quarter, 13 have entered and heats will be run off on Friday.

3 MILE TEAM RACE.

Only two teams have entered for the 3 mile Team Race. This is the first time for this race to be run in Bombay The men will be numbered as they come in and the team scoring the least will be the winners, every man to count. This should prove an interesting race as the result may be in doubt until the last man arrives at the winning post.

HIGH JUMP.

Waddeups, the holder is entered for this event, but Bhattacharjee, the old Grant Medical boy, should run him very close for 1st place.

For the Mile there are 17 entries. We ought to see something good from the 3 Royal West Kent entries.

The School Boy 100 and Quarter should produce some good racing. Johnson of Bishop Cotton School and Whelan from Nasik should provide a good race.

In the 2 and 2 mile Cycle Races, last years winners have all entered.

Eight teams are entered for the Relay, and Heats will be run off on Friday.

The School Boy Races which were cancelled last year are to be run again this year, and a Challenge Cup is to be given to the winner of the 100 yards race. There is also a Challenge Cup for the School Boy Quarter.

The change of the Sports from the Oval to the Cooperage ought to prove a great success. Already the Bombay School Boys' Sports have been run on this ground as also the Olympic Trials and the Inter-Collegiate Sports. There is ample space on the stands for all to witness the games with a considerable amount of comfort and without crowding.

It is hoped that as an outcome of this year's sports a permanent cinder track may be built on which the numerous sports now being held may be run off and one which will also provide a suitable and convenient ground for practice.

The Sports commence at 4-30 on Friday and at 3 p.m. sharp on Saturday.

BOMBAY RACES.

THIRD EXTRA MEETING.

HORSES LEFT-IN.

SATURDAY, 22ND DECEMBER 1923.
1st Race Starts at 2-15 p.m.

THE RIPON PLATE. Distance 1 Mile, 1 Furlongs:—Winner Rs. 2,500 second Rs. 750, third Rs. 500. For Horses in the 3rd Division.

Lady Cleopatra 9-4, Blackwater 9-4, Treasury 9-1, Rakings 9-1, Etheldene 9-1, Old Sport 9-1 Allensmore II 8-8 Limehouse Lights 8-8, Moonshiner 7-11 Trail 7-11.

THE VELLARD PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs, 41 yards.—Winner Rs. 2,500; second Rs. 750, third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division.

Mimi 9-10, Belle Syme 9-8, Country Lad 9-6, Island Lord 9-6, White Dart 9-4, Entree 9-2, Bridal Blush 9-1 Zigomar 9-1, Mollah 9-0, Golden Vision 8-13, Nikolaki 8-12, Woorali 8-8 Pin Money 8-7, Laranja 8-6, Coryste 8-5, Martenora 8-1, Lady Loo 8-0, Musk Rat 7-13, Irrigate 7-12, Jovial 7-5, Green Bitter 7-5, Lomo 7-5.

THE ELLESMERE HANDICAP. Distance 6 Furlongs, 41 yards.—Winner Rs. 4,000 second Rs. 1,250, third Rs. 750. A Handicap for Horses 3 and 4 years old only.

Resemblance 9-12, Rowardennan 9-10, Courior 9-8, Kaser Girl 9-3, Voltage 8-3, Corisande 7-13 French Furze 7-8, Musk Rat 7-2.

THE VIHAR PLATE. Distance 5 Furlongs. Winner Rs. 4,000, second Rs. 1,200; third Rs. 750. A Handicap for Arabs in the 1st and 2nd Divisions.

Krishan 10-12, Resident 9-6, Karikata 9-1, Silver Streak 9-0, Marshal Petain 9-0, Waterloo 9-0, Andolia 8-12, Baktavar 8-10 Bismark 7-11, Shums 7-5, Triumph 7-3.

THE X'MAS PLATE. Distance 6 Furlongs, 41 yards.—Winner Rs. 10,000, second Rs. 3,000, third Rs. 2,000. Handicap for Horses in the 1st and 2nd Division.

Owen Roe 10-4, Eddi 9-3 Brixworth 9-2, Joy Girl 9-2, Heart's Ease 8-6 Whit Week 8-6, Whispering 8-0, Crushed Glass 7-13, Starboard 7-12, Colleby 7-7, Belvedere 7-4, Mist 7-4, Tarvie 7-0, Footpedal 6-9.

THE BHULESHWAR PLATE. Distance 1 Mile.—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. For Arabs in the 3rd Division.

DIVISION I.

Hero 9-4, Lucknow 9-0, Tripoli 9-0, Cairo 9-7, Million 8-12, Grey Renard 8-10, Taj 8-10, Nadir Shah 8-11, Red 8-7, Mashook 8-7, Famous 8-7, Talatbeg 8-7, Guinea 8-5, Arabistan 8-1, Vasil 8-1 Sheboob 7-12.

THE BHULESHWAR PLATE. Distance 1 Mile.—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. For Arabs in the 3rd Division.

DIVISION II.

Razeet 9-2, Commander 9-1, Cock Sparrow 9-0, Fahtak 9-0, Karkadan 8-12 Hoomedi 8-12, Kapurthala 8-11, Naldera 8-10, Rajput 8-8, Farhan 8-7, Khattoon 8-7, Guarantee 8-7 Kamel 8-7, Rex 8-3, Nassim 8-1, Little Joke 7-12.

THE BHULESHWAR PLATE. Distance 1 Mile.—Winner Rs. 1,000, second Rs. 300, third Rs. 200. For Arabs in the 3rd Division.

(DIVISION III.)

Gulmarg 9-4, Rising Star 9-2, Cable 9-0 Sinnan 9-0, Vazir'mulk 9-0, Nicholas 9-0 Aerial Mail 9-0, Ajeel 8-12, Clinker 8-10 Buyant 8-8, Nafa 8-7, Aggregate 8-7, Sulib 8-7, Sheriff 8-7, Glass 7-11, Asud 7-12.

HIGH COURT.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS

THE COLLINS CASE.

Emperor.
v/s.
Col. Collins.

In this matter Mr. B. J. Desai counsel for the accused appeared before his Lordship Justice Kajiji and applied that pending the trial of the accused on the two remaining charges of cheating, he should be let out on bail.

The Hon. the Advocate-General submitted that some sufficient security should be taken for the appearance of the accused.

The learned Judge directed that the accused to be released on his depositing a sum of Rs. 10,000 in Court and on his furnishing two sureties for his appearance and to the extent of Rs. 15,000 each. He further directed that the accused should report himself to the Commissioner of Police every day till the day of his trial.

APPELLATE SIDE.

BREACH OF PRISON RULES

Warder Saiphan Rasul,
v/s.
The King-Emperor.
(Before Justice Sir Lallubhai Shah and Justice Crump.)

This was a revisional application against the order of Mr. A. C. Wild, Sessions Judge of Poona, confirming the conviction and sentence passed by Mr. G. N. Atre, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, W. D., Poona. The Magistrate had found the applicant guilty under Section 42 of the Prisons Act and Section 161 of the Indian Penal Code and sentenced him to suffer rigorous imprisonment for 3 months on each charge, the sentences to run consecutively.

The facts are these:—The Petitioner is a convict warder in the Yerawda jail and was accused 2 in the lower court, being tried along with Hasrat Mohani for offences under Sec. 42 of the Prisons Act and Sec. 161 of the Indian Penal Code. The prosecution alleged that Sakharam, Head Warder, was doing duty as a gatekeeper in the jail on 20th July last at 9-30 A.M. and admitted accused 2 Saifan into the jail-for-the-purpose after searching him and satisfying himself that accused 2 carried no prohibited articles on his person etc. into the jail. The next day at 9-45 a.m. accused 2 returned from duty. Sakharam again searched him and discovered that accused 2 had in his bedding 5 copies of the newspaper "Bombay Chronicle", a copy of an Urdu newspaper, a note written in Urdu and addressed to a barber in the town of Poona and a rupee. The Urdu note translated into English read as follows:—

In the Name of God.
Benevolent Sir, Salam.
Received newspaper. I had received before this also the newspaper and the Jalwa. I have written this by way of information. God will reward you for the trouble you undertake to make provision for my comforts. I am sending one rupee, send one anna pieces for the same."

Sakharam then took the accused 2 to the jailor and eventually Hasrat Mohani (accused 1) and accused 2 were put on their trial. Accused 2 admitted having given the newspapers, the chit and the rupee. Accused 2 also admitted the facts, but both of them pleaded not guilty to the charges.

Under Act. 485 of the Bombay Jail Manual, letters and newspapers are prohibited from being brought into or taken out of the prison, and the introduction or removal of anything which is prohibited by rules passed by Government is an offence under Sec. 42 of the Prisons Act IX of 1894. The Magistrate therefore held that both the accused were guilty under that section. Further, the Magistrate held that accused 1 paid Re. one to the accused 2 as illegal gratification for forbearing to do an official act. Accused was a paid Warder and therefore a public servant. On these grounds, the Magistrate convicted both the accused under Sec. 161 of the Indian Penal Code. Hasrat Mohani was sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for 6 months for the first offence and 2 years for the second offence the sentences to run one after the other. Accused No. 2 was convicted and sentenced as mentioned at the outset.

Hasrat Mohani, who had declined to take part in the trial at an early stage did not appeal but accused 2 did appeal to the Sessions Judge of Poona who rejected it. Accused 2 therefore applied to the High Court to revise the order.

Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar on behalf of the applicant contended that the convictions were contrary to law, Sec. 42 of the Prisons Act did not apply in a case like this. Even assuming the conviction under Sec. 42 was right there was no justification the conviction and sentence under Sec. 161 of the Indian Penal Code. The Petitioner was not a public servant. Apart from that, there was no evidence whatever that accused 2 took the rupee as a bribe. There was no warrant for the presumption (drawn by both the Courts below) that Petitioner had that intention. The statements of both the accused that the rupee was given to the Petitioner for the purpose of exchanging it for small coins could not be accepted, since the said coins were not found with the Petitioner corroborated this allegation.

Their Lordships issued a rule to show cause why the conviction and sentence should not be set aside.

Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar and Messrs. Ginwalla & Co. appeared for the Petitioner.

MR. UMAR SOBANI.

We understand that Mr. Umar Sobani is a candidate for a seat on the A. I. C. C.

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PUBLIC MEETING

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE

AT

MARWARI VIDYALAYA

SANDHURST ROAD

TO-DAY

MAULANA SHAUKAT ALI.
SJT. VALABBHAI PATEL.
SJT. SHANKERLAL BANKER.

WILL ADDRESS THE MEETING

ON

The Situation at Borsad.

The Bombay Chronicle.
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1923.
(65Ist Day of Mahatma's Imprisonment.)

SHIKAR IN MORVI.

Our Ahmedabad correspondent reports "considerable excitement of public feeling in Morvi State against the programme of *shikar* arranged by H. H. the Thakore Saheb for the entertainment of Col. Wood, Agent to the Governor in Kathiawar, and several other European officers who have been invited to Morvi during Christmas." The reader unacquainted with the peculiar conditions of Morvi might reasonably wonder why a shooting party offered by way of entertainment by the Maharaja to his guests, which in other Indian States would be regarded as a common act of courtesy, is there resented. The late Thakore Saheb, whatever may have been his shortcomings as a ruler, had one great virtue in the eyes of good Hindus. As our correspondent puts it, he "never shot a singl animal during the whole of his life nor did he invite or allow European officers to do *shikar* in any part of his territory". Consequently in the Morvi State, vast herds of different kinds roam unafraid, and look upon mankind as friends not enemies. In other words from the opposite European or shikari point of view, which aims at slaughter, game is plentiful and not too "shy" in Morvi State. This state of things became the envy of the bold *shikaris* in the neighbouring States, and requests were made for leave to enter and destroy. But the old Thakore Saheb always refused permission, even to H. H. the Jam Saheb of Jamnagar. It is said among the Morvi people that the old Thakore Saheb, on his deathbed, charged his son and successor to preserve the prohibition of slaughter of wild animals in Morvi territory. That may or may not be true; but the people do undoubtedly regard the killing of harmless wild creatures as a crime akin to murder, and are really filled with horror at the whole business of *shikar*.

There has already, we are informed, been unpleasantness in Morvi, arising from the permission granted by the present Thakore Saheb to European officers to shoot in his dominions. A scene of slaughter near a town and the killing of birds in village ponds of which the water is used for drinking purposes invariably causes a wave of angry feeling. One point of added grievance which has been brought to our notice has the air of probability: it is that shikar entails forced labour of a kind most offensive to the feelings of the people. The inhabitants of the State are most of them Hindus, to whom the work of helping to destroy wild creatures and of carrying slaughtered animals is at once a crime and a defilement. The late Thakore Saheb, in addition to his care for animals, permitted no forced labour in the State. The allowance of *shikar* by his successor is thus doubly obnoxious to the subjects.

Where public opinion on a subject is so strong and so well-known, it seems an act of folly in a ruler, and of bad manners, in official representatives of the protecting Government to flout it openly. We hope that, as our correspondent suggests in his last paragraph, effective pressure may be brought to bear upon the Thakore Saheb on one hand, and on the truculent *shikaris* on the other to cancel the *shikar* programme so incongruously fixed for the occasion of the celebration of the birthday of Jesus Chirst and that "a situation of acute discontent" in Morvi State may thus be avoided.

THE SWARAJ PARTY AND ITS PROGRAMME.

We drew attention on Wednesday to the imperative necessity of the central organisation of the Swaraj Party meeting immediately and formulating a clear-cut programme to be followed by Swarajists in every province instead of leaving the provinces to drift for themselves. The aim of the Swaraj Party being to destroy the Reform scheme as a whole and to secure, if possible,—for the nation has no illusion in this respect—the satisfaction of the country's entire demand and not to achieve "provincial responsible Government" in this province or that, the activities of its members not merely in the Legislative Assembly but also in every Council must be determined by that aim and nothing else. They have set out to wreck the reforms or to win Swaraj. There cannot be a half-way house between these two aims. Pandit Motilal Nehru speaking at Benares the other day declared: "The Delhi resolution which was passed at the insistence of the Swarajists and for their benefit referred to them as Congressmen and the opening words of the resolution reaffirming the adherence of the Congress to the principles of non-violent-Non-Cooperation in effect amounted to a direction that those who availed themselves of the option allowed were bound as Congressmen to keep the ideal of Non-Cooperation constantly before them." The Swarajists, in fact, cannot forget that their successes at the elections were entirely the result of the Delhi resolution and that, so far as the electors are concerned, they are Congressmen first and last. They cannot, therefore, consistently with their declared aim and the support given to them by the electors under the Delhi resolution listen to seductive voices and express readiness to accept compromises as a price for victory in one province or another. The attainment of Swaraj, and nothing else than Swaraj—that is, the complete satisfaction of the nation's demand—is the only justification of the Party's adventure. Whether the adventure succeeds or fails does not matter. But what does matter is that the Swaraj Party should not betray the interest or honour of the country by ignoble compromises. That is the all-prevailing consideration which must inform the discussion at the meeting of the General Council of the Party, which, we are glad to see, has been called at Cocanada. The agenda of business at the meeting is to settle the general principles and policy to be followed by the Swarajist members of the Central and the Provincial Legislatures; to formulate specific demands on behalf of India to be presented to the British Government; to frame such instructions for the guidance of the members of the said Legislatures as may be deemed necessary; to appoint a small committee with full powers to deal with all questions which may arise from time to time out of the proceedings in the said Legislatures, and also to deal with all questions affecting the conduct of the Swarajist members, and to consider their relation to the other parties and other members of the said Legislatures. The meeting has not been called too soon. The achievements of the Parnellites in the British House of Commons is the inspiration of the Swaraj Party. What success was attained by the Parnellites was due mainly to this fact that they had one definite programme which they, acting as one man, unflinchingly followed in foul weather and fair. The Swaraj Party cannot expect to do any substantial work unless its activities both in the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Councils are carried on on similar lines.

Notes of the Day.

"Is Switzerland Civilised?"

We have been shocked by the extraordinary silence of the English daily Press over the acquittal of Conradi, who murdered the Bolshevik envoy at Lausanne, and Swiss public enthusiasm at the verdict. We are glad, therefore, to come upon the following letter, and particularly glad to find it in the Die-hard Tory organ, the "Saturday Review":—

To the Editor of the "Saturday Review."

Sir,—It is probably owing to the state of the political atmosphere at home that the daily papers have allowed to pass without comment the extraordinary incident reported from Switzerland. The murderer Conradi has been acquitted, and the verdict was received with tempestuous approval both within and without the court!

The crime was premeditated and cold-blooded, yet Switzerland, which claims to be an enlightened country, has 'endorsed the right to assassinate.' Will anyone suggest that if even a Bolshevist had been shot down in England his murderer would have escaped the consequences? The verdict displays so complete an ignorance of the principles of justice that one is forced to ask: "Is Switzerland civilized?"

I am, etc.,
C. L. FREERTON.

The reason for the Swiss behaviour in this case is the same which is usually to be found when a highly civilized State indulges in some savage outburst—vested interests. Switzerland supplied many of the officials of the late Czarist Government of Russia, who have been deprived of their position and livelihood by the Soviet Government; and a good deal of Swiss capital was invested in Czarist Russian enterprises. Thus the only true republic in Europe was linked by ties, which have been proved more close than those of kinship or humanity, to Europe's most atrocious despotism. So Switzerland must add another heavy link to the long chain of injustice, the weight of which is killing Europe visibly.

The Viceroy on Imperial Preference.

Speaking at the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on Tuesday, Lord Reading indulged in one of his usual ebullitions, which while taking credit for his Government for the merest nothings, often ignore the needs and desires of the country in a most invidious manner. He told his audience, for instance, of the feats of Mr. Innes, which, so far as a dispassionate onlooker can judge, amounted to precisely nothing. For we cannot consider the merely passive attitude he adopted on questions like Imperial Preference as any achievement. It is true India has sometimes to be thankful to her present rulers for simply not doing any harm. But the explanation Lord Reading offers of this passive attitude is anything but stimulating. Because the Indian Legislature has not had a chance to discuss the question of Imperial Preference,—and herein his Excellency appears to have forgotten or misapprehended the general tone of the discussion in the Assembly on the fiscal resolution last March—his Government remained entirely passive at the Imperial Conference. And then Lord Reading, like the skilful advocate that he is, follows up the observation by the remark that India is the only country in the Empire that does not grant any preference to Empire goods. We commend Lord Reading as an advocate, but we despair of him as a statesman. For he forgets that preference can never possibly be considered without first establishing protection—efficient and effective—to the native industries of a country; that Britain indulges in no great charity in granting the preferences Lord Reading has so painstakingly enumerated; that preference on coffee, tea and tobacco,—even if it means such a valuable concession as he makes out—is not particularly a source of riches to the country; and that even if the present legislature has not had an opportunity specifically and definitely to discuss any project of Imperial Preference, the opinion of the country cannot for a moment be misunderstood by any one who professes to have his hand upon the pulse of the country; and, above all, that even if all these considerations did not exist, the country has resolved to boycott British goods, and that, therefore, there is absolutely no room or call even to mention the subject of Imperial Preference at the present juncture.

India—the Beast of Burden.

We do not believe the speech of Lord Reading at the Bengal Chamber was of the slightest service to India or the Empire. If its implications indicate the mentality of the head of the Government—and surely Lord Reading's enumeration of the instances of preference granted by Britain to Indian goods are reminiscent of the spider's advice to the fly—every Indian interest and individual would do well to remind Lord Reading of the country's decision and sentiment. The Viceroy may indulge in platitudes about the utility of the "Imperial" Conferences as helping different countries to know one another better. But no one will be misled by such platitudes in view of the staring facts of the situation. The Empire wants India only as a beast of burden. Does India then want the burden of the Empire only, when she is to have none of its benefits?

The Fortunes of War.

Somehow the Chairman's speech at Wednesday's annual general meeting of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company lacks that strident note of irrepressible resolve to make good its position, which marked and distinguished last year's pronouncement by him. As far as we can judge from the balance sheet and other information contained in the Chairman's speech, there is not the less cause this year for that note of bold defiance, which an Indian Company in the shipping world must needs adopt today *vis-a-vis* the monopolistic foreign interests now in the field. Mr. Narottam Morarji adopts a note of "qualified optimism" as regards the fortunes of the Company in the immediate future. We are inclined to think there is no cause for despondency, given the "goodwill and co-operation" of his co-proprietors, though the immediate portents are anything but encouraging. We must congratulate the head of the Scindia concern on having openly admitted the disastrous results, as well as the strangling nature, of the rate war through which his Company has had to pass during the last year; and in which it made a sufficiently plucky stand to bring the most soundly entrenched monopolist to his knees. But the fortunes of war are proverbially uncertain. It is, indeed, impossible to approve altogether of the arrangement the Scindia Company has entered into with the foreign monopolists of the Indian shipping business. We recognise, of course, the dictating nature of the consideration of proprietors' profit, which could not have permitted the Directors, even if they were bold enough, to persist in their unequal struggle with the alien monopolists. Understandings of the nature disclosed by Mr. Narottam may have been inevitable in the shareholders' interests; but Mr. Narottam, we trust, would be the first to admit that such pacts with the foreign exploiters do not by any means appear consistent with "the patriotic object" for which the Chairman says the Company was brought into being and has been working.

Rate-War.

The real nature of the Scindia and British India Companies' arrangement is, we are glad to say, not unknown to the Directors of the former, since one of them, giving evidence before the Mercantile Marine Committee, is reported to have described the agreement as simply a bond of slavery for the Scindia Company. The only consolation, in the circumstances, is that the awakened consciousness of the people of India in this regard,—and let us at this juncture freely offer our tribute, so well deserved, to the Scindia Company for having aroused that consciousness—will not tolerate those expedients which, like the deferred system, have helped to rivet the foreign exploiter's chains upon the Indian shipping interests. It is to be hoped the proposals for the immediate delegalisation of the deferred rebate system, as well as the reservation of the coastal traffic to Indian concerns, will not be long delayed from materialising in specific legislation. If and when this happens contracts and agreements of the above nature will have automatically to go by the board. Considering the Scindia Company's position more in detail, we have every sympathy for the Directors in their uphill work; but, it seems to us, Mr. Narottam and his colleagues on the Board are inclined to stress too much the factor of the rate-war. Trade depression doubtless explains a great deal of the slump in the present shipping business. But besides these standing factors, it must be admitted that the tonnage at the disposal of the Scindia Company, and the facilities accordingly providable by that concern, are not in proportion to the requirements of the country and the ambitions of the Company. The fact must be the more easily recognised, because the Directors of this Indian concern have been obliged to take a good deal of additional tonnage on time charter; and even to buy fresh steamers. It cannot, therefore, be too strongly emphasised that if the Scindia Company proposes at all to serve the shipping interests of the country efficiently, it would do well to take up as much additional tonnage as it can possibly scrap together. The market is sufficiently low today to enable it to make provision against the day when we shall get the complete reservation of the coasting trade of India for Indian-owned ships.

THE ARAB QUESTION.

XI*

RETURN TO BENEVOLENCE.

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The reader who has followed me so far will find it difficult to believe that there was ever at the back of all this muddle, which has caused and still is causing so much pain and misery to Muslims, the vestige of a good intention towards Islam. At the time when it first became evident that England had become irrevocably attached to Czarist Russia and must therefor acquiesce in Russia's Near East policy, the intention in the minds of English statesmen, who then sought a fresh focus for the enthusiasm of Muslims and thought that they had found it in Arabia, cannot be described as hostile to Islam. Regarding the destruction of Turkey as something settled which it was not in their power to alter, they cast about to find a scheme for the reconstruction of the Muslim world, which might to some extent console the Muslim subjects of the British Empire for the loss of Turkey. What could be better for the purpose than an Arab Empire? The very words had an inspiring sound, which, it was thought, could hardly fail to rouse enthusiasm in the Muslims. So the Khedive Abbas Hilmi's flexible and airy dream became the stern and rigid project of the British Government. It was not adopted through malevolence towards British Muslims, as many Orientals now suppose; but it was adopted on unsound and inexpert advice, and it was taken much too seriously.

England's "Muslim" Propaganda.

If Turkey had really been wiped off the map as the result of England's espousal of the Czarist policy, no scheme, however amiable, for the reconstruction of Islam could ever have reconciled the Muslims of the British Empire to the British Government. That was the truth which the so-called "experts"—real apologists—or the Government in Eastern matters dared not state, because it would have been unpalatable to the Government. Englishmen who dared to state it ruined their careers. Instead, the "experts" feverishly set to work to furnish arguments for the support of the scheme which had found favour with the Government. By dint of repeating the arguments they had themselves invented, they became dogmatic, arrogant, tyrannical and incidentally exceedingly obnoxious to the Muslim world. The war increased the number of these ardent champions of an unsound policy enormously, and made them more dogmatic and imperious. They laid down the law upon the subject of Islam even to learned Muslims, as if they were supreme authorities upon the subject. One of them, in high position, offered the Khilafat of the Muslims to men who were not even Sunnis, at a dinner-table. They got hold of tags of Muslim phraseology, misquoted texts of Muslim Holy Scripture (gleaned at second hand), and distorted Sayings of the Holy Prophet from their real meaning. From such material they manufactured what was known as England's "Muslim propaganda", ostensibly intended to placate the Muslims of the world!

An Offence to Muslims.

It was but natural that men, who, in the realm of thought, could think it possible to impose upon the Muslims their own hurriedly conceived ideas of what the Muslims should believe, by simple dint of vehemence, should, when it came to action, make a similar miscalculation. Forgetful of the purpose of the Arab Empire project, which was to appease and gratify the Muslims, they advocated, in the Arabic-speaking provinces of Turkey "liberated" by the British troops, not what the peoples desired, but what they considered that the peoples ought to have desired if they were sensible; and that, of course, was British guidance and control. Just as anybody who "opposed" the so-called "Muslim" propaganda by pointing out how it offended Muslim feeling was regarded as a traitor to the cause of England in the war, so those of the Arabic-speaking inhabitants of the Ottoman Empire who ventured to proclaim their real wishes were regarded as rebellious, ill-conditioned savages. Thus the original idea of pleasing Muslims was entirely lost in the routine of policy, and the scheme for gratifying British Muslims became in practice an offence to the whole Muslim world.

Damage to Prestige.

It is not too much to say that England's prestige in Eastern lands has suffered more from British than from enemy propaganda, and that Britain's victory in the circumstances has been far more damaging to that prestige with Muslims than would have been her defeat in defence of an ideal which Muslims could appreciate. The same dogmatic ignorance of the nature of the deeps on which they launched their policy which led British statesmen and officials to impose a foreign yoke upon the Arabic-speaking provinces instead of giving them their independence as at first proposed, now leads a section of officialdom to cling to the possession of Mesopotamia and South Syria and to find reasons why these countries must be British. Only the other day we had a British general declaring that the possession of Palestine was strategically necessary in order to secure our hold upon the Suez Canal. The possession of the island of Cyprus was considered quite sufficient for that purpose for more than a quarter of a century before the war. What has happened since to make it insufficient? And will the angering of the Arab population of Palestine by a British occupation in the interests of Jews really tend to the security of the British on the canal in the event of war more than would the existence of a friendly, independent Arab Government in Southern Syria? The great enthusiasm for the Turkish Republic and for Mustafa

(Continued on page 9.)

*Previous articles appeared on the 16th, 20th, 23rd, 27th 30th November and 4th, 7th, 11th, 14th and 18th instant.

BRITAIN AND SOVIET.

NORMAL RELATIONS LIKELY.

LIABILITY FOR PREWAR DEBT TO BE ADMITTED.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

London.—The "Westminster Gazette" anticipates British recognition of the Soviet Government and re-opening of full trade relations soon after the Conservative Government relinquishes office. The paper states that important negotiations have been proceeding from which it is clear that the Moscow Government will admit liability for pre-war Russian debt to Britain. Russia in return claims compensation for damages arising out of the Allied support to "White" forces after the Revolution and also requires credits as a preliminary to an agreement. The paper states that £400,000 contract for electrical machinery has just been completed with an important British firm.—Reuter.

MR. HUGHES' REPLY TO RUSSIA.

STATE DEPARTMENT'S SUPPORT.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

Washington.—In support of Mr. Hughes' refusal to negotiate with Russia the State Department has published the intercepted and detailed plans from the Soviet Government to the "Workers' Party" in America for a proletarian revolution in the United States to "raise the red flag over the White House." A part of the programme provided for the organisation of fighting units who will be instructed weekly in shooting and sapper work. The Soviet documents express the confidence that carrying out the instructions will give enormous results in preparing thousands of new propagandists and future leaders of military forces of the Party and faithful fighters during the social revolution.—Reuter.

AMERICAN PRESIDENCY.

MR. FORD NOT OPPOSING PRESIDENT COOLIDGE.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

Detroit.—Mr. Ford has decided not to oppose President Coolidge for the Presidency. —Reuter.

COCANADA CONGRESS,

POSTPONED TO 28TH,

(Associated Press.)

COCANADA, Dec. 20.

Mr. Konda Venkatappayya issues the following:—

Alteration of the Congress date is found inevitable, after prolonged telegraphic correspondence with the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee and Mr. C. R. Das, who asked for two days' adjournment. Accordingly the Congress is adjourned to 28th instant 2 p.m. It is prayed that the delegates in other provinces will kindly put up with any inconvenience that this alteration may cause and attend the Congress.

The All-India Congress Committee meeting will be held on 26th instant at 2 p.m. converting itself into the Subjects Committee after transacting formal business. The Working Committee meets on the 26th morning at 8. Leaders' Conference will be held on the 26th night.

SWARAJISTS' MEETING.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 20.

The meeting of the general Swarajya Council at Cocanada to consider the Council policy of the Swarajists will be held on 29th December and not on the 26th as previously announced.

TINNEVELLY FLOODS.

HEAVY DAMAGE BUT NO LOSS OF LIFE.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Dec. 19.

Heavy damage is reported to have been done by floods at Tinnevelly at the beginning of the week, the whole town being practically submerged. There was, however no loss of life and water is now subsiding.

In connection with the Tinnevelly floods a Madura message says there have been heavy floods in Tambaraparni river for the last four days. Besides a few big tanks in the district have breached. Portions of Tinnevelly town, Sanniasi Gramam, Kailasapuram and few other places are three to five feet under water. Tinnevelly bridge, Srivaikuntam, Tiruchundur and some other railway stations have been under water. For the last three days all communications beyond Srivaikuntham have been cut off. No loss of life is reported up till now. Arrangements have been made to take mails and passengers by motor from Tinnevelly via Nagercoil to Trivandrum.

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling brazing and every conceivable purpose for which heat an power are required, since it is found th heat can be regulated to a nicety impossible with solid fuel.

TANGIER CONVENTION.

BRITISH PRESS JUBILANT.

LORD CURZON CONGRATULATED

LEAFIELD, Dec 19.

Newspapers, in expressing their satisfaction at the signature of the Tangier Convention, emphasise its good effect on Anglo-French relations. The "Morning Post" after declaring that the essential conditions from the British viewpoint are secured, namely an open door for commerce, the permanent neutrality of Tangier and the International regime, which prevents supreme control by any one Power, says "we are left with the consoling thought that if France and Great Britain can agree about Tangier there is no reason why they should not also agree about the Ruhr."

The "Daily Telegraph" diplomatic correspondent records considerable gratification felt in British circles at the completeness of the agreement with France on the subject, which had long been a sore and even a dangerous point in Anglo-French relations. The correspondent says it is claimed that the essential safeguards of the open door and neutrality required by Britain have been definitely obtained, thanks to the conciliatory spirit shown by the French Government and thoroughly reciprocated by the British in recent weeks. The negotiations have ended in a cordial atmosphere.

The Paris correspondent of the "Times" says Robertson and Villiers, the British delegates have succeeded in obtaining all important British points and at the same time have cemented Anglo-French relations, and it is hoped that Anglo-Franco and Spanish friendship will tend greatly to secure the eventual prosperity of Tangier.

OBSTACLE TO FRIENDSHIP REMOVED.

The "Daily News" says that the practical benefit to Britain of the agreement which has now been reached, thanks chiefly to the patient policy and spirit of conciliation shown by Lord Curzon, is that it removes a serious obstacle to friendship and understanding between this country and France.

The "Daily Chronicle" declares that the present satisfactory result is largely due to Lord Curzon's persistent efforts to remove what was an outstanding difficulty between France and England. It adds "Tangier is a strategical point in the Mediterranean and its neutrality is a gain to the cause of peace."

The "Birmingham Post" learns from an authoritative source that other problems of a similar character affecting the Anglo-French relations are being approached from the same standpoint and some equally satisfactory settlements on smaller points may be expected. The policy of the British Government has been in the highest sense opportune inasmuch as it has sought to remove, one by one, the minor obstacles in the way of the Entente, and in this matter the French Government has displayed the most helpful spirit, especially during the past few months.

The "Scotsman" recalls that Lord Curzon has been striving since he assumed the Foreign Secretaryship five years ago to solve the Tangier question and in congratulating him on his success, it says: "It is a good omen for the settlement of other questions." —B. O. W.

FOOT-AND-MOUTH DISEASE,

MORE SLAUGHTER OF CATTLE,

LONDON, Dec. 20.

There are no signs of decrease in the spread of foot-and-mouth disease in Britain. Thirty-seven fresh outbreaks are reported, making a total of 1,330. Premises in infected areas in Cheshire are still most seriously affected, but new areas are Norfolk and Warwickshire. Forty thousand cattle, twenty thousand sheep and twenty-four thousand pigs have been slaughtered since the outbreak. 1,325,000 sterling compensation has been paid and the Minister of Agriculture has prohibited hunting and coursing from 23rd December in the infected areas. Over thirty counties are affected—Reuter.

RAILWAY IMPROVEMENTS.

MR. HINDLEY IN SOUTH INDIA.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Dec. 19.

Mr. C. D. M. Hindley, Chief Commissioner of Railways in India and head of the Railway Board has been touring in Southern India during the last few days. He had been busy discussing with the M and S. M. Railway officers the important questions of general policy relating to renewals and improvement of the line. He also discussed with the members of the Madras Chamber of Commerce and Southern India Chamber various matters relating to the schemes of developments and improvements. This evening he met the members of the Harbour Trust Board to discuss various railway matters in their relation to the harbour. He is leaving to-night for Waltair via Bezwada to inspect the breaches on the line.

THE POONA TRAGEDY

PRIVATE WALKER'S CASE PROCEEDING

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Dec. 20.

Pte. J. Walker, King's Own Shropshire Light Infantry, appeared to-day before Mr. G. Monteath, District Magistrate to answer the charge of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, in that he caused the death of Arjuna Luxman Khande, aged 50 years, near Lohogaon Tank on 29th November by shooting him with a rifle. The circumstances of the case have already been reported. Several witnesses were examined including Pte. R. Walker and Pte. White who were with the accused, when the deceased met his death. The accused, they said was carrying a rifle at his hip when the deceased who was four or five yards off, was shot. Hearing is proceeding.

INDIAN ELECTIONS.

MR. DAS' "CHALLENGE."

"DAILY TELEGRAPH'S" CONCERN FOR INDIA'S FUTURE.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

The "Daily Telegraph", in an article on the Indian elections, suggests the powers reserved to the Government of India under the Constitution to carry on Government will have to be brought into play, and the future then will depend on the courage of the Government of India and the backing it receives from Home. The paper is convinced if the Government of India does not meet promptly and resolutely any challenge issued by Mr. Das and his friends to the authority of the British Government then the Indian Moderates will pass over in the shoals to the side of the Extremists who will count on the strong arm of the Government of India being paralysed by the advent of a Socialist Government at home.—Reuter.

GREEK KING DEPARTS FOR CONSTANZA

REFUSES TO SIGN DECREE OF ABDICATION.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

An Athens message says that the King and Queen of Greece sailed from Piraeus for Constanza aboard the torpedo boat "Daphne" to-day, accompanied by the Marshal of Court, aide-de-camp, and a guard of honour, consisting of twelve blue-jackets.

The King resolutely refused to sign the decree of abdication.—Reuter.

A "TEMPORARY" DEPARTURE

LONDON, Dec. 19.

Athens.—The Government has informed the Diplomatic Missions that Their Majesties' departure to Rumania is temporary.

Admiral Condouriotis has been appointed Regent.—Reuter.

AN UNSUCCESSFUL APPEAL TO FRANCE.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

Paris.—Commenting on the events in Greece, the "Matin" says Yugo Slavia and Rumania appealed to France to endeavour to save the Greek dynasty, but the French Government wisely refrained from interfering.—Reuter.

MEXICAN REVOLT.

FEDERAL TROOPS WITHDRAW FROM SAN MARCOS.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

Vera Cruz.—Correspondents with the rebels report that the Federal troops have been compelled to withdraw from San Marcos. The Federal Chief of Staff has been killed.—Reuter.

TOWARDS ARMISTICE.

GENL. HUERTA COMMUNICATES WITH FEDERALIST GENERAL.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

Vera Cruz.—Newspapers report that General Huerta has communicated with the Federalist General Martinez, with regard to an Armistice. It is stated the Obregonists lost a hundred men in an unsuccessful sally against the revolutionaries.—Reuter.

REBEL FORCES' HEAVY LOSS.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

San Marco.—The Federal troops report the rebel forces attacking Itallahermosa lost heavily in the bloodiest fighting in the present revolution.—Reuter.

BRITISH PARLIAMENT

KING TO OPEN ON 15TH JANUARY

LONDON, Dec. 20.

It is officially announced that the King will open Parliament on 15th January.—Reuter.

Official and Personal.

Mr. Bhupendranath Basu left Bombay on Wednesday afternoon for Calcutta.

Dr. P. C. Roy will be arriving in Bombay by the Nagpur Mail to-morrow (Saturday) morning *en route* to Cocanada.

Mr. Fyzee-Rahamin is on a visit to Rampur invited by H. H. the Nawab Saheb to paint his portrait. Mr. F. Rahamin has painted a series of his beautiful Indian water colours for His Highness the Nawab of Rampur. His Indian water colours have been selected for the forthcoming Empire Exhibition. One of them has also been selected for the Bombay Museum."

Her Excellency Lady Lytton granted interview to the Maharani of Burdwan, Miss Cottle and Mrs. Oakley on December 18th at Calcutta.—A. P.

Khan Bahadur Mahomed Osman, the new Sheriff of Madras took charge of the office on the 20th.—A. P.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon attended the opening of the Cole Dispensary of the Missionary Medical School for women at Vellore on the 20th inst, and distributed prizes and diplomas to members of the graduated class.—A. P.

The appointment of Dewan Bahadur L. D. Swamikannu Pillay as President of the Madras Legislative Council" gazetted.—A. P.

Mr. R. V. Krishnaier Assistant Secretary, Law Department takes Mr. Swamikannu Pillay's place as Secretary of the Council.—A.P.)

Lord and Lady Lee have left Government House, Bombay..

FRONTIER SITUATION

ACTIVITIES OF SANGU KHELS.

ALLEGED AFGHAN INTRIGUE.

(Associated Press.)

PESHAWAR, Dec. 19.

Recent developments as regards the murder groups are as follows:—The Chief Commissioner's Jirgah on the 8th instant ended inconclusively as the Afghan representatives did not include the Maliks and elders of Mandtai and neighbourhood whose attendance had been asked for as being charged with harbouring the gang. Hakimiala promised to bring in these persons to a subsequent meeting. This he did on 15th instant when he was met by the political agent at Khyber and an Afridi Jirgah. Information received by the Afridis between 8th and 15th had satisfied them that the Sangu Khels of Mandatai had arranged for the outlaws to go into hiding so they were not surprised when the offer was made that the Sangu Khels should take oath that they were not giving shelter to the gang. This offer, as a means of settlement was refused and a formal charge of harbouring was lodged in writing against the Sangu Khels. Hakimiala promised to keep as hostages the Sangu Khels who were present but later information is that they have bolted from his camp and are back in their homes. It is now reported that a force of Afghan regular troops some 600 strong has been sent from Kabul to Jelalabad for action against Mandatai. Meanwhile in fear of all the activities concentrated against them the members of the gang appear to have scattered and it is uncertain whether they have merely gone into hiding in the neighbourhood of Mandatai or are out planning a fresh outrage. On other parts of the frontier there are at present no signs of a discontinuance of Afghan intrigue with hostile elements among the tribes

THE TRIBUNAL OF INDEPENDENCE.

TURKISH DEPUTIES' APPEAL.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

Constantinople.—25 deputies have submitted a motion in the National Assembly that all sentences passed by the Tribunals of Independence require confirmation of the Assembly.—Reuter.

CHESTER CONCESSION ANNULLED.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

Constantinople.—A message from Angora says the Commissar of Works has notified the Clayton Kennedy's agent of the annument of the Chester concession.—Reuter.

BRADBURY-BALDWIN INTERVIEW.

APPROVAL OF LIST OF EXPERTS.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

Sir John Bradbury had an interview with Mr. Baldwin at 10 Downing Street and the Premier approved the list of the six experts, of which fear will be chosen to serve on the Reparations Committee, and the remaining two on each Committee. Sir John Bradbury will submit the names to Paris, indicating the four most acceptable. M. Barthou will then instruct invitations to be sent to the selected British representatives.—Reuter.

SCOURGE OF LEPROSY.

POSSIBILITY OF STAMPING OUT IN THREE DECADES.

LONDON, Dec. 20.

The Prince of Wales has become patron of the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association, which is holding its inaugural meeting in January. The influential body of Vice-Presidents includes Secretaries of State for India and Colonies and the Viceroy of India.

Viscount Chelmsford, in the course of a circular, says leprosy can be stamped out in a greater part of the Empire, probably within three decades. Hundreds are recovering under the curative treatment. Sir Leonard Rogers, physician to the London School of Tropical Medicine, has drawn up a memorandum of the Association's medical policy.—Reuter.

APPEAL UNDER LAND ACQUISITION ACT.

MRS SARALA DEVI'S COMPENSATION REDUCED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Dec. 19.

Justices Broadway and Forde to-day pronounced judgment accepting the appeal filed by the Secretary of State against the order of Colonel Roe, late District Judge, Lahore, enhancing the award of the Land Acquisition Officer to seventy thousand rupees to Sarala Devi Choudhrani as compensation for acquisition of premises known as Phooswali Kothi under the Land Acquisition Act. Their Lordships reduced the amount of compensation by sixteen thousand rupees and allowed proportionate costs to the Secretary of State. The amount awarded by the District Judge was realised by late Pandit Rambhaj Dutt Chaudhri on behalf of Sarala Devi Chaudhrani.

EUROPEANS IN INDIA.

COMMUNAL AND POLITICAL PROBLEMS.

CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 19.

The official report of the Conference of delegates from the branches of the European Association throughout India shows that, in addition to the members of the Central Council, representatives of Eastern Bengal, Western Bengal, North Bihar, Bombay, Darjeeling Dooars, Jamshedpur, Manbhum, Madras, Sylhet and United Provinces were present. A resolution urging that there should be an annual conference was proposed by Mr. H. W. Carr, President of the Association, who dwelt upon the value of representatives of the Association interchanging their views and examining, where they could improve further and assist in maintaining the British character of the administration.

Mr Addyman M. L. C. (Bombay) seconding said that the Europeans were confronted with the greatest difficulties with which they had to contend for many years. A most hostile feeling was directed against the community and the European administration of the country. The Association had accepted the reforms in the true spirit in which they were given and, since their introduction, the Association had, through its representatives, a splendid record of good work in the Central and local Councils. But his experience was that they had been walking in the wilderness without practical support from the people they represented. He hoped that the Conference would result in a better feeling between the Association and the people they sought to represent and that it would increase its membership from seven thousand to seventy thousand. They would then have a splendid opportunity of taking a fair share in the development of the country on constitutional lines.

Mr. Ryan (United Provinces) supporting said that there were senior members of the European community who seriously said that the European in India had no place in politics. He thought that their deplorable apathy was very much akin to treachery.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

HELP TO THE NEEDY.

A resolution thanking the British Empire Union for its proffered assistance but declaring that amalgamation or affiliation was not considered feasible was also carried. Mr. Dixon who proposed it pointed out that affiliation would entail the Association's giving financial assistance which was out of the question at present. Moreover, the activities of the Union regarding Indians in Dominions might unduly embarrass the Association.

Mr. Addyman on behalf of the Sind branch moved a resolution urging the Association to lay down a definite policy with regard to rendering assistance to Europeans in distress.

Sir Logie Watson (United Provinces) remarked that there was the possibility that Government grants to English institutions might be withdrawn and he thought it right that money now subscribed to Indian institutions should be turned over to European needs.

Mr. Wiggett (Calcutta) thought that there was no good in laying down a policy which the state of their finances rendered it impossible to carry out.

Mr. Townsend (Jamshedpur) said his branch was opposed to their subscriptions being used for any purpose other than political which they were convinced should come first. After further discussion, the amended resolution approving of the efforts of the branches for the amelioration of Europeans in distress was agreed to.

A resolution urging the Association to declare its attitude "in the event of an attempt on the part of the extremists who had entered the Legislative Assembly and the Councils to wreck the Reforms" was put to vote and carried. An amendment to this was later put as a substantive resolution and carried unanimously. This declared that the Association would support the Government of India and the Viceroy in every way it could to carry out the Reforms as long as such carrying out was consistent with the British character of the administration.

COMMUNAL REPRESENTATION.

Another resolution—which reaffirmed the Association's policy with additions that the Association stood for communal representation as the only practical method of affording the minorities an effective share in the Government of the country and that the Association considered it desirable that no extension of Reforms should take place prior to the Statutory Commission of 1929 —was proposed by Mr. Villie M. L. C. and carried unanimously.

Mr. G. Pilcher moved that it was the duty of Government to do all possible to popularise the superior service in India to attract the right class of the British recruit in a proportion to preserve unimpaired the essential British standards of the administration. The mover emphasised the vital necessity of the European services and declared that the European element should be treated fairly and Services must be assured of certain guarantees. The resolution was carried unanimously.

EXTENSION OF ACTIVITIES.

The Chairman then proposed a resolution expressing the opinion that the time had come for the extension of the organisation of the Association throughout the provinces and that for this purpose a paid Secretariat and special political committees formed from the general membership were required and also approving a scheme already put before the branches. The mover explained that the scheme asked various interests to guarantee a recurring expenditure for three years. With efficient Secretaries in the various provinces, they would be able to raise funds and have an income which would make them self-supporting. The scheme meant a membership of 25,000 out of the community of 70,000. If the various interests guaranteed them the expenditure in these three years, he believed it certain that they would be able to stand on their own at the end of that time.

Mr. Langford James, seconding, advised the Association to appeal for money. He declared he was convinced they must have a political organisation in every part India.

The resolution was carried and decided that the branches should report of their efforts to get backed by responsible Europe in the provinces by Februar

"DESERT NOT THE CAUSE."

M. SHAUKAT ALI AT SURAT.

PROCESSION AND PUBLIC MEETING.

(From our own Correspondent.)

SURAT, Dec. 17.

Public meetings and processions are quite a common feature of this city for the last three years. But it should be admitted that since the arrest of Mahatmaji the number of attendance in public meetings had dwindled. To the gratified surprise of the national workers and citizens a most rousing reception, reminding one of the halcyon days of the non-co-operation movement, was accorded to Maulana Shaukat Ali and his revered mother Bi-Amman when they alighted at Surat last Saturday morning. The news of the arrival of the distinguished guests spread with lightening rapidity and the citizens never lacking in ready and warm hospitality decorated their shops and houses with buntings and flags. A brass pot maker had prepared a garland of his shining brass pots and suspended it before his shop while a watch maker, unwilling to be left behind in the race, ornamented his shop with bright watches hung in batches of two and three. The Maulana and Bi-Amma who were escorted by Sjt. Mahadeo Desai and Sjt. Shankerlal Banker were offered garlands of yarn and flowers at various places on their way to the Patidar Vidyarthi Asram at the other extremity of the town. An informal meeting of the workers was held at the residence of the guest which was attended by the local leaders. The citizens who were eagerly awaiting to see Maulana Saheb thronged in large numbers on the bank of the Tapti where an imposing assemblage received M. Shaukat Ali and his old mother with shouts of Alla-ho-Akbar. After the preliminary remarks of the President, Mr. Dayalji Desai, Bi-Amman in her loud and sonorous voice which could be heard to the other end of the large gathering as also by the people sitting on the Victoria Garden parapat exhorted the citizens to pass through the trials and tribulations in a spirit of cheerfulness remaining undinched in the determination to extirpate by all non-violent means the nation's triple demands from the Government. The effective and forceful way in which she appealed to people to unite and to carry out the constructive programme was listened to with rapt attention by the audience and in corroboration of the sentiments expressed by the revered mother they broke out in shouts of "Hindu Mussalman ki Jai". It was, however, left to the Big Brother to systematise and regulate the national cries and he began by exhorting them to take up the cries in the order of "Alla-ho-Akabar", "Bande Mataram", "Hindu-Mussalman ki Jai" and "Mahatmaji ki Jai", which the audience repeated. "In 'Mahatma Gandhi ki Jai' you proclaim the *jai* of the whole nation, the victory of truth and justice," said the Big brother in a very emotional manner. "Those of you that still put on foreign stuff should be deeply ashamed of it", said he in his fluent Urdu with an admixture of Gujarati words. "Mahatmaji belonged to your province and had close associations with Surat. How dare you throw overboard his teaching and desert his cause? Have you forgotten that great man behind the stony walls that you have given up spinning and weaving and donned foreign cloth? Till you get Swaraj you cannot sit at ease. It must be an all-absorbing passion which you must pursue with religious fervour."

But I should not fail to mention the remarkable orderliness and discipline evidenced throughout the conduct of the meeting. It must have been attended by no less than 6,000 people and still there was no noise audible in any part. Even when people were coming at a late hour room was made for them and they immediately took their seats. When the proceedings were over Mr. Dayalji, the president asked the audience not to move till the Maulana had taken his seat in the carriage and faithful to his command the people kept sitting till the Maulana departed.

MUNICIPAL EXPENSES

10 PER CENT CUT RESOLUTION TURNED DOWN.

RE-ARRANGEMENT OF SEATS

CORPORATION PROCEEDINGS

An adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held on Thursday, Mr. H. P. Mody presiding.

The President at the outset referred to the poll taken at the last meeting on Mr. J. B. Baman Behram's amendment requesting the Commissioner to effect retrenchment in the Municipal expenditure to such an extent that the total expenditure of the Municipality might be reduced by 10 per cent. Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas, said Mr. Mody was not present when the votes were first counted and, therefore, the vote given by him was void. There was, therefore, a tie as 29 had voted for and 29 against and he (the President) gave his casting vote against the amendment. He did appreciate the fact that retrenchment was necessary and he thought that the municipal expenditure was capable of being reduced to a considerable extent but he gave his vote against the amendment because he thought that an arbitrary cut as proposed by the amendment would create considerable difficulty. They had already some experience in the Legislative Council in regard to retrenchment of this character and how impracticable it was when required to be brought into effect. What the Corporation wanted was not, he said, a retrenchment measure of a temporary character amounting to Rs. 20 or Rs. 30 lakhs but a thorough and permanent change in the system.

The amendment of Mr. Baman Behram was therefore declared lost and Mr. V. J. Patel's amendment was carried by a large majority. The amendment of Mr. Patel was to refer back the report of the Retrenchment Committee back to that body with an intimation that in the opinion of the Corporation, it was desirable to appoint an outside expert to effect retrenchment and that the Committee should invite applications for the appointment, and after selecting a suitable candidate recommend him to the Corporation for appointment.

REARRANGEMENT OF SEATS.

Consideration was then given to the ad interim report of the Committee of the Corporation regarding the question of the rearrangement of seating accommodation in the Corporation Hall. The Committee recommended certain changes at the cost of Rs. 20,000 and recommended that an experiment of the same should be first carried out.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta moved that the report be approved and adopted and that the Commissioner be requested to arrange for an experiment as suggested by the Committee.

Mr. V. J. Patel said the Committee had recommended only one scheme for experiment. He thought the best way was to do away with the chairs and tables and all squat on the ground.

Mr. B. N. Gamadia moved an amendment that the present table should be retained and the second and the third rows be elevated providing each member with a desk.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee moved another amendment that an experiment be made of squatting on the floor. He said he did not make this suggestion in joke.

Mr. F. J. Ginwalla said squatting arrangements would not suit Parsis and Europeans.

Mr. Patel said the squatting arrangement had proved very successful in the Indian National Congress.

Mr. N. M. Dumasia replying said the original Congress did not exist now. Dr. Sukhia submitted that the present arrangement was the best.

Mr. C. W. R. Arbuthnot thought the present arrangement was good if the members maintained silence. He, however, suggested raising a platform for the President, the Commissioner and the Secretary.

The Commissioner said there was no sufficient room to place separate desks.

On taking votes Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's original proposition was carried, and both the amendments of Mr. Baman Behram and Mr. Tairsee were declared lost.

SCOPE OF MUNICIPAL POWERS.

Consideration was then given to a letter from Government forwarding rules for the working of the exemption of certain communities from the operation of the Municipal Act and also requesting that the Municipality's scheme for the introduction of free and compulsory primary education in the F and G Wards of the City may be revised in the light of the remarks made therein and after taking into consideration the rules referred to. The scheme as thus modified should be submitted to Government in due course.

On the motion of Mr. J. M. Mehta the matter was referred to the Schools Committee for favour of remarks.

The Corporation then adjourned.

INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE

NEED FOR TRAINING INDIANS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 19.

The Indian Mercantile Marine Committee held its first sitting in Calcutta to-day, Captain E. J. Headlam presiding. Captain O. Goldsmith, Port Officer, Calcutta in giving evidence said that Government should provide facilities for educated Indian young men to be trained for the Indian Mercantile Marine, provided a sufficient number were forthcoming. He had not met many young Indians of a better class, anxious to go to sea. He was in favour of a sergoing training. He suggested that Indians should be provided facilities to undergo training.

Engineer-Commander W. H. Waters said that the vessels required for the Indian Mercantile Marine should be built in private shipyards. He was not in favour of building wooden ships.

Mr. J. W. A. Bell, next gave evidence on behalf of the Bengal Chamber and Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie and Company. The Chamber stated that India was not a separate country but part of the British Empire and enjoyed the benefit of having the greatest Marine service in the world. A separate Indian Mercantile Marine was not necessary and no Government subsidy was needed. It was not only unnecessary but very costly. Indians had shown very little inclination for shipping enterprise. The Chamber was against Government aid which would be an additional burden to the taxpayer. They were also against the grant of navigation bounties on broad principles. The Chamber were in favour of open trading on the coast of India. To reserve Indian coastal trade for the Indian mercantile marine would be fatal and ships required could not at present be built in India. In principle the Chamber has no objection to Government taking steps in providing facilities for the training of Indians,

JAITO & THE AKALIS

JATHAS' STILL COURTING ARREST

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Dec. 19.

After nearly a month's absence I have returned to Amritsar. It is almost cruelly cold, but the weather seems to make no difference to the Akalis whose activities I find are going on with clockwise regularity. Every morning a jatha of twenty-five takes the vow of non-violence at the Akaltakht and proceeds to Jaito in the Nabha territory to recommence the Akhand Path interrupted by the State.

I made anxious inquiries about the treatment they receive after the arrest in Jaito, having heard complaints in the past that they were often made to sleep on the bare floor in the open and given no food. I was pained, though not surprised, to learn that the same inhuman treatment continues with tragic consequences. Even the Akali physique has its human limitations and this open air treatment has resulted in many pneumonia cases. Bhai Bahadursing of Jind State and Bhai Diwansing of Ludhiana District died of pneumonia, and at one time as many as twenty Akalis were lying ill at Sirsa on their way back from Bawal. It is reported that one Bhai Harditsingh died in the jail of pneumonia recently. Complaints about general treatment also are numerous. The Ferozepore jail seems to be the worst for, there I learn that often the Akali prisoners are refused even water for the calls of nature. Abusive language, hair pulling and other excesses in and about Muktsar have become commonplaces, but, in spite of all this provocation, the Akalis have never lost self-control.

Searches of the offices and homes of people connected with the Akalis are frequent and stray arrests also continue to be made. The C. I. D. has been busy smooling men in disguise into various temples and incriminating correspondence through unsuspecting people, but the vigilance of the Akalis is also remarkable.

The great trial is proceeding from day to day and the decision to take it up at Lahore after Christmas has upset many arrangements made by the S. G. P. C. whose headquarters are at Amritsar. Some leading workers among those who remain outside have already gone to Cocanada where they have decided to open a Gurukalangar free kitchen for all and to do intensive propaganda. Dr. Kitchlew also left on the 14th and Pundits Motilal and Jawahirlal Nehru, who spent a day here, left the same night. Principal Kripalani is staying here for a few days.

HELP TO AKALIS

BURMA'S HANDSOME CONTRIBUTION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRITSAR, Dec. 20.

The Burma Provincial Congress Committee have sanctioned Rs. 3,000 for helping the Sikhs in their present struggle on condition that the money be utilised for the maintenance of the families of those who go to jail but not for legal expenses. The Akali Sahayak Committee formed by the Congress Working Committee is not contributing anything for legal expenses. Contributors need have no anxiety on that score. It is hoped that all provinces will make suitable contributions without delay.

PROF. K, T, SHAH'S BOOK,

A MOST THOROUGH TREATISE.

The "New Statesman" reviewing Prof. K. T. Shah's book on Trade, Tariffs and Transport writes:—

The amount of hard systematic work at present being done by Indian professors and graduates, in economics as in scholarship, is evidence of noteworthy intellectual activity, especially in the larger universities. Professor Shah, who belongs to the department of economics, Bombay University, belongs emphatically to the new order of Indian professors. This book, which he designed as a companion volume to his *Sixty Years of Indian Finance*, is by far the most thorough treatise of the kind that has come from India in recent years. It is remarkably wide in range. Beginning with a brief account of the trade of India in ancient and mediaeval times, the author covers that of contemporary India, reviews at length and in great detail the immense tariff controversy, and proceeds to a survey of rail and water transport. He is at no pains to hide his personal views. On the contrary, he expresses himself with the most downright vigour on one controversial question after another—from the past and present imperial trade policy of Britain to the economic aspects of the Gandhi handloom crusade. Now and again—as, for instance, in his discussion of the East India Company's policy towards Indian manufactures—he surprises us by citing only the authority of a writer such as the late R. C. Dutt, whose arguments and results ought long since to have been rigorously worked over. The book, which is of great value, has been well printed at a Bombay press and is provided with a first-rate index.

The Indian Historical Records Commission will hold its sixth session at Madras on January 10th and 11th. Exhibition of historical manuscripts and specimens of Oriental calligraphy portraits are also being organised. The Governor of Madras will open the proceedings of the Commission.—A. P.

MR. C. R. DAS' REFUSAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—However much my view may be at variance with yours, I trust you will not deny me the courtesy of your columns to express my view on Mr. C.R. Das' having declined the offer of the Governor of Bengal.

At once, Sir, I have no hesitation to say that Mr. Das could not have committed a greater political blunder by his refusal to accept the Executive Councillorship and to form a Ministry of his *own Party*, he has unmistakably shown that he is wanting in the most essential secret of statecraft viz. the faculty of 'looking ahead'. To me it seems that he lost an opportunity which even Mr. Gandhi would not have done.

I am sure, Sir, that your readers will not be satisfied with mere assertions or bald statements. Therefore, I shall analyse the situation and then ask your readers whether they agree with me in my opinion. First of all let us see what does the offer of the Governor of Bengal amount to? It amounts to this: the whole of the Transferred Departments together with the Department of 'Law and Justice' of bengal to be administered according to the sweet will and pleasure of Mr. Das and his Party. Is this a small gain? When Mr. Das is at the head of the administration of 'Law and Justice' will there be any difficulty in either the repeal of the repressive laws or in the release of political prisoners? I think not. Of-course it is too extravagant for Mr. Das to ask of Lord Lytton to grant Provincial autonomy for the simple reason that such a grant lies neither with a Provincial Governor nor with the Viceroy even. Secondly, all nation-building subjects such as, sanitation, hospitals, agriculture, education etc., are included in the Transferred half and as such Mr. Das could have introduced the Bardoli programme, the programme of nation-building, by a stroke as it were, in Bengal which he cannot dream of doing under any other circumstance. Again by enlisting the support of the other Indian colleagues an opportunity was there for Mr. Das either to bring the Government to his view or to compel the Governor to dissolve the Council and to dismiss two Indian members of his own Council Because then the position in the Government will always be 5 Indians and 3 Europeans or even granting the second vote to the Governor, the voting will always be 5:4:: Indians: Europeans. Will not such a state of things be welcome to the whole country? I bet my freedom of speech that Mr. Gandhi would certainly have gladly accepted such a position. Going on at this rate Mr. Das could have put an end to Dyarchy in the course of three years by working the Reforms. I mean that by the end of three years from now, Mr. Das would have succeeded in transferring the Reserved Departments to the Transferred list, of course with the exception of the Military, foreign relations etc. By declining the offer Mr. Das has lost this opportunity, and his action cannot but pain every true Nationalist!

Sir, you have said that it would have been a breach of faith to the electorate if Das had accepted the offer. Quite so. But the situation was not without the possibility of a dignified solution. The solution was this: First to select 3 of the *most popular* among the elected and then ask them to resign their seats. These resigned should seek re-election on the distinct understanding to the electorate that they when elected, will accept office in the Government. If the situation were clearly explained to the electorate—I mean the situation that led to their resignation and re-election—the electorate will not be so foolish as to cast them away. After election, they may be appointed as Ministers.

Now, I should like to say a word on what the effect of this refusal to accept will be on the outside world. It will have a very bad effect. No one possessed with a grain of political foresight would approve of the action of Mr. Das. Not even the Labour Party will sympathise with Mr. Das. If politicians all over the world instance this to show that Indians have not yet developed political sense, for my part, I will not quarrel with them, but I will hang my head in shame and sorrow. I earnestly pray that my brethren of the type of Mr. Das will not repeat this in future.—Yours etc.,

N. V. S.

Girgaon, Dec. 20.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

BENGAL RETURNS

The following gentlemen have been elected to represent Bengal in the next Assembly:—

Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal (Calcutta).

Mr. Tulsi Charan Goswami (Calcutta Urban).—Swarajist.

Mr. Bhabendra Chandra Roy (Presidency Division).—Independent.

Mr. Amar Chandra Dutt (Burdwan Division).—Swarajist.

Mr. Kshitis Chandra Neogy (Dacca Division).—Independent.

Mr. Kumar Sankar Roy (Rajshahi and Chittagong).—Swarajist.

Mr. Surendra Chandra Ghose (Bengal Zemindars).

Mr. Rangalal Jajodia (Marwari Chamber).

Mr. K. Ahmed (Rajshahi Division).

Mr. Yacoob C. Ariff (Calcutta and Suburbs).

Mr. Alimazaman Chaudhury (Dacca Division).

Mr. Khajeh Abdul Karim (Dacca Division).—Swarajist.

Mahamed Kazimali (Chittagong).—Swarajist.

Maulvi Muhamed Yessin (Burdwan).—Swarajist.

Khan Bahadur Samsud Zoha (Presidency).—"Forward."

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS,

CALCUTTA, Dec. 19.

Punjab 10th December 1923:—Light to moderate rain fell in all the reporting districts except in parts of the west and was very useful for standing rabi crops and rabi sowings. Picking of cotton pressing of sugar cane and harvesting of other autumn crops continue. Yields are below normal to normal. The conditions of standing crops is generally good on irrigated and average on unirrigated area. Sowings of wheat and barley continue on irrigated area and are normal.

BENGAL SWARAJISTS.

WHAT THEY WILL DO IN THE COUNCIL

At the meeting of the Bengal Swaraj Party, the following resolution was adopted:—

That with reference to the work within the Council be it resolved that the following steps should be taken in the following order.

(1) To insist on the release of all political prisoners.

(2) To insist on the withdrawal of all repressive laws.

(3) To recommend to the Assembly for the repeal of all repressive legislation.

(4) Formulation of national demands for the province, which should be at least of effective provincial responsible Government

(5) Vote of non-confidence on Ministers, if necessary.

(6) Reduction or refusal of salary to Ministers, if necessary.

(7) All measures proposed by the Government to be rejected or postponed till the grant of the national demand.

(8) If the budget comes up before such grant it should be thrown out, unless in the meantime there is a change of situation which indicates an honest inclination on the part of Government to concede the demands, in which case the party will meet to reconsider the situation.

(9) The party will act as a whole and the decision of the majority will be implicitly obeyed by all the members.

(10) Every member will attend unless prevented by illness or very urgent considerations.

(11) No Swarajist should accept office until the national demand is granted.

MR. DAS'S LETTER TO THE GOVERNOR.

The following lettter has been sent by Sj. C. R. Das on behalf of the Swaraj Party to H. E. the Governor of Bengal:—

148, Russa Road, South Calcutta. 16-12-23.

Your Excellency,

I placed before my party the position as explained by your Excellency and they have just decided not to accept your Excellency's kind offer. The members of this party are pledged to do everything in their power by using the legal right granted under the Reforms Act to put an end to the system of Diarchy. This duty they cannot discharge if they take office. The party is aware that it is possible to offer obstruction from within by accepting office, but they do not consider it honest to accept office which is under the existing system in your Excellency's gift and then turn it into an instrument of obstruction. The awakened consciousness of the people of this country demands a change in the present system of Government and until that is done or unless there is some change in the general situation, indicating a change of heart, the people of this country cannot offer willing co-operation. Under the circumstances I regret I cannot undertake responsibility regarding the Transferred Departments. My party, however, wishes to place on record their appreciation of the spirit of constitutionalism which actuated your Excellency in making the offer which they feel bound not to accept.

I have the honour to be,
Your Excellency's most obedient
Servant,
C. R. DAS.
President, Swaraj Party.

PILGRIMAGE TO YERAVDA.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Sjt. S. Srinivasa Iyengar of Madras has made some thought-provoking suggestions to the delegates for consideration in the Cocanada session of the Congress. The most outstanding suggestion of all is well-organised pilgrimages to Yeravda from all the Provinces of India organised by each Congress Committee, under orders from the open session of the Congress. This suggestion is worth consideration at Cocanada.

To the above, I wish to add the following points—(-) The pilgrimage parties should not travel by train but walk the whole distance. (2) They should so arrange their programme of journey that all parties will reach Yeravda as far as possible on the 18th of each month. For this purpose Village, Taluka and District Committees should work in collaboration with the Provincial Committees so as to avoid as far as possible the clash of one party with another. (3) The All-India Congress Committee should appoint a Central Pilgrims Board to take charge of this whole programme. (4) The Parties should not be too unwieldy, preferably each party may be composed of a dozen members. (5) Each party should take with it sufficient khadi from its Congress Committee and sell it to the public on the way at a small gain fixed by its Committee. The amount thus obtained as gain should be utilized by each party for its board and other expenses. (6) Each party should also carry with it a collection box for making collections for the T. S. Fund. (7) Each party should not halt at any one place for more than a day unless anything untoward happens e. g. sickness of a pilgrim, etc.

The above mentioned pilgrimages will add immensely to Congress Propaganda.—Yours, etc.

C. V. P. SHIVAM.

Dadar, Dec. 19.

ALLIANCE BANK FRAUD CASE.

JUDGMENT RESERVED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, Dec. 19.

Arguments in the Rawalpindi Alliance Bank embezzlement and arson case appeals in which a number of bank employees and others were charged with falsification of accounts, criminal breach of trust and arson to defraud the bank were sentenced to various terms of rigorous imprisonment were concluded to-day before Justice Martineau in the High Court. Messrs. B. R. Puri, Manohar Lal and other counsel appeared for various appellants while Mr. D. C. Ralli represented the Crown. During the course of argument his lordship released Salik, late head clerk, on bail, but reserved judgment as to the rest.

INDIAN BAR COMMITTEE,

CONFLICTING OPINIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 19.

Before the Indian Bar Committee to-day the Calcutta Vakils Association supported the establishment of an All-India Bar Council with provincial Committees at the headquarter of each High Court. They thought that reading in the Chamber for a period should be made a condition for the admission of Vakils to practise on the Original Side of the High Court. They were in favour of removing the distinctions between advocates and vakils in respect of preaudience and urged the abolition of the dual system of barristers and attorneys. Mr. Langford James was of opinion that the creation of Indian Advocates would ultimately result in the extinction of the members of the English bar and the standard of advocacy would deteriorate. He was not in favour of the establishment of the Indian bar Council. He would not abolish the dual system of barristers and attorneys.

EFFICACY OF BOYCOTT.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The following extracts from the speech which the late Marquis of Dufferin delivered at the dinner given him by the London Chamber of Commerce, on the 30th. October, 1889, after his retirement from the Viceroyalty of India, should prove extremely interesting and instructive to the Indian nation at the present moment. He said:—

"That in to-night's celebration is indicated the wise appreciation entertained . . . . . of the enormous benefit derived by the people of this country (England) from their commercial relations with our Indian Empire—and consequently of the supreme necessity of maintaining to all time dominant and unimpaired England's ascendency and dominion over her Eastern possessions."

He also said:—

"It must also be remembered that India performs the function of a great storehouse, and an opportune and fortunate reserve, whenever any of our usual customers are unable to supply us with those exports upon which the prosperity of our trade and welfare of our people intimately depend."

"Indeed, it would not be too much to say that if any serious disaster ever overtook our Indian Empire, or our political relations with the peninsula of Hindustan were to be even partially disturbed, there is not a cottage in Great Britain—at all events in the manufacturing districts—which would no tbe made to feel the disastrous consequences of such an intolerable calamity."

These extracts should convince every Indian of every political party that the one and only key to Swaraj is the complete boycott of all British articles. Owing to the loss of the German and other markets as a result of the World War, British manufacturers, merchants and workmen are at present more dependent on India than ever before. At present there is unprecedented unemployment in England. These facts clearly indicate that the present moment is the most psychological moment, to make the boycott most effective. If the boycott is carried on only for a year, the unemployment in England will assume such appalling proportions, that the British Cabinet will be forced to come to terms with the real representatives of the Indian nation and concede all their demands. India does not need to have recourse to Non-co-operation or Civil Disobedience, wrecking the Councils, or violence or any other similar desperate measure. The boycott alone will suffice to completely break the British Imperialist arrogance which has been withholding Swaraj from Indians. The boycott will prove the least expensive, the most speedy, and withal the most successful campaign against that exploitation of India for the sake of which alone India is kept, and may be, will always be kept, in political bondage. It is a campaign which should trongly appeal to all Indians of all castes and creeds, of all ages and sexes. I, therefore, most earnestly implore all Indian patriots to concentrate all their attention and energy upon the complete boycott of British goods.—Yours, etc.,

X. Y.

BOYCOTT OF BRITISH GOODS IN SATARA DIST.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

KARAD, Dec. 19.

The boycott of British goods commenced earnestly in Satara District. Till the decision of the Delhi Committee Mr. Altekar, President, Satara District Congress Committee, in consultation with other Congress Committees in the District has provisionally announced the boycott of British cloth, soap, sugar, matches, and penknives. The local organisers are requested to immediately commence this work and also enlist members along with khadi propaganda. Other districts should commence with the help of Council members, and friends should direct their enquiries to the constructive programme, the key of the Yervda Jail. Mr. Deo of Dhulia, Mr. Trayambak of Nasik and Mr. Saptarshi of Nagar have promised Mr. Altekar their active support.

BOMBAY POSTAL CONTRACTS

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I wrote a few days ago on a matter of great public importance to which the authorities concerned have not yet made any reply. The facts are briefly these. The conveyance of the mails within the city of Bombay by motor vans was advertised as open to tender. Several tenders were received, ranging from Rs. 90,000 per annum to Rs. 1,20,000. The contract has been placed with the highest bidder. Will the Presidency Postmaster or failing him, the Director of Information enlighten an anxious public why public money should be wasted in this way?—Yours, etc.

RETRENCHMENT.

Bombay, Dec. 19.

A meeting of the Burra Bazar Hindu Sabha (Calcutta) has passed a resolution protesting against the Hindu-Moslem pact adopted by the Swarajya Party as an invasion of religious and political rights of the Hindus and declaring that unless it is withdrawn it will be the duty of the Hindus to oppose the activities of the Swarajists.—A. P.

ALLEGATION VS EXPLANATION,

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—We should be glad Mr. Gennings is energetically directing whatever information he could possibly get from Official Records and speaking Encyclopaedias. Mr. Bhansali of "Young India" was rash enough to make his "allegations" re. the treatment of political prisoners in Yeravda Jail, so Mr. Gennings immediately put himself in touch with the Superintendent of Yeravda Jail and the Inspector-General of Prisons and has now "directed" to the public the Superintendent's "Report" and I. G. P's. "notes". Dare Mr. Bhansali now stand the gaze and flash of the Superintendent and the I. G. P.?

Well, Mr. Bhansali rushed in where angels fear to tread. He should now thank himself for the trap he has got into. Can he extricate himself now from the following meshes: "I have received no complaint of this sort.". "These men are not backward in asking for anything." "They are mostly well-behaved." "It is not Indian custom to use soap as a lather for shaving". "They had their own soap for washing. (This is not untrue!) And this could have been used." "They (chapaties) are excellent (the Superintendent has even left off his Bread and Butter and Plum Puddings and has now taken to this *excellent* chapaties!) and the statement that they contain extraneous dirt is untrue." "Superintendent's reply is perfectly satisfactory." "Complaints are always listened to if made." "The *more open* and simple a latrine can be made in a jail, the *better*, both for sanitary and *moral* reasons." "While urinating or defaecating by night standing platforms are unnecessary. (This too is not the Indian custom!)." "Millions of people in all the civilised countries of the world (alas! India is still barbarous!) invariably keep urine receptacles without any deodorant in their bed rooms (perhaps, just near their heads, as the Satyagrahis were forcibly taught civilization in the Chanda Jail!) at night." "Complaint is so silly that: it does not deserve a reply." "It is not only improbable but absurd."

I have enumerated the above patiently, because the meshes are so intricate that Mr. Bhansali could hardly extricate himself.

By the bye, why has Mr. Gennings not yet directed his information re. allegations about the treatment of Satyagrahi Prisoners in the Nagpur, Akola and the notorious Chanda jails? Perhaps, they are beyond his jurisdiction!—Yours, etc.

C. V. P. SHIVAM.

SUNDAY'S MEETING,

AN EXPLANATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—May I offer a brief explanation regarding the meeting held on Sunday last under the auspices of the Parsi Rajkeya Subha?

(1) The said meeting was organized with the sole object of exhorting mill operatives not to listen to the advice of irresponsible men and not to go on strike. Handbills—Gujarati and Marathi—were freely distributed embodying this exhortation.

(2) It was not a "Labour" meeting. The Parsi Rajkeya Subha is not a Labour Association. The meeting was public, and mill operatives were specially invited and requested to attend.

(3) The criticisms made by the Chairman and the speakers on labour questions represented their own views and not of the Subha.

(4) And as regards the Resolution, both the Chairman Mr. Baptista and Mr. Jhabvalla over-looked the fact, that the Parsi Rajkeya Subha has all along abstained from memorialising to or cooperating with the Government, though its platform is open for all national work. The Subha is grateful to the Chairman and the speakers for accepting its invitation at shortest notice, and for exhorting the mill operatives not to go on strike, when times are so bad with the mills; and strike will mean misery to the men and utter dislocation of general business, which will hurt the public at large. It is a matter of deep thankfulness to Providence, that wiser counsels have prevailed; and we do wish, that even the minor lock-outs in some of the Mills and the Matunga workshop may soon terminate.—Yours, etc.

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

MADRAS CHAMBER,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Dec. 19

Presiding over the annual meeting of the Madras Chamber of Commerce Mr. C. S. Wood, Chairman, after making general survey of the financial position of the country and other kindred matters referred to the opportunities offered to India by the British Empire Exhibition of getting herself into touch with potential buyers of her products from all parts of the world, and said it was certainly unfortunate that for political reasons, entirely local, the Legislative Council had carried a resolution that Government should incur no further liability in connection with the Exhibition.

INDIAN STEEL AND PROTECTION.

The Chirman next welcomed the news that railway development of Southern India was now showing definite signs of materialising. Turning to the question of Indian steel the chairman said the problem had now resolved itself into choice between the continuance of the present benefits of cheap imported steel and the alternative of paying price for the establishment of indigenous steel industry. The fact that such bounties were votable yearly and thus open to constant examination and criticism would seem to ensure their retention only so long as it was necessary.

Coming to Indian mercantile marine he (chairman) said cheap transport was vital to India's commercial advancement, but unsuccessful venture of this nature supported by Government would bring in its train not only very considerable disorganisation of trade but very heavy commitments which it would probably be for taxpayers to liquidate.

Office bearers of the Chamber for ensuing year are:—Mr. T. M. Ross, Chairman, Sir James Simpson, Vice-Chairman.

HINDUS UNDER MUSLIM RULE.

BY DR. SYUD MAHMUD.

Islam, wherever it went, certainly extended the maximum degree of toleration to the races whom it brought under its sway. Finlay, the philosophic historian of Greece says, "Liberty of Conscience was an idea unknown to any but the Mohamedans." At this point it may be convenient to make clear that whatever may have been the misguided practice of individual Muslim Sovereigns, Islam itself inculcates nothing but the most rational toleration towards its religious and political adversaries. A rapid survey of the Islamic injunctions in this regard will not be out of place here. There are innumerable books on the subject of treatment and position of *Zimmis* under Islamic rule written by the authorities of fame, piety and learning. *Zimmis* are those non-Muslim subjects under Islamic rule with whom there is an agreement "The blood of the Zimmi is like the blood of the Muslim" says Ali the fourth Khalifa of Islam and son-in-law of the Prophet. The charter granted to the Jews by the Prophet after his arrival in Medina and also the noble message sent to the Christians of the neighbouring territories after Islam had fully established itself in Arabia, have been, in succeeding centuries, the guiding principles ti all Mussalman rulers in their dealings towards their non-Muslim subjects. If any of the Muslim Sovereigns have, in any instance, departed from the spirit and letter of these documents, they were themselves to be blamed. Apart from the political necessity which has often spoken of and acted upon in the name of religion, "no faith is more tolerant than Islam to the followers of other Creeds." Peculiar individual temperaments or some political necessity may have led a Muslim Sovereign here and there to display a certain amount of religious intolerance, but the Islamic system has ever maintained the most complete tolerance. People of other religions were allowed to worship their God as they liked. They were never interfered with nor molested in the exercise of their religion. They enjoyed the full protection of the State and they were only required to pay a special tax in lieu of military service. Every non-Muslim subject could busy off his exemption from military strvice by contributing to the public revenue. Was it then wrong of the State to require to contribute in some shape towards the maintenance of good Government? Omar the Great did not allow the Muslims to acquire the land of a *Zimmi* or even to purchase it. Even the Khalifa or Sultan could not dispossess a *Zimmi* of his property. There was absolutely no difference between a Muslim and a *Zimmi* in the eye of law. There were no special jury trials for the Muslims as in the case of Europeans in India. Muslims under the Muslim Rule will unlike the Europeans under British Rule to-day received no special or extra treatment as such that was not also accorded to non-Muslims. Similarly there was no difference whatsoever between a Muslim and a *Zimmi* in the matter of punishment of crimes. If a muslim killed a *Zimmi* he was liable to the same punishment in the eye of law, as in the case of a *Zimmi* killing a Muslim. There is no end of such instances in Islamic history.

Protection of Non-Muslims.

The Muslim rulers were so anxious for the welfare of their non-Muslim subjects that the Abbaside Khalifas of Baghdad and the Ommayad Khalifas of Cordova created a separate department charged with the protection of the non-Muslim subjects and the safeguarding of their interests. Regarding posts of responsibilities and trust no distinction whatsoever was made between a Muslim and a non-Muslim. There was no department of State, with the sole exception if the religious department, in which non-Muslims were not employed for positions involving responsibility. Abdul Malik bin Marwan had a Christian as his Chief Secretary—a post only next to that of tht Prime Minister and a Parsee as his finance minister and Christians as Governors of Provinces. *Azdul Doula* had a Christian as his Prime Minister. There are innumerable instances of this kind. The religious toleration which Islam showed towards the non-Muslim has indeed no parallel in the history of the world. Europe cannot boast of such toleration. Till barely two centuries ago religious toleration was unknown in Europe. Even to-day the religious toleration of Europe is the result of its irreligiousness. Europe does not care much for religion, therefore it is tolerant towards other religions as far as the faith is concerned. But even to-day, in matters of race and colour, as Europe is, she has not improved her position of two hundred years ago. In the time of Abu-Bakr, the first Khalifa, Khalid bin Walid conquered Hira. He made peace with the Christians and granted, them the following terms. Their (Christians) Churches would remain intact, they would not be interfered with in the performance of any of their religious ceremonies. They would be allowed to peel the bell of their Churches whenever they liked and to take out the Cross in procession even on the day of Id. Similarly in *Ghanat*, Khalid bin Walid concluded the peace with the Christians on same terms. The entire body of the companions of the Prophet then living agreed to these terms and subsequently they became a principle in law under Muslim jurisprudence. In the time of Khalifa Hadi, the brother of the Great Haroon Al Rashid, the Governor of Egypt, destroyed a certain number of Christian Churches. When Haroon Al Rashid came to the throne he deposed the Governor, and appointed a new one in his place. The new Governor required the Ulema to give their *Fatwa*. The Ulema unanimously declared that the destroyed Churches should be rebuilt at the expense of the Muslim State. Accordingly all the Churches were repaired and rebuilt at the State expense.

Tolerance.

The Juma Mosque of Damascus, the Capital of the Omayyads, was close to a small Church. Moawiya wanted to extend the mosque and therefore he requested the Christians to give him the Church on any price they liked. But they refused. Then other Khalifs who succeeded Moawiya also made a similar request to the Christians but the latter persisted in their refusal. Abdul Malik bin Marwan, one of the most powerful of Ommayyad Khalifas tried again but failed. Then in the time of Khalifa Walid another attempt was made to persuade the Christians, this time the latter got angry and in open Court abused the Khalifa. Walid thereupon lost his reasons and forcibly took possession of the long desired Church. When Umar bin Abdul Aziz one of the most pious Khalifa, succeeded Walid, the Christians represented to him the whole case. The Khalifa at once restored the Church to its rightful owners and begged the forgiveness for such a manifest injustice in face of clear Islamic injunctions.

It is a mistake to think that the Islamic Law prohibits the building of new Churches or temples under Islamic rule. Baghdad was purely a Muslim city, but there were a large number of temples of Fire-worshippers and the Churches of Christians and Synagoges of the Jews. Cairo contained hundreds of Churches built at the time of Prophets' Companions and even their names and history are preserved up till now.

The Muslim rulers not only preserved the old temples and Churches, or allowed to build new ones but they never touched the endowments attached to them. There is a well-known law of Muslim jurisprudence, that if a non-Muslim dies leaving a will for erecting a Church the Islamic legal authorities must give effect to it, but his will regarding the building of a mosque will not be given effect to. Imam Abu Hanifa says we are not allowed to interfere in any way with the religious functions of non-Muslims. In short, there was no legal disability attached to *Zimmis*. They could be nominated as executors to the wills of Muslims. They filled the office of rectors of Muslim Universities and Educational institutions, and of Curators of Muslim endowments. Muslims attended the funeral of non-Muslims.

Now, the question remains to be discussed is that Islam fixes a special dress for non-Muslims and does not permit them to ride a horse. And further the non-Muslims are looked by Islam with disdainful contempt. Let me say at the outset, Islam has created no such distinction nor it has it given any such order.

There is no such sanction in the Koran nor in the traditions (Hadis) of the Prophet. Even the Companions of the Prophet have not fixed any such humiliating conditions for the non-Muslims. It is true, Khalifa Omar did not like the Arabs to adopt the dress and customs of the Persians and vice versa. He wanted each nation to preserve its own particular peculiarities.

It had nothing to do with religion. And the wishes of Omar in this matter were not carried out even in his own time. For instance, when he went to Palestine he saw his entire army putting on the dress of the *Zimmis*. Wherever Mussalmans went they adopted freely the manners, customs and dress of the conquered people. It is a wonder of wonders that the Jews who were the bitterest enemies of the Prophet and their animosity once very nearly wrought the destruction of the Islamic Commonwealth, found in Muslims their best protectors.

> "Insulted, plundered, hated and despised by all Christian nations, they found refuge in Islam, that protection from inhumanity, which was ruthlessly and mercilessly denied to them in Christendom."

In the reign of Osman, the third Khalifa, the Christian Patriarch of Merv, addressed the Bishop of Fars, named Simeon, in the following terms:—

> "The Arabs who have been given by God the Kingdom (of the earth) do not attack Christian faith on the contrary they help us in our religion, they respect our God and Saints, and bestow gifts on our Churches and monasteries."

The Prophet's Charter.

The Charter which the Prophet of Islam granted to the monks of the monastery of St. Catharine, near Mount Sinai, and in fact, to all Christians, a charter which has just been designated "as one of the noblest monuments of enlightened tolerance that the history of the world can produce." By it the Prophet "secured to the Christians privileges and immunities which they did not possess even under sovereigns of their own creed; and declared that any Muslims violating and abusing what was therein ordered, should be regarded as a violator of God's testament, a transgressor of His Commandments, and a slighter of his faith"—Mohamed enjoined on his followers to protect the Christians, to defend their Churches, the residences of their priests, and to guard them from all injuries. They were not to be unfairly taxed; no bishop was to be driven out of his bishopric; no Christian was to be forced to reject his religion; no pilgrim was to be detained from his pilgrimage. Nor were the Christian Churches to be pulled down for the sake of building mosques or houses for the Muslims. Christian women married to Muslims were to enjoy their own religion, and not to be subjected to compulsion or annoyance of any kind on that account. If Christians should stand in need of assistance for the repair of their Churches, or monastries, or any other matter pertaining to their religion, the Muslims should assist them. . . . . ." Then again, the Prophet had declared, "Be it remembered, that any one of my followers who will ill-treat a *Zimmi*, or will impose a task on him beyond his capacity, or will take away any thing from him without his tacit permission or will treat him with disdain or contempt I shall be an enemy of such a fellow before God on the Day of Judgment."

These are the guiding rules and principles for the Muslims of the world in all times and in all ages in their relations with the *Zimmis*. What stronger words are required than these? What more can be said on the subject by any one in this world? The Catholicity of vision, the breadth of view, and the complete religious tolerance expressed in these documents can be the guiding torch to the prond Europe of the 20th Century. The *Zimmis*, whoever they may be, Christians, Jews, fire-worshippers or the Hindus must be treated by the Muslims in the liberal spirit of the wonderful documents. Some people may say that the Prophet's order was for the Christians who are *Ahl-Kitab* (People of the Book) and therefore it is not applicable to the Hindus. But it is not true, Omar the Great treated the Fire-worshippers or Persia exactly in the same manner in which he would treat *Ahl-Kitab*. After the conquest of Persia in the time of Omar the question whether the Persians were *Ahl-Kitab* or not arose and was discussed by the Companions of the Prophet. It was finally decided that because the Persians claim to be *Ahl-Kitab* they should be treated as such. The same principles applies to the Hindus. In practice, the early Arab Conquerors of India treated the Hindus as *Zimmis* and applied to them the principle laid down for the *Zimmis* by the Prophet in the above quoted document. The Muslim Sovereigns of India treated the Hindus on equal terms. They obliterated all distinctions, if there were any, between the two people. The Hindus, especially under the Moghul rule, considered themselves to be equal partners in the State. They were not treated as "subject race" but as belonging to the conquering class. And it was this reason that made them furious when Aurangzeb reintroduced Jizia. It was not the payment of the tax to which they objected, for it was very light; but the distinction between a Zimmi and a Muslim which this tax implied to create. Aurangzeb wanted to treat the Hindus as *Zimmis* and to allow them all the privileges of a *Zimmi* which the law of Islam allowed subject to the payment of a small contribution to the public burdens. But the Hindus protested even against this slight difference because they had come to consider the Moghul rule as the national rule of India and the Moghul Government as the united Government of Hindus and Muslims alike.

THE ARAB QUESTION

(Continued from page 6.)

Kemal Pasha which is found to-day all through Syria and Mesopotamia shows the inclination of the peoples of those countries under foreign rule. That inclination would be less if they were independent.

Scrap the Policy.

It is time that all that nonsense now was put away, when it would be seen that England has gained nothing, but is losing much, by the occupation of Mesopotamia and South Syria. England is regarded as the enemy of Muslims, and she will continue to be so regarded so long as she persists in a policy which, designed originally to propitiate the Muslims, has been made in practice most offensive to Islam She should retrieve the original purpose and let go the policy. The purpose was benevolent; but the policy was made an end and object in itself, to be pursued at all costs, and so the purpose of benevolence was lost to sight. The position now is indefensible—direct hostility of British policy to Muslim sentiments, beliefs and interests. It can be improved quite easily by a mere withdrawal of offensives upon England's part, and a calm revision of the situation with benevolence instead of rage or blind aggressive ardour. If once they were convinced that England was once more benevolent, the Muslims would, I think, be found responsive But there are points on which they cannot compromise, and the differences which have arisen about those points—which are the points of danger in the situation—as a result of recent British policy had best be left for Muslims to arrange. One such is the Khalifa's right to sovereignty of all the Holy Places; another is the special status of Mecca and Medina as the property not of the local ruler nor of any tribe of Muslims but of the whole Islamic world.

In my next article which will be the last of the series, I propose to give the reasons why Constantinople should remain the seat of the Khilafat, and a Turk and not an Arab be Khalifa of the Muslims. They are reasons which should especially appeal to England.

FAREWELL TO MADRAS CHIEF JUSTICE.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Dec. 18.

Before the High Court was closed to-day for the Christmas vacation, the Judges, Barristers and Vakils assembled to bid farewell to Sir Schwabe, the retiring Chief Justice, who is going home to renew practice there. Mr. C. Madhavan Nair, Advocate-General and Mr. T.R. Ramachandra Iyer, president of the Vakils' Association, paid tributes to the retiring Chief Justice on behlf of the Barristers and Vakils and Mr. Adam, the Public Prosecutor, associated himself with their views on behalf of the European members of the Bar.

Sir Walter Schwabe made a suitable reply acknowledging the co-operation he received from his colleagues of the bench and the members of the bar.

PUNJAB INDUSTRIAL BANK AFFAIRS.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Dec. 18.

Proceedings under the Indian Companies Act against Dewan Mangal Sain and others of the Punjab Industrial Bank, which were pending in the Court of the Additional District Magistrate, have been withdrawn as the joint complaint against all the accused was bad in law. It is understood that fresh proceedings will be started against individual accused.

A joint meeting of the Lahore District Bar Association and members of the District Bar has passed a resolution protesting against the proposed imposition of professional tax by the Lahore Municipality on the income of lawyers practising within the Municipality of Lahore.—A. P.

The Madras Mahajana Sabha at its general meeting passed a resolution placing on record its profound sense of sorrow at the death of Mr. S. Kasturiranga Iyengar, who, for many years, rendered valuable and distinguished services to the Mahajana Sabha and who was a great and devoted patriot and servant of the motherland. It was also decided to put up a portrait of the deceased patriot in the premises of the Sabha.—A. P.

THE SERVICES COMMISSION.

BOMBAY SITTINGS CONCLUDED.

(Associated Press.)

The Royal Commission heard yesterday *in camera* representatives of two banks, Grindlays and Lloyds, who are understood to have been examined in connection with financial position of service officers. The Commission heard this morning *in camera* representatives of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China and the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank. The examination of bank witnesses to-day is understood to have been in connection with conditions of service of the European superior officers employed in those concerns.

MEMBERS DISPERSE FOR CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.

After concluding to-day's evidence the Commission dispersed for Christmas holidays and reassembles in Madras on third January. Lord Lee proceeds to Bikaner for the Christmas week, Sir Reginald Craddock, and Mr. Petrie go to Lahore. Pundit Kaul spends the Christmas at Jullundur, Sir Habibullah Khan at Madras, Mr. Samarth in Bombay, Professor Coupland at Mahableshwar. Sir Cyril Jackson at Udaipur and Mr. Basu at Calcutta. Mr. Turner I.C.S., Collector of Sholapur has been taken on the Secretariat staff of the Commission, to cope with extra work.

A special train of the Commission leaves Bombay on the 31st night, reaching Madras on 2nd January Above fifty individuals and associations in Madras representing non-official and service interests have been supplied with copies of the Commission's questionnaire to submit their views for examination during the Madras sittings.

C. P. COUNCIL.

SWARAJISTS' MAJORITY

(Associated Press.)

NAGPUR, Dec. 20.

The total strength of the C. P. Legislative Council is 70, including 16 nominated and official members. Of the 54 elected members, 42 seats have been captured by the Swarajists, including three Mahomedans and three Independents, who were supported by the Swaraj Party.

MOPLAH PRISONERS.

(From our Correspondent.)

CALICUT, Dec. 18.

Mr. T. M. Moidu, the representative of the Moplah community in Malabar in the Madras Legislative Council, will shortly introduce a resolution in that Council for the release of all Moplahs convicted in connection with the rebellion and remitting of fines imposed on others and recovered in the shape of monthly instalments.

JOURNALISTS' ASSOCIATION OF INDIA.

MR. S. R. BOMANJI'S DONATION.

Mr. S. R. Bomanji has donated Rs. 500 to the newly-formed Journalists' Association of India.

FREIGHT RATES BETWEEN AMERICA AND BRITAIN.

INCREASE IN MARCH NEXT?

LONDON, Dec. 19.

New York.—The steamship lines confirm the report that the freight rates from the north-Atlantic ports on this side to the United Kingdom will be advanced twenty to 25 per cent. about March 1st next.—Reuter.

CABLE ITEMS.

Mr. Bonar Law left £51,397.—Reuter.

The death is announced of Doctor J. H. Jowett.—Reuter.

The Countess of Carnarvon and Lieut.-Col. Ian Onslow Dennistown, lately of the Grenadier Guards, were married at the Registry Office on Wednesday morning.—Reuter.

The Divorce Court has granted a decree to Lady Norreys Weston Alexander, daughter of Sir Ernest Cable, on the grounds of desertion and adultery of her husband, Sir Lionel Cecil William Alexander.—Reuter.

Paris.—The Curie Pension Bill passed the Chamber unanimously.—Reuter.

Sir Alfred and Lady Mond have left for India where they will be the guests of H. E. the Viceroy.—Reuter.

GANDHI DAY AT POONA.

(From our Correspondent.)

POONA, Dec. 19.

The twentieth Gandhi Day was celebrated here by a public meeting at the Reay Market. In addressing the audience almost all the speakers supported the call of 'Back to Nagpur' as the policy to be adopted by the Cocanada Congress.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Dec. 20.

S S Strathlorne, Lamont, New York.

DEPARTURES.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—

S S Vigo, Baron, Hull.
S S Hakodate Maru, Okubota, Kobe.
S S Ulstad, Bergland Karachi.
S S Nippon, Dristovich, Trieste.
S S Varela, Halls, Busreh.

The following vessels began to lead yesterday Steamer Domala for London.

S S Strathlorne:—The W and A Graham Company's steamer Strathlorne, 2803 tons, Captain J. Lamont, arrived in harbour yesterday from New York, with a general cargo.

S S Vigo:—The J F Company's steamer Vigo, 3243 tons, Captain C Barron, will sail to-day from harbour for Hull, with a general cargo.

S S Hakodate Maru:—The N Y K steamer Hakodate Maru, 3226 tons, Captain T Okubara, will sail to-day from harbour for Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Nippon:—The Lloyd Triestino Company's steamer Nippon, 3759 tons, Captain A. Dristovich, will sail to-day from harbour for Trieste, with general cargo.

S S Varela:—The B I S N Company's steamer Vareia 1932 tons, Captain C J. Halls, will sail to-day from harbour for Bussreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(THURSDAY, December 20.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Shed.

1 Andes Maru 4847 Japan, 28/12, O S Kaisha.
2 Kashmir 5540 London, 22/12 M M & Co.
3 Sultania 2758 N F, N F, Shushtary & Co.
4 Clan Monroe 3656, N. F., N.F. J F & Co.

Jetty Baron Cawdor, 3677 N F, N. F N Y. Kaisha.

5 Colaba 3899 Rangoon 21/12, M M & Co.
6 Elysia 4002, Liverpool, 24/12 Graham & Co.
7 Domala 5134 K'chi, N F., M M & Co.
8 Wakasa Maru 3804 Kobe 2/1 N Y Kaisha.
9 Hakodate Maru 3254, Japan, 21/12, N. Y. Kaisha.
10 Karoa 3607 Durban, 26/12 M M & Co.
11 C Calcutta 4902, Karachi 22/12 K N & Co.
12 Marienfels, 4679 K'chi, 6/1 W and A Graham and Co.
13 Gudrum Maersk Genova, 3037, N. F., Graham & Co.
14 Tevere 4441, Trieste 1/1/24 L. Triestino.
17 Egremont 5253 New York, 22/12, Vol. Bros.

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Karachi, 124 Verawal N F, R E Collins & Co.
4 Kilindini 129 Aleppy, N.F. R E Collins & Co.
4 Nour-el-Bahr 199, Aleppy, 20/12, M S N Co.
5 Accra 1751, N F, D M Khandwani.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Varela 1932 Busra 21/12, M M & Co.
B Barjora 1908 P. Fulf 27/12 M M & Co.
C & R Havildar 3086 Calcutta 22/12 T M & Co.
D & E Castel Poriziano 3346, Genoa 22/12, M/ Italiana.
F Hohenfels 1700 K'chi 27/12, Graham & Co.
G Solhang 1337, N F, 24/12 Graham & Co.
K Tangistan 2678, Busra N F, A Nemazee & Co.
P Vigo 3243 K'chi 20/12 J Finlay and Co.

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED FOR BOMBAY.

BRITISH MAIL STEAMERS.

Mantua due about 21st December, Agent P and O S N Co.

Morea due about 28th December, Agent P. and O S N Co.

Plassy due about 4th January, Agent P and O S N Co.

Mooltan due about 11th January, Agent P and O S N Co.

Dadra due about 18th January, Agent P and O S N Co.

Naldera due about 25th January, Agent P and O S N Co.

Malwa due about 1st February, Agent P and O S N Co.

Maloja due about 8th February, Agent P and O S N Co.

FROM LONDON.

Mashobra (not fixed) Agent B I S N Co.
Dalgoma (not fixed), Agent B I S N Co.
Moravada (not fixed), Agent B I S N Co.
Jeypore (not fixed) Agent B I S N Co
Lahore (not fixed) Agent B I S N Co.
Mandala (not fixed) Agent B I S N Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Vindelia (not fixed), Agent W and A Graham Co.

Massilia due about 8th January, Agent W and A Graham Co.

Clan Macmillan due about 27th December Agent J F Co.

Circassia due about 20th January Agent W & A Graham Co.

Olympia due about 5th February Agent W & A Graham Co.

City of Batavia (not fixed) Agent K M Co.
Clan Colquhun (not fixed), Agent J F Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Martenfels due about 16th December, Agent W and A Graham Co.

Goldenfels due about 25th December, Agent W and A Graham Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Moorkerk due about 21st December, Agent E D Sassoon Co.

Reederkerk due about 12th January, Agents E D Sassoon Co.

Konderkerk due about 3rd February Agent E D Sassoon Co.

FROM HULL.

Vigo due about 13th December, Agent J F Co.

Othello (not fixed), Agent J F Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Anssa due about 26th December Agent L T Co.

FROM NEW YORK.

Strathlorne due about 2nd December, Agent W and A Graham Co.

City of Benares (not fixed), Agent W and A Graham Co.

FROM KOBE, ETC.

Lima Maru due about 28th December, Agent N Y K.

Ryugin Maru due about 31st December Agent O S Kaisha.

Penang Maru due about 3rd January Agent N Y Kaisha.

Argun Maru due about 25th December Agent O S Kaisha.

FROM CHINA.

Soudan due about 30th December, Agents B and O S N Co.

Kaiser-i-Hind due about 11th January, Agents P and O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN.

Karoa due about 16th December, Agents B I S N Co.

Karagola due about 30th December, Agents B I S N Co.

Trematon (not fixed) Agent B I S N Co.
Karapara (not fixed) Agent B I S N Co.

EXPORTS.

December 20.

S S Kashmir for London—1000 cwt Indian caseins, The Carter Mfg. Co., 99 cwt linseed oil cakes expella The Alliance T Co., 3 bales tanned skin, M H Kaderbuk, 5 bales Goat's skin, S Mocherbaksh; 5 bales cow hides, Ladhabhoy Tharesia; 2 packages hoinerdoshery, Thos. Cook and Sons; 6 pots, Palma rosa oil, Thos Cook and Sons; 100 cwt kang seed, T. Jamadas; 13 packages wearing apparel, Grindlay and Co., 3 cases sporting goods (for New York), Bombay Shipping Agency; 1 bundle lamb skin, H A Ebrahimoff; 30 bundle sample Indian cotton raw, Langley and Co., 12 bundle woollen carpets, P R Vallioff.

S S Kashmir for Hull:—4000 cwt castor seed, Rally Bros.

S S Kashmir for Antwerp—110 bales Indian raw cotton, Hirjee Nensey, 135 bales Indian raw cotton, Vardhaman Bros.; 50 bales hemp, A M Dooryaji.

S S Hohenfels for Hamburg:—19 cwt. Ind. gum, P Jamadar; 55 bales country cotton fly, D Bhanjee; 80 bales clean cotton fly, C Piraj; 4 cases cotton fly and waste sample, B Meyer; 55 bales Indian raw cotton, Birla Bros.; 8 bales Indian raw cotton, Rally Bros.; 330 bales Indian raw cotton G K Kaisha; 55 bales Indian raw cotton Bhaidas Cursondas; 110 bales Indian raw cotton, N Rajaram; 200 bales Indian raw cotton, Arjun Khimji; 110 bales Indian raw cotton, Japan Cotton T Co.

S S Hohenfels for Bremen:—36 bales Ind. raw cotton, Rally Bros.

S S Hohenfels for Rotterdam:—80 bales Akund cotton, B Gordhandas; 4 cases cotton fly, and waste sample, B Meyer; 140 bales Manila Rope, M Somjee; 150 bales country cotton fly, M Chaculal; 230 bales Indian raw cotton Japan Cotton T Co.

S S Hohenfels for Antwerp:—110 bales country cotton fly, B Karsondas; 5 bales country cotton fly, B Meyer; 55 bales Indian raw cotton, Arjun Khimjee; 110 bales Indian raw cotton, Rally Bros.

S S Hohenfels for Copenhagen—50 bales Rajpur hemp, T Dawoodbhoy and Co.

S S Hohenfels for Ghent—110 bales Indian raw cotton, Arjun Khimjee.

S S Elysia for Liverpool:—4 loose solid tyres Dunlop Rubber Co., 5 bales wool raw, B Kabree, 26 casks Indian condiments, M M Poonjiajee; 20 cwt Indian curry powder, M M Poonjiajee; 3 empty cylinders, The Bombay Ammonia Ref. Stores Co.; 26 bales Africa cotton raw, C Parekh and Co.; 70 bales clean cotton waste, T Laxmidas and Co., 10 bales Indian raw cotton Khimji Vishram; 17 bales Indian raw cotton, Rally Bros.; 20 bales hemp D M Doongaji; 79 bales wool raw, Anglo Siam Corporation.

S S Elysia for Glasgow:—2 cases Kashmir wood carvings, Cox's Shipping Agency.

S S Elysia for Marseilles—30 bales Indian raw cotton, Khimji Vishram;—2000 cwt ground nuts, Volkart Bros. 134 cwt mustard seed, Volkart Bros.

S S Gudrum Maersk for Genoa:—750 tons Angles and Plates, Gulam Hosein Essaji, 155 bales clean cotton fly, C. Piroj; 1200 bales Indian raw cotton, Madhavdas Amerally.

S S Gudrum Maersk for Barcelona—125 bales Indian raw cotton, Rally Bros.; 230 bales Indian raw cotton, Vurdhaman Bros.; 110 bales Indian raw cotton, Arjun Khimji.

S S Gudrun Maersk for Marseilles:—1500 tons Manganese ore James Finlay and Co.

S S Tevere for Trieste—55 bales Indian raw cotton, Volkart Bros.; 550 bales Indian raw cotton, G K Kaisha; 339 bales Indian raw cotton, Vurdhaman Bros.

S S Tevere for Venice—330 bales Indian raw cotton, Volkart Bros.; 330 bales Indian raw cotton, Vurdhaman Bros.

S S Slovost for Ghent—330 bales Indian raw cotton, Japan Cotton T Co, 550 bales Indian raw cotton Louis Dreyfus.

S S Slovost for Antwerp:—55 bales Indian raw cotton, Birla Bros.;

S S Slovost for Hull:—14000 cwt cotton seed, Volkart Bros.; 4200 cwt rape seed, Rally Bros. 1000 cwt kurdi seed, Rally Bros.; 495 cwt Indian maize, 34000 cwt cotton seed, Rally Bros.

S S Egremont for New York:—Indian chutney, Framji Navroji; 265 cask Goat's skin, Mohamed Hossein Alibux;; 100 bales Indian raw cotton, Rally Bros.

S S Egremont for Philadelphia—66 bales wool, Shamjee Mal; 76 casks Goats skin, Briesky and Co.

S S Egremont for Barcelona150 bales Indian raw iotton, Rally Bros.,

S S City of Calcutta for Liverpool—100 bales country cotton fly, The Indo-Japan Cotton Co.

S S City of Calcutta for Manchester—2 cases Diamond blowes Tubs, etc., Cox's Shipping Agency; 1 case brass bolts Cox's Shipping Agency; 25 cases cotton twist Edward Sassoon Mills.

S S Domala for Antwerp:—2250 tons manganese ore, Cox's Shipping Agency.

S S Umlore for Middlesbro:—1200 tons manganese ore, W and A Graham; 2000 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon.

S S Tremiton for Dunkirk—2000 tons manganese ore, Cox's Shipping Agency; 440 bales Indian raw cotton, Japan Cotton T. Co., 3500 cwt Indian linseed, Rally Bros.

SS Clan Monroe for Antwerp:—400 tons manganese ores F Ruttanchand.

S S Castel Porziano for Genoa:—200 bales Indian raw cotton, Rally Bros.

S S Texere for Trieste or Venice—650 bales Indian raw cotton, Volkart Bros.

S S Andes Maru for Osaka—900 bales Ind. raw cotton, Rally Bros.; 100 bales Indian raw cotton, Ozu Burin; 500 bales Indian raw cotton, T M Kaisha; 2000 bales Indian raw cotton, G K Kaisha.

S S Andes Maru for Kobe—500 bales Indian raw cotton, Ozu Burin; 500 bales Indian raw cotton, Volkart Bros.; 1000 bales Indian raw cotton, G K Kaisha.

S S Andes Maru for Yokkaichi—1000 bales Indian raw cotton, T M Kaisha.

S S Baron Crowder for Kobe—1500 bales Indian raw cotton, G T Kaisha.

S S Baron Crowder for Osaka:—1500 bales Indian raw cotton G K Kaisha.

S S Mirzapur for Osaka:—200 bales Indian raw cotton, T M Kaisha; 600 bales Indian raw cotton Ozu Burin

S S Mirzapore for Kobe—800 bales Indian raw cotton, T M Kaisha.

S S Wakasa Maru for Osaka—300 bales Ind. raw cotton, Ozu Burin.

S S Wakasa Maru for Nagirka—200 bales Indian raw cotton Japan Cotton T Co.

S S Wakasa Maru for Shanghai:—100 cwt. gum Arabic A C Patel and Co.

S S Wakasa Maru for Hongkong—50 cwt. khismiss, R Monjee and Co.

IMPORTS.

December 20.

S S Liebenfels from Bremen. Agents W and A. Graham and Co.:—180 cases Beer, 788 casks cement, 20 cases Loocks, 125 cases slates, 565 D/bags Tiles, 36 bales ppaer, 108 drums Lignor medicia, 140 cases Pins, 81 cases Aniline colours, 1162 pieces steel plates, 3328 bundles steel, 884 bundles steel sheets, 100 bundles Iron wire, 1391 pieces angls, 173 bundles copper sheets, 24359 pieces steel bars, 13179 bundles steel bars.

From Antwerp:—170 pieces Angles, 2161 pieces joists, 400 coils wire, 450 bundles wire, 1750 bundles steel plates, 600 bundles steel rods, 209 bundles Iron Tubes, 673 pieces Iron Tubes, 39 cases Chocolates, 72 cases Syrup, 33210 pieces steel bars, 2941 bundles steel bars.

S S Barala from Basra Agents B I S N Co.:—6233 baskets wet dates, 461 bundles wet dates, 560 bundles Natal Dates, 3493 bundles skin dates, 28 bags drugs, 2570 bags wheat 3 bags Galls, 164 bags gum, 100 bags A. kernels 48 bags raisins, 2438 pieces old iron bars, 2 bundles attaree, 88 baskets H dates, 17 bundles carpets.

From Bushire—30 tin s/c pearls, 2 bundles specie, 2 bags specie, 5 bundles Ind. rupees.

From Bahrein:—1006 bags dry dates, 12 crates pangranets, 860 bundles wet dates, 17 cases assafatida, 43 boxes dates.

From Koweit:—18 bundles wool.

BRIGHT & CHEERFUL.

EVERY MORNING before breakfast take one TEASPOONFUL OF BURGOYNE'S FRUIT SALINE.

Burgoynes Universal Fruit Saline

RESULT:—
BRIGHT IN THE MORNING,
BRIGHT ALL DAY.

Pleasant to take, cooling, and keeps the stomach in order. See that it is "Burgoyne's," the House with over 180 years' reputation.

Of all Chemists and Bazaars throughout India.

MR. WALTER WHITE, BOMBAY AGENT FOR MESSRS. BURGOYNE BURBIDGES & Co. LTD.
EAST HAM, LONDON E.

CLOTHES MAKE THE MAN
BUT WE MAKE THE CLOTHES.
SPECIAL OFFER.

Serge Suit Complete Rs. 45/- only.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

The Shri Krishna Stores Co., Ltd.
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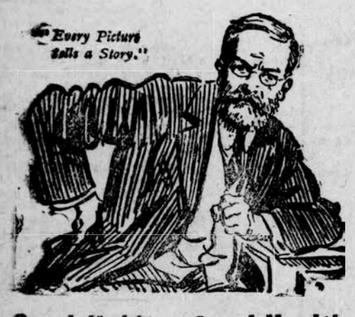

Good Habits—Good Health.

Ill-health never comes without a cause. If people over-eat, over-work, smoke too much, take alcoholic drink to excess, keep late hours and take no healthy out-door exercise, they must expect ill-health.

Bad habits load the blood with poisonous uric-acid which clogs and weakens the kidneys. For the kidneys act as blood filters; when healthy they filter impurities from the blood, but they weaken if overstrained. Weak kidneys mean weak filtering which lets the harmful uric-acid back into the system. This is the cause of backache, urinary troubles, dizziness, unnatural drowsiness, loss of flesh, dropsical tendency, inflammation of the kidneys or bladder, rheumatic pains and nervousness.

Good habits induce good health by reducing uric-acid and relieving the kidney strain. Let Doan's Backache Kidney Pills help in this respect; they strengthen weak kidneys, soothe the urinary channels and regulate the bladder; they succeed even in stubborn cases of renal-dropsy, rheumatism, stone, and similar uric-acid ailments. The use of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, when needed, is in itself a good habit; you could not make a wiser start than with this special kidney medicine.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are Rs. 2 per bottle; 6 for Rs. 10-8; obtainable from all dealers.

Wonderful Foretelling

Wonderful future events for 1 year with full Character Delineation costs Re. 1 only: 5 years' reading Rs. 3. Send time and date of birth or time of writing the letter.

Mr. Placid A. Soris writes from Nawara Eliya, Ceylon, on 7th May 1922:—I also tried another Astrologer in Holland, but I had not in my life-time experienced a better Astrologer than you.

Apply to THE EASTERN ASTEOLOGICAL HALL, VIZAGAPATAM.

SLEEPLESSNESS

due to excessive heat, overwork, worry or anxiety, is promptly overcome by Phenalgin. Instead of sleepless, restless, age-long nights, a few doses of

PHENALGIN

will restore tranquility to the overwrought nervous system and ensure calm, refreshing slumber with freedom from headache or irritability on rising. Phenalgin is not depressing and is therefore safe as well as certain.

Supplied in bottles containing 36 x 5 gr. tablets, with full directions, by all chemists.

Sole Agents:—
E. T. PEARSON & Co. Ltd.
Manufacturing Chemists, Mitcham, Eng.

FOOTBALL.

SCOTTISH ASSN. CUP DRAW.

LONDON, Dec. 19.

The draw for the first round proper of the Scottish Association Cup to be played on January 26th is as under:—

St. Mirren vs. Beith, Alloa vs. Buckie Thistle, Bathgate vs. Boness, Johnstone vs. East Fife, Inverness Caledonians vs. Cowdendeath, Falkirk vs. Brechin City, Coldstream vs. Armadale, Galston vs. Gala Fairy Dene, Dunkeld and Barram vs. Partick Thistle, King's Park vs. Hamilton Acas, St. Bernard vs. Fraserburgh, Kilmarnock vs. Celtic, Dundee vs. Dykes Head, Third Lanark vs. Hearts, Glasgow Rangers vs. Loch Gelly, Newton Steward vs. East Stirling, Hibernian vs. Dundee United, Blairgomrie vs. Clydebank, the Vale of Leven vs. Leith, Breadladane vs. Motherwell, Dunfermline vs. Abbroath, Aberdeen vs. Dumbarton, Ayr United vs. Albion Rovers, Stenhousemuir vs. Clackmannan, Mid Annandale vs. Forbes Mechanics, Inverness Thistle vs. Forfar Athletic, Thornhill vs. Clyde, Moor Park vs. St. Johnstone, Queen's Park vs. Dumbarton, the Queen of South vs. Stranraer, Airdrieonians vs. Morton.—Reuter.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Thursday, 20th December.

The temporary appointment of an Additional Superintendent of Police for the district of Ahmedabad, held by Mr. D. B. Judge, is extended up to the 29th February 1924 (inclusive).

Mr. G. Y. S. Farrant, M.C., to act as District Superintendent of Police, West Khandesh, vice Mr. J. A. Coghlan, M.C., proceeding on leave.

The undermentioned Magistrates of the First Class in the district of Surat are empowered to exercise the powers contemplated in section 8 (1) of the Act:—Mr. M. S. Jayakar, Mr. M. B. Lalaji, Rao Saheb R. P. Kagalwala, Mr. D. R. Desai, Mr. C. U. Patel, Mr. J. A. R. Cama.

Mr. R. S. Bavdekar, I.C.S., to be Supernumerary Assistant Collector, East Khandesh, pending further orders.

Mr. J. R. Hood, I.C.S., to act as Collector of Sholapur, vice Mr. C. W. A. Turner, I.C.S., on deputation, pending further orders.

Mr. Joseph Dyas to act as Superintendent of Salt and Excise, Poona Sub-division, vice Mr. F. A. Ingle, retired.

Mr. W. G. Barrin to act as Superintendent of Salt and Excise, Thana Sub-division, vice Mr. G. L. Steele.

With effect from 10th December 1923, Mr. G. Wiles, I.C.S., to be Secretary to Government, Finance Department, vice Mr. G. E. Chatfield.

Dr. Miss E. B. Hollway, to act as First Physician, Cama and Albless Hospital, Bombay, with effect from the 15th October 1923, during the absence on leave of Dr. Miss E. Turner-Watts, M.D., B.Sc. (Lond.).

HEALTH OF BOMBAY.

During the 50th week of 1923 i.e. the week that ended on the 15th instant the total mortality 654 was 12 less than in the preceding week; the death-rate registered was 27.87. These figures compare favourably with those for the 50th week of 1922 when the mortality was 679 and death-rate 29.41 and with those for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium (1918-22) when the average mortality was 848 and death-rate 41.48.

The number of deaths from Influenza during the week was 1 and that from diseases of the Respiratory System 223 as against 2 and 236 respectively in the preceding week. Out of the total deaths, 170 were among infants under one year of age; 15 deaths occurred among recent arrivals from the mofussil who at the time of their death had resided for less than ten days in the City.

Cholera was absent during the week. Small pox caused 4 attacks (including 1 imported from Goa) and 2 deaths. Plague was absent during the week. The number of live births registered during the week was 520 as against 531 for the 50th week of 1922 and 449 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1918-1922.)

INDIAN SOCIAL CONFERENCE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, Dec. 19.

The 35th Indian National Social Conference meets at Poona on December 29th and 30th. Dr. R. P. Paranjpye is the Chairman of the Reception Committee and Mr. G. C. Bhate, Principal, Willingdon College, Sangli, will preside.

"Sunstar"

will start his Course Finels 6 or 7 horses of which

3 WIN

Call at ORIENT HOTEL or see me on Course.

Last season 51 Won, 54 Lost.

RACE TIPS

Out of my selections I had given last Saturday the following horses came:—

WIN

Commander, All Clear, White Rose, Tarvie, Troilus, Aquilegia, Margaret Joyce.

PLACE

Last Call, Arman, Mashook, Grey Renard, Talma, Neaptide, Southern, Beauty, Summerton, Allensmore.

If you wish to be profited this time please follow my selections which I take by FORM COMBINED WITH ASTROLOGY.

Tips will be available on race day after 10-30.

Price Rs. ONE only.

S. MANDALI
Empire Hindu Hotel, Bori Bunder.

BINOCULARS.

GOERZ. 9 Magnifications in excellent condition. Buyer will be given a good thing for Saturday.

Rs. 90/-

Apply 129,
GREAT WESTERN BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

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RESOLUTIONS IN ASSEMBLY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Dec. 19.

Haji Wajihuddin has given notice of three resolutions to be moved at the forthcoming meeting of the Legislative Assembly, one of which recommends the enactment of a uniform legislation for the whole of India by which the question of dissolution of marriages, restoration of conjugal rights and divorce of Mahomadans may be decided by competent Mohamadans to be specially appointed for the purpose.

Another resolution demands the discontinuance of the system of marking intermediate and third class compartments on all Indian railways as reserved for Europeans and Anglo-Indians.

A third resolution suggests the following measures for the convenience of Indian passengers; (a) increase in number of passenger trains, where necessary, to avoid over-crowding, (b) introduction of intermediate class where not already provided, (c) adequate supervision of Hindu and Mahomadan watermen at small stations to provide drinking water for passengers, and (d) provision of Hindu and Muslim refreshment rooms at principal stations.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK.

Standing crops are in fair to good condition except in parts of Deccan, Karnatak, Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country States where they are suffering for want of sufficient moisture. Cotton crop slightly damaged by frost in parts of Sind. Harvesting and threshing of kharif crops continues. Picking of cotton is in progress in parts of Sind, Deccan and Kathiawar. Supply of water for drinking was generally sufficient. Water for irrigation was adequate except in parts of Gujarat. Supply of fodder was generally adequate except in parts of Nawabshah, Broach, Satara, Belgaum and Dharwar districts and Kathiawar, Baroda, Palanpur, Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country States. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition. Prices of food grains were fluctuating. The quantities purchaseable per rupee were as follows:—

Sind 3 per cent. above normal to 50 per cent. below normal.

Percentage below normal.

Gujarat	..... 21 to 45
Konkan	..... 30 to 43
Deccan	..... 26 to 45
Karnatak	.....42 to 46

BOMBAY TRADE UNION CONGRESS.

A DEPUTATION TO MEET GOVERNOR.

In connection with the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Conference, a deputation consisting of Mr. Joseph Baptista, president, Mr. N. M. Joshi, Vice-President, Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla, Hon. General Secretary, and ten members will wait upon H. E. the Governor of Bombay on 4th January 1924 at 11 a.m. at Government House, Bombay.

WELL-BEING OF INDIA.

BENGAL CHAMBER'S SOLICITUDE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 18.

His Excellency the Viceroy lunched to-day with the members of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce. Mr. W. L. Carey, President of the Chamber, in proposing the toast of the Viceroy's health, in course of his speech said,

As a Chamber we have watched with the greatest interest the progress of your administration seeing that it has fallen to you to conduct the Government of the country under the changes and changing conditions of the reforms almost from their commencement. We wish to take this opportunity of congratulating Your Excellency on the just and firm yet sympathetic handling of a situation which at the time of your arrival was by no means so stable as it appears to be to-day. This result has been obtained chiefly owing to the methods by which your Excellency and your Government have dealt with each charging situation as it arose.

PROTECTION OF VESTED INTERESTS.

Although there may be many things which we elder residents regret in the altering condition yet I am sure, sir, you may take it from me that the reform will continue to be loyally tried out under the fresh conditions daily arising and we trust that they will be adhered to whatever politically or commercially crops out of them and out of the various present commissions and enquiries not forgetting our friends the Tariff Board. We rely on it that it will be a form of government suited to the safe and stable and efficient carrying on of the country and to the protection of the interests, essential to the well being of India, which now exist so that they may continue in security the development which is advantageous to the country and the Empire. These need to be protected from any danger of hasty or ill-advised legislation.

"ESSENTIAL TO THE COUNTRY."

In this connection may I make a passing reference to the Service Commission now touring India. Various services are essential to the country and we are sure all right thinking Indians recognise this with gratitude and would not desire to see their discontinuance. As a Chamber of Commerce what we require of this Commission and of your Excellency's Government and of the Secretary of State is that whatever recommendations may be made they shall be of a nature definitely assuring of stability for carrying on of the business of the country and its safeguarding. I cannot sit down without expressing the view which I think is shared by all members of the Chamber that the outlook in India at the present time, not forgetting the results of these last elections, is yet not unhopeful and we therefore wish your Excellency a continuance of good fortune and the success of your administration.

A TEMPORARY STATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

TRICHINOPOLY, Dec. 19.

Arrangements have been made to open a temporary station for passengers at the level-crossing between Gangikondam and Tinnevelly. A limited train service for passengers is run between Maniyachi and the temporary station.

An agricultural and industrial Exhibition has been organised by the Pratarpeker Institute of Agriculture at Belgaum which will be opened on the 23rd December.—A. P.

TIPSTER'S PHENOMINAL SUCCESS.

Those who patronised me for the 2nd Extra will certify that I gave them the following card.

THREE WINS

To be backed Win and Place

ALL CLEAR, TARVIE, AQUILEGIA.
TIPS ON THE COURSE.

WINS

COMMANDER—WHITE ROSE.

THREE PLACES.

Lady Cleopatra, Allensmore, Arman
On the course I gave Dayspring as Lady Cleopatra Scratched.

WIN DOUBLE.

Aquileiga and All Clear

PLACE DOUBLE.

Fitzclarence and Grey Reynard.
The former placed third in a field of seven runners.

Special Rs. 50/- Tip

MONEY REFUNDED IF WRONG.
TROILUS.
Four clients bought this tip.
SPECIAL PLACE QUADRUPLE.
Rs. 50/-
This came off also three buying.

Next Saturday
22nd December,
USUAL TIP CARD
Rs. 10/-

Special Xmas Tip Card
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A MORAL CERT.

Tipster challenges anyone to beat his results. He does not tip 32 horses in 8 races, but only gives you three wins and three places outright.

DONT FORGET IF YOU WANT TO MAKE MONEY COME TO

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BAKEHOUSE LANE,
BOMBAY.

See that your Ayah gives baby

Allenburys

The 'Allenburys' Foods for Infants are invaluable in the prevention of infantile diarrhœa and cholera. They are entirely free from harmful germs, and are quickly and simply prepared by the addition of boiling water.

MILK FOOD No. 1 *Birth to 3 months* **MILK FOOD No. 2** *3 to 6 months*

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Of all Chemists, Stores, etc.

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Here are a few selections from our wide range of winter clothing. They are all made from LALIMLI PURE WOOL and are warm, strong, smart in appearance and moderate in price. Hardwearing suits and overcoats for the men, cosy, attractive garments for the ladies, warm, "comfy" little articles for the kiddies, servants clothing and coverings for horses and dogs.

GLANCE AT THE LIST BELOW AND SEND FOR SAMPLES NOW.

MENS CLOTHING

Lounge Suits ...	...	From Rs.	50 12	Overcoats ...	...	From Rs.	39 4
Sports Coats ...	...	,,	29 4	Coats Warm British Officers Pattern ...		,,	36 8
Blazers ...	...	,,	33 0	Knitted Woollen Waistcoats		,,	13 4
Grey Flannel Trousers	...	,,	21 0	Sweaters ...	...	,,	8 8
Flannel Sleeping Suits	...	,,	26 0	Coat Sweaters	...	,,	12 0
Dressing Gowns	...	,,	40 8	Undervests ...	...	,,	7 12

LADIES CLOTHING

Costumes ...	...	From Rs.	43 0	Knitted Cloaks	...	From Rs.	44 0
Blanket Coats	...	,,	39 0	Knitted Dresses	...	,,	30 0
Dressing Gowns	...	,,	39 4	Knitted Costumes	...	,,	42 0
Knitted Jumpers	...	,,	21 0	Undervests...	...	,,	8 4
Coat Sweaters	...	,,	22 4	Combinations	...	,,	15 4

CHILDRENS CLOTHING

Jerseys ...	...	From Rs.	4 4	Girls Knitted Coats	...	From Rs.	18 0
Jersey Suits ...	...	,,	14 8	Girls Undervests	...	,,	4 12
Girls Jerseys & Pleated Skirts		,,	15 0	Girls Combinations	...	,,	9 0

SERVANTS CLOTHING

Achkans	...	From Rs.	14 8	Knickers	...	From Rs.	6 0
Chapkans	...	,,	15 8	Pyjamas	...	,,	6 12
Ayahs Coats	...	,,	11 8	Jerseys	...	,,	3 2
Syces Coats	...	,,	11 12	Cardigans	...	,,	4 4
Chauffeurs D.B. Coats & Jodhpores		,,	29 8	Socks ...	...	,,	1 2
				Putties per pair. ...		From Rs.	1 14

HORSES CLOTHING

Newmarket Quarterpieces	From Rs.	17	0
Jhools of Sacking Material lined Grey Blanketing	,,	12	0

DOGS CLOTHING

Jhools ...	...	From Rs.	2	4

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ZANGI Rs. 6-4

Latest Improved Fountain Pen never leakes, blots or stops and always runs smooth on any paper.
Order any style V P on 7 days' approval. Calender Clip annas 8 a doz. ZANGI Inklets As. 8. Pens Repaired and Exchanged ZANGI PEN AND INK MANUF ACURING Co. 19 Nai Sarak DELHI
TESTIMONIALS—ZANGI has faultlessly and faithfully served me for the last 5 or 6 years—Budhi Ballab, Accountant, Nainital
2 ZANGI bought in 1917 works very satisfactorily even now. Please send one more ZANGI, Medium Broad—S G Pillai Mudivon Madras Presidency.
3. The 3 ZANGI pens have proved to be of very good type workmanship. Please, send per setura 2 more:—W. F. St. Gore, Railway Stores, Iraq.

THE ALANDI FAIR.

WORK OF THE RADIANT CLUB AMBULANCE DIVISION.

Alandi is a place of pilgrimage in the vicinity of the Poona City and the Fair is held on the 10th, 11th and 12th day of Kartik Vadya in honor of one of the five saints of Maharashtra who according to tradition, contributed to its regeneration. This saint is Dynaneshwar and the fair is held in commemoration of the Samadhi taken by him at Alandi. A small shrine has been erected in his honour and the pilgrims from different parts of Southern India flock to the place during the fair. On the occasion of the fair the rush of pilgrims is great and the need for sanitary precaution and other social services is pressing. The Radiant Club Ambulance Section of the St. John Ambulance Overseas Brigade, has been doing useful work every year at the fair.

A squad of 20 men under the supervision of the Divisional Officer and the Surgeon Dr. G. S. Vazkar, L.M. & S. as usual proceeded to Alandi and distinguished itself by its attention to the conveniences of the pilgrims and alleviate suffering among them. The squad left Bombay on the 2nd instant and returned on the 6th idem. Its activities during the period of its visit were confined to rendering useful guidance and direction in the march of the pilgrims to the shrine and helping them to obtain proper opportunities to pay their homage. Having regard to the rush of pilgrims, who numbered about 80,000 the work of the squad needs greater and substantial recognition at the hands of the charitably disposed public. In the discharge of its duty. The squad was ably assisted by the police and the sympathies of the President of the Municipality in its efforts lightened the task of the squad.

SOCIAL SERVICE BY THE POONA SEVA SADAN.

While the Conference of the Social Service Workers was having its sittings in Bombay under the distinguished presidentship of Dr. Annie Besant a batch of ladies from the Poona Seva Sadan was engaged at Alandi in rendering actual service to a very large number of women pilgrims that annually visit the shrine of the famous saint-Dnyaeshwar Maharaja. As last year eve on the present occasion Mrs. Ramabai Ranade herself headed the contingent of the women volunteers, who numbered about 20. Of these about 10 were ladies who are members of the ladies club addition to these 8 lady volunteers from Hingane joined this batch; thus altogether 28 ladies did service at the entrance, that was specially reserved for women pilgrims. It is worth noting that this spirit of social service has been gradually spreading itself even among pilgrims, inasmuch as whenever any additional help was required many of the women pilgrims would gladly come forward to assist the batch. General capacity of the ladies for sustained work can be well judged when it is borne in mind that on the 10th and 11th of the month of Kartik—the two main days on which there is a great rush of pilgrims—the lady volunteers had to stand at their post for more than eight hours a day. What is further to their credit, they did the service without showing slightest signs of fatigue or weariness. Mrs. Ranade naturally wish that women, belonging to younger generations should come forward to render such service; and there is no doubt that there will be a fitting and encouraging response to her call hereafter. Women in Maharashtra and other distant parts of India who visit Alandi for the 'Darshana' of the Great Saint, have every reason to be thankful to these lady volunteers; and it must be said that they are not slow to express their sense of gratefulness in a variety of ways.

It may be added that the Municipal arrangements for the general sanitation and for the purification of water supply, etc., were satisfactory. Mr. P. D. Kulkarni, President of the Municipality rendered every possible help to the ladies, who were thus enabled to discharge their arduous duties most cheerfully.

In the notorious Lamkote dacoity which was even reported to Parliament eight more dacoits have been arrested.—A. P.

Professors Ghanshyam and Jhamatmal Lakhasing, who were formerly editors of the "Hindu" of Hyderabad (Sind), have been released.—A. P.

Gandhi Day was celebrated at Karachi and Hyderabad by the sale of khadi by Congressmen, processions and meetings.—A. P.

"Swarajya" writes.—"We understand that by a firman of H. E. H. the Nizam it has been ordered that no copy of "Swarajya" should be allowed into the Hyderabad State."

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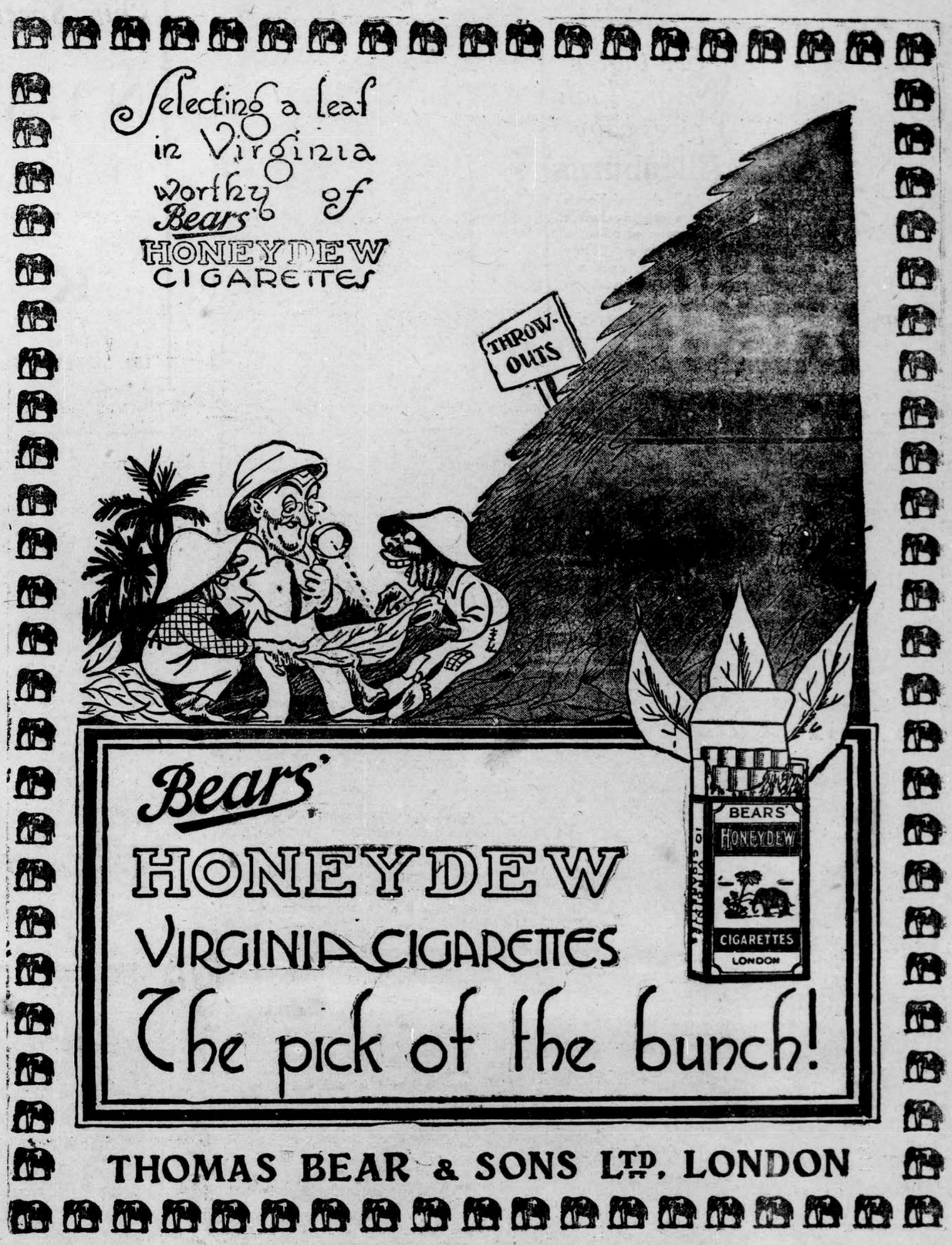
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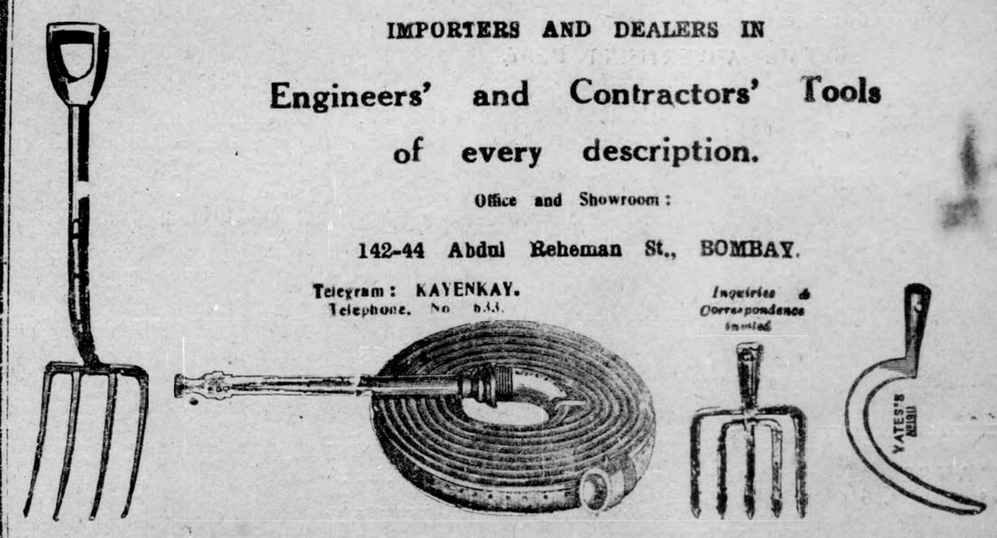

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